



Atlanta Police Department – Standard Operating Procedure			
	APD.SOP.3040 – Weapons Effective Date: March 25th, 2025		
Chief Darin Schierbaum	Signature by: DS	Date Signed: 3/25/2025	Expires:2029

SIGNIFICANT CHANGES

APD Staff,

The Policy and Standards Section is dedicated to providing the department, and its employees, with accurate, understandable and transparent policies. In order to publish policies that reflect the most up-to-date standards, the Policy and Standard Section regularly reviews all policies to ensure that they are reflective of the current mission and objectives of the Atlanta Police Department.

Several changes were made during the review and renewal of APD.SOP.3040 - Weapons and APD.SOP.3042- CEW, to include merging the two policies together. Due to the merger of the two policies, along with the changes in language to bring this policy up to date with standard practices and legislation, we ask that you please read the policy in its entirety.

Thank you and stay informed!

Policy and Standards Section
Planning, Research, and Accreditation Unit



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1. PURPOSE

To establish the policies and procedures for authorizing, issuing, and maintaining lethal and less lethal weapons.

2. POLICY

All sworn employees will carry and use only those lethal and less lethal weapons and/or ammunition authorized by the Atlanta Police Department under the terms of this directive.

3. RESPONSIBILITIES

- 3.1 The Chief of Police is responsible for determining the lethal and less lethal weapons that will be authorized and issued to sworn employees of the department.
- 3.2 Division and Section Commanders are responsible for ensuring that sworn employees under their command are in compliance with this directive.
- 3.3 All supervisors are responsible for ensuring that sworn employees under their command are in compliance with this directive, inspecting issued or approved weapons and taking immediate corrective action when necessary.
- 3.4 Sworn employees are responsible for complying with this directive.
- 3.5 The Training Section Commander is responsible for ensuring that all training meets department and Georgia Peace Officer Standards and Training Council requirements. The Training Section will also be responsible for the storage and maintenance of all training records. (CALEA 6th ed. Standard 4.3.3a)
- 3.6 The Firing Range Supervisor is responsible for planning, implementing and conducting all firearms training on the firearms courses approved by the Training Section Commander. Moreover, the Firing Range Supervisor or his/her designee will inspect all department issued or approved firearms, and service them when necessary.
- 3.7 The Firing Range Supervisor is responsible for the procuring of all firearm(s), pistols, patrol rifles and shotguns, for issuance to APD personnel. These weapons will only be purchased by the Firing Range Supervisor, or member(s) of the range staff that have been directed to do so by the Firing Range Supervisor.
- 3.8 The Training Section will document and maintain training records for employees as it concerns authorized weapons. Records will be maintained for one year after the employee separates from the department. (CALEA 6th ed. Standard 4.3.1e)
- 3.9 The Logistics and Supply Unit Commander is responsible for issuing replacement Oleoresin Capsicum canisters and authorized ammunition to employees.

4. ACTION

4.1 DEPARTMENT-ISSUED PISTOLS

- 4.1.1 The Firearms Training Unit will conduct firearms training annually to ensure that all sworn employees demonstrate proficiency with the issued service pistol and other authorized firearms. Employees who fail to qualify or do not demonstrate adequate proficiency in weapons operation and safety will be placed in a non-enforcement status. Within forty-five (45) days of being placed in a non-enforcement status, the employee will be scheduled for remedial training and given a

minimum of five (5) attempts to pass the course. Employees who fail to qualify will remain in a non-enforcement status and be required to complete the fifty-six (56) hour Recruit Mandate Firearms Training Course with the next scheduled class. Upon successful completion, the employee will return to full duty. In the event that the employee does not achieve one passing score during Recruit Mandate Firearms Training, the employee will be recommended for termination. (CALEA 6th ed. Standard 4.3.3c)

- 4.1.2 All sworn employees are authorized to carry the department issued Glock model 17 or department issued Glock model 45 pistol with weapon mounted optic and light both on duty and off duty. Sworn employees will carry department issued pistols only after they have been trained by a certified instructor and demonstrated proficiency to the Training Section. (CALEA 6th ed. Standards 1.2.2, 4.3.1a, and 4.3.2)
- 4.1.3 Only department issued ammunition will be carried and/or used in department issued firearms. Department approved ammunition is the 9mm caliber firearms is the 147-grain copper jacketed bonded hollow point. (CALEA 6th ed. Standard 4.3.1)
- 4.1.4 Uniformed employees while on duty will carry their department issued duty pistol in a department approved holster as their primary firearm.
- 4.1.5 Non-uniformed employees while on duty will carry their issued or approved pistol in a manner that allows the weapon to be secure and easily accessible for immediate use.
- 4.1.6 Modifications to department issued pistols are prohibited. This prohibition includes but is not limited to affixing of any decals, engravings, painting, or marking to any part of the weapon.
- 4.1.7 It is prohibited to use the weapon-mounted light on the firearm as a flashlight, if the circumstances do not permit the use of the firearm.
- 4.1.8 Department issued pistols will be inspected by a qualified weapons instructor or armorer prior to being issued to employees and thereafter at least annually. Inspections will be made to ensure weapons have been properly maintained and have not been altered or modified. (CALEA 6th ed. Standard 4.3.1c)

4.2 PERSONALLY OWNED OR OTHER ISSUED FIREARMS

- 4.2.1 Uniformed sworn employees may carry a department-approved personally owned or city issued firearms as a secondary weapon while on duty. The weapon must be concealed and may only be carried after meeting the initial and annual, qualifying standard. (CALEA 6th ed. Standard 1.2.2, 4.3.1a, 4.3.2, and 4.3.3a)
- 4.2.2 Non-uniformed sworn employees while on duty may carry their department approved personally owned or other issued firearms in a manner that allows the weapon to be secured and easily accessible for immediate use. (CALEA 6th ed. Standards 1.2.2 and 4.3.1c)
- 4.2.3 If a personally owned firearm is in need of repair, it will be repaired at the officer's expense and returned to the APD Firing range for re-inspection. All employees must successfully complete the department's basic firearms training for the personally owned or city issued firearm
- 4.2.4 Sworn employees may request to carry any .38 caliber revolver, any Smith and Wesson 9mm revolver, or any departmentally approved .380, 9mm, or .40 semi-automatic pistol. (CALEA 6th ed. Standard 1.2.2 and 4.3.1a)
- 4.2.5 Sworn employees, who are carrying a firearm to an out-of-state destination, will be governed by departmental policy and federal law (H.R. 218, "The Law Enforcement Officers Safety Act of 2004").

4.2.6 The Training Section staff will document on Form APD-713 those sworn employees who obtain a qualifying score on personally owned or other issued firearms. The original will be maintained by the Training Section, and copies will be distributed to the employee, the employee's section file, the employee's personnel file, and OPS. (CALEA 6th ed. Standard 4.3.3b)

4.2.7 Employees who have qualified with a .380 sub-compact handgun will not carry that handgun as their primary handgun unless they are operating in an undercover capacity where operations would be compromised by the presence of larger caliber firearms.

4.3 OLEORESIN CAPSICUM (O.C.) SPRAY

4.3.1 Sworn employees will carry a department-issued O.C. gas canister only after they have been trained by a certified instructor and have demonstrated proficiency to the Training Section. Refresher or update training will occur at least biennially. The department-issued O.C. gas canister will be inspected by a trained instructor prior to being issued to the officer. (CALEA 6th ed. Standard 1.2.2, 4.1.4, 4.3.1a, 4.3.2, and 4.3.3a)

4.3.2 The department approved O.C. is Bodyguard LE-5 (5% pepper spray, 2 million Scoville Heat Units, 13.3% Capsaicinoids). (CALEA 6th ed. Standard 4.3.1a)

4.3.3 The following guidelines should be followed with respect to O.C. use:
(CALEA 6th ed. Standard 4.1.4)

1. O.C. should not be used in a department vehicle.
2. O.C. will not be used when the subject has been successfully restrained and in custody or is otherwise under control.
3. Employees will advise Dispatch "Code 20" or that they've deployed O.C Spray as soon as possible
4. Officers will use caution while in contact with the subject to avoid cross contamination.
5. Officers will secure the subject while the subject is experiencing the effects of the O.C Spray deployment.
6. Any affected persons should be removed from the contaminated area as quickly and safely as possible.
7. Sworn personnel deploying a chemical agent will make a reasonable effort to decontaminate exposed persons once the situation is under control. Decontamination may include exposure to fresh air, flushing the eyes with fresh water, or requesting the assistance of EMS at the scene to evaluate the need for further treatment. Officers will reassure subjects that symptoms are temporary and attempt to relieve anxiety by talking to subjects. (CALEA 6th ed. Standard 4.1.5)

4.3.4 Employees may use O.C. on an animal that presents a real and immediate danger to the employee or other persons if there are no other humane means to control the animal. If the animal exhibits signs of distress, Animal Control must be contacted. (CALEA 6th ed. Standard 4.1.4)

4.3.5 Supervisors will inspect the O.C. canisters quarterly to ensure that any problems with the canister are addressed immediately. (CALEA 6th ed. Standard 4.3.1c)

- 4.3.6 Employees will obtain replacement O.C. canisters from the Logistics and Supply Unit after any discharge of O.C., regardless of the amount of O.C. used. Employees will also obtain replacement O.C. canisters for expired, damaged canisters or canisters with broken seals.

4.4 PEPPERBALL MUNITIONS

- 4.4.1 PepperBall munitions are designed to be used for direct impact or area denial and will only be used by trained personnel. PepperBall munitions are to be used to assist with incidents that pose a threat to citizens, officers, or property and to force suspects to stop violent behavior, disperse violent crowds, or to physically incapacitate non-compliant, violent suspects in order to safely approach and apprehend them.
- 4.4.2 Sworn employees must be patrol rifle certified to carry, deploy and operate PepperBall munitions.
- 4.4.3 Employees will only carry the PepperBall VKS Launcher with the following munitions, and only after they have been trained by a certified instructor, demonstrated proficiency to the Training Section.

Approved Munitions:

1. PepperBall permanent marking VXR and ball rounds
 2. PepperBall LIVE-X VXR and ball rounds
 3. PepperBall LIVE-MAXX VXR and ball rounds
- 4.4.4 The following guidelines should be followed with respect to PepperBall deployment:
1. Barring exigent circumstances, trained personnel will seek a supervisor's approval prior to deployment. However, the authorizing supervisor is not required to be present at the scene to authorize the deployment of a PepperBall launcher.
 2. Persons will not be intentionally targeted to the head, face, neck, groin, or spine, unless lethal force would otherwise be justified.
 3. When targeting structures, munitions should be fired using trajectory to minimize injury to subjects inside the location.
 4. Where feasible, verbal commands should be used with the deployment of PepperBall munitions.
 5. Where practical, cover and/or concealment should be used when deploying PepperBall munitions.
 6. Where practical, PepperBall munitions should be use as part of a team with lethal coverage.
- 4.4.5 Trained personnel deploying PepperBall munitions will make a reasonable effort to decontaminate exposed persons once the situation is under control. Decontamination may include exposure to fresh air, flushing the eyes with fresh water, or requesting the assistance of EMS at the scene to evaluate the need for further treatment. Officers will reassure subjects that symptoms are temporary and attempt to relieve anxiety by talking to subjects. (CALEA 6th ed. Standard 4.1.5)

4.5 EXPANDABLE BATON

- 4.5.1 Sworn employees will carry the department issued expandable baton (21" fully expandable ASP Baton) in a department approved scabbard, only after they have been trained by a certified instructor and demonstrated proficiency to the Training Section. (CALEA 6th ed. Standard 4.3.1a)
- 4.5.2 Refresher or update training will occur at least every two years. The department issued expandable baton will be inspected by a trained instructor prior to being issued to the officer. (CALEA 6th ed. Standards 1.2.2, 4.1.4, 4.3.1a, 4.3.2, and 4.3.3a)
- 4.5.3 Expandable Batons are equipped with a glass-break tip to assist in breaking glass. Employees will ensure that the end cap and tip cover are properly tightened and secured.
- 4.5.4 Expandable Batons may be opened "to the sky", "to the ground", or by pulling the tip open until it clicks. Batons will be closed by firmly pressing the button on the end cap and pushing down.

4.6 SHOTGUNS

- 4.6.1 All sworn employees are authorized to carry the department issued shotguns after they have been trained by a certified instructor and demonstrated proficiency to the Training Section. The department issued shotgun is the Remington Model 870 pump-action shotgun. Only 12 gauge "00" buckshot will be used. Refresher or update training will occur at least annually. (CALEA 6th ed. Standard 4.3.1a, b; 4.3.2, and 4.3.3a)
- 4.6.2 Shotguns will only be carried in department vehicles equipped with an approved shotgun mount. Employees are responsible for the safe operation and security of the shotgun. The following guidelines should be followed:
 - 1. Shotguns will be considered ready for duty when the safety is on, the magazine is loaded to capacity, the chamber is empty, and it is locked in the gun mount.
 - 2. The shotgun will remain locked in the gun mount at all times unless removed in accordance with this directive.
 - 3. The shotgun may be removed if there is a reasonable expectation of an encounter with a suspect(s) armed with a weapon or as necessary and appropriate to accomplish lawful objectives.
 - 4. The shotgun will be removed from the gun mount only after notifying a dispatcher and a supervisor.
 - 5. Shotguns will only be carried and used in a manner consistent with training provided by the Training Section.
- 4.6.3 Shotguns will be removed from department vehicles at the end of each watch. Shotguns are not to be stored in vehicles.
- 4.6.4 Ammunition will be unloaded in compliance with Shotgun training.

4.7 PATROL RIFLE

- 4.7.1 An officer must receive a minimum passing score without remediation, on the firearms qualification course with their Department-issued firearm at the previous year's In-Service Firearm Training to be eligible to carry a patrol rifle. Officers who have not yet attended annual in-service may attend

patrol rifle training provided they did not require remediation during their firearms training as a recruit.

- 4.7.2 Sworn personnel who have not completed the department approved training course, for the patrol rifle program, are ineligible to carry, use, or discharge a patrol rifle while on-duty or while working a department approved extra job. (CALEA 6th ed. Standard 4.3.2)
- 4.7.3 Upon completing the annual patrol rifle training requirements, as set forth by the Firearms Training Unit, officers must be able to qualify and demonstrate proficiency, with their department approved patrol rifle. Failure to maintain annual patrol rifle proficiency will result in the revocation of an officer's certification to carry the patrol rifle.
- 4.7.4 Authorized sworn personnel of the department may elect to purchase and carry a department approved patrol rifle that meets the specifications and guidelines outlined in this written directive.
- 4.7.5 The Firearms Training Unit will be responsible for inspecting and approving all personally owned patrol rifles to ensure compliance with this directive. (CALEA 6th ed. Standard 4.3.1c)
- 4.7.6 The only department authorized rifle is a factory standard AR platform rifle, full gas impingement, semi-automatic, .223 caliber rifle, with 5lbs minimum trigger pull, equipped with iron sights, and barrel length must be 16" to 20". In addition, the only ammunition authorized in the patrol rifle is the department issued .223 caliber 64 grain soft point bullets. (CALEA 6th ed. Standard 4.3.1a, b)
- 4.7.7 Officers authorized to carry patrol rifles are permitted to attach and use department approved optics, light systems additional accessories.
- 4.7.8 Officers carrying patrol rifles with optics, light systems and/or accessories must qualify with their rifle in their desired configuration. Optics must not interfere with the ability to use iron sights.
- 4.7.9 Sworn employees assigned to the SWAT unit, Airport Section, Fugitive Unit, Narcotics Unit, APEX, and HIDTA are authorized to carry and use the factory standard AR platform rifle, gas operated, semi-automatic or select fire, .223 calibers short Barrel Rifle once the employee has been trained by a certified department firearms instructor and has demonstrated proficiency to the Training Section. Sworn employees are required to re-qualify on an annual basis.
- 4.7.10 The Chief of Police may determine at his or her discretion what other units are authorized to carry and use the AR platform, Short Barrel Rifles
- 4.7.11 An officer's patrol rifle must be transported in an approved carrying case in the trunk of their patrol vehicle or the rifle mount inside of the vehicle.
- 4.7.12 An officer's patrol rifle will be considered "patrol ready" when the rifle's safety is on, the chamber is empty/clear, the action is closed, and a loaded magazine (thirty round maximum) is seated in the magazine well. In addition, the patrol rifle must have a departmentally approved sling attached and officers must have additional magazines readily available for use.
- 4.7.13 When deploying their patrol rifle, Officers must advise a supervisor, "31R" over radio. Supervisors are not required to be present at the scene.
- 4.7.14 In exigent circumstances, whereby an officer deploys their patrol rifle without advising over radio, the officer must advise as soon as the situation permits.
- 4.7.15 Officers will only chamber a round into their patrol rifle when the rifle is being deployed for actual use.

- 4.7.16 Officers certified to carry patrol rifles are authorized to deploy their rifles when the circumstances would reasonably require the use of a long gun.
- 4.7.17 Officers who fail to meet the qualifying standard with their pistol before remediation must turn their patrol rifle in to the Range.
- 4.7.18 Officers who failed to meet the qualifying standard with their pistol must wait one-year and meet the qualifying standard before re-entry into the patrol rifle program.
- 4.7.19 Officers who are patrol rifle certified, but failed to meet the qualifying standard are prohibited from carrying, deploying and operating city issued or personally owned patrol rifles on-duty and extra jobs.

4.8 SAFEGUARDING FIREARMS IN VEHICLES

- 4.8.1 Department issued firearms will not be left unsecured in personally owned vehicles, city vehicles, or Patrol Vehicles.
- 4.8.2 Sworn employees will store their department issued firearms in a lock box, or with a steel cable through the trigger guard to a fixed point of the vehicle, not visible to the public.
- 4.8.3 Long guns (rifles, shotguns) will be secured in a rack, welded down lock box or in the trunk of personally owned, city, or Patrol Vehicles.
- 4.8.4 All sworn personnel assigned to all divisions will face a minimum three (3) day suspension and incur the cost to replace their weapon (maximum \$500) if they fail to follow department guidelines stated in this directive and properly secure their weapon when left in an unattended vehicle.

4.9 CONDUCTED ELECTRONIC WEAPONS (CEW)/TASER

- 4.9.1 Only Officers who have completed the Training Section's approved certification course of instruction on the carry, use, and maintenance of the CEW will be authorized to carry and use the device. Sworn employees will be required to attend and pass re-qualification annually. (GPAC, 6th ed. standard 1.17, CALEA 6th ed. standard 4.3.3)
- 4.9.2 All training of sworn personnel in the carry, use, and maintenance of a CEW will only be conducted by instructors that have successfully completed the CEW manufacture's Instructor, Advanced Instructor, or Master Instructor courses and hold one of these levels of the CEW manufacturer's instructor certification.
- 4.9.3 Officers will complete a function test per their training prior to their shift. If the officer receives an error message or finds damage to the device or experiences deployment issues, they must notify the Training Academy, or supervisor immediately.
- 4.9.4 Officers will change the battery in their CEW once a week if there are no deployments to ensure the firmware is updated.
- 4.9.5 Prior to the deployment of the CEW, the officer has the responsibility to visually and physically confirm that the use of force tool selected is their CEW.
- 4.9.6 When feasible, the operator should utilize the CEW to de-escalate the incident by "painting" the suspect with the laser prior to deployment and giving verbal commands. These de-escalation tactics are meant to gain compliance prior to deployment of the CEW.

Officers may also use the audio “Warning Alert” by pressing the selector switch in an upward motion to illuminate the device’s flashlight and deliver a loud alarm sound.

- 4.9.7 Officers will verbally coordinate with each other on who will deploy the CEW and who will act to take the subject into custody. When feasible, an announcement should be made to other personnel on the scene that a CEW is going to be activated. Only one officer will deploy the device unless the deployment is unsuccessful. (CALEA 6th ed. standard 4.1.4)
- 4.9.8 After a successful deployment, officers will holster their CEW and handcuff the subject under power. The CEW will not be used as coercion in the questioning or interrogation of a subject.
- 4.9.9 Unless exigent circumstances exist that endanger the safety of the officer, suspect, or third party the CEW will not be deployed against:
 1. Handcuffed subjects
 2. Subjects actively running on foot from officers on hard surfaces or rugged terrain,
 3. Visibly pregnant women, the elderly, small children, or visibly frail persons.
 4. Subjects in control of a vehicle in motion (e.g., automobiles, trucks, motorcycles, ATVs, bicycles, scooters)
- 4.9.10 CEW operators should only deploy CEW Probes in the targeted areas outlined by the manufacturer and never be intentionally deployed at the head, genitals, or chest.
- 4.9.11 After the subject has been secured and placed in custody, the primary officer will:
 1. Notify Radio dispatch and their immediate supervisor of the CEW deployment. The officer will do this by announcing over the radio, “**Code – 20T.**”
 2. Advise Radio dispatch to start Grady EMS and/or Atlanta Fire Rescue (AFR) to the scene. (CALEA 6th ed. Standard 4.1.5, State Law Enforcement Certification Program, 6th ed. Standard 1.19)
 3. The officer will not remove the probes from any subject. All probe removal will be conducted by EMS, AFR, or medical personnel.
 4. The deploying officer will return to the precinct, dock their CEW battery and insert a new one.
 5. The deploying officer will NOT review the uploaded data prior to completing any reports regarding the incident.
 6. Officers will complete their incident report prior to pulling in for service.
 7. Upon completion of the data upload and all required reports, the officer will go to the Property Unit to be issued replacement probes for their CEW.
 8. The responding supervisor and primary reporting officer on the scene of the CEW deployment will ensure the call is pulled in by Radio Dispatch, **Code 17T.**
 9. Supervisors should ensure officers have their CEW inspected by training academy staff if an unintended deployment of the CEW occurs.

- 4.9.12 Supervisors are required to physically respond to the scene of a CEW deployment and collect demographic information of the involved citizen and deploying officer. When responding to deployments by extra job officers working in their zone, the supervisor will instruct the deploying officer to report to that zone's precinct to initiate the Use of Force Report, complete the initial Use of Force report on Axon Standards, and route the report to the deploying officer's chain of command.

4.10 WEAPONS FOR SPECIALIZED UNITS AND TASK FORCES

- 4.10.1 Along with the standard equipment issued to all police officers listed above, SWAT officers may be assigned to carry additional weapons. For a complete list of weapons and equipment that may be issued to SWAT officers refer to APD.SOP.4040 "Special Operations Section," section 4.8.6.
- 4.10.2 Employees assigned to task forces or other multi-jurisdiction units are authorized to carry the weapons and any other specialized equipment issued by that task force or agency in accordance with the task forces or agencies policies and procedures, provided that the employee receives written permission from their section commander.
- 4.10.3 Each employee or supervisor will send the request for use of another agency's weapons or specialized equipment through their chain of command. The section commander will approve or deny the request. The section commander is the sole authority for the final approval or denial. The approval or denial will be in writing and will be kept in the employee's personnel file. The request and the section commander's determination can be completed in memorandum form.
- 4.10.4 The employee will qualify with the weapon with the other agency's training staff or designated personnel. The employee will maintain the qualification as long as he uses or is issued the specialized equipment or weapon.
- 4.10.5 A copy of the qualification or letter indicating the qualification will be kept in the personnel file of the requesting employee.
- 4.10.6 Each weapon or specialized equipment will require a separate request.
- 4.10.7 Failure to adhere to any of the actions or responsibilities will result in the immediate cancellation of the approval by the section commander and may result in action being taken for violations of departmental procedures.

4.11 SUPERVISORS

- 4.11.1 Department issued firearms and magazines will be inspected for damage, cleanliness, and compliance with this directive by unit commanders or line supervisors on a quarterly basis.
- 4.11.2 During inspections the following guidelines must be adhered to:
1. Firearms inspections will take place in roll call formation.
 2. The magazine will be released from the firearm before the firearm is removed from the holster. The magazine will not be inserted back into the firearm until the firearm has been secured in the holster.
 3. When removed from the holster, the firearm will always be pointed toward the ground.
- 4.11.3 Supervisors will inspect the weapon and the magazine(s) to ensure that any problems with the firearm are addressed immediately. Officers will not be able to report for duty until their firearm passes inspection.

5. DEFINITIONS

Oleoresin Capsicum (OC): An aerosol container of chemical spray (non-flammable propellant and base), which contains 5% cayenne pepper.

CEW/Taser: A less lethal device that uses electrical current to override an individual's central nervous system for a brief time.

6. CANCELLATIONS

APD.SOP.3040, "Weapons", effective December 8, 2021.
APD.SOP.3042 – CEW -- Archived

7. REFERENCES

APD.SOP.3185, "Active Shooter"
APD.SOP.4040, "Special Operations Section"

H.R. 218, "The Law Enforcement Officers Safety Act of 2004"
14 CFR 108.219 (Federal Register, Vol. 66, 27330)

Georgia Code 17-4-20

Commission on Accreditation for Law Enforcement Agencies (CALEA) 6th ed. Standards 1.2.2, 4.1.4, 4.1.5, 4.3.1, 4.3.2, and 4.3.3.