Policy 1108



DUI/DWI ARREST PROCEDURES Date Published Page 9 February 2021 1 of 22

By Order of the Police Commissioner

POLICY

It is the policy of the Baltimore Police Department (BPD) to arrest and charge persons who violate the Alcohol and/or drug related subtitles of the Maryland Transportation Articles (see Appendix A, Primary DUI/DWI Violations). Members who arrest and charge these persons must ensure that sufficient probable cause exists to support such charges. Any test for Alcohol concentration, whether of breath or blood, shall not be the sole basis for arrest and charging but shall be supported by the member's observations of the driver, the driver's operation of a vehicle or Vessel, and the results of any field sobriety testing that may be conducted.

CORE PRINCIPLES

Constitutional Stops. Members may conduct a brief vehicle stop for a traffic violation when the member has probable cause to believe that the driver has committed a traffic violation. The stop may last no longer than the time reasonably required to issue a citation for the violation, which includes the time to run the necessary license, computer and warrant checks. If the member has reasonable articulable suspicion of a DUI or DWI, the stop may last as long as necessary to establish or dispel the reasonable articulable suspicion of the DUI or DWI.

Procedural Justice. Procedural justice refers to the perception of fairness in an encounter. Members shall treat all persons with dignity and respect, give persons a voice during encounters, be impartial in their decision making, and convey trustworthy motives.

Non-Discriminatory Policing. Members shall not consider demographic category (including but not limited to race, ethnicity, national origin, religion, gender, sexual orientation, age, disability, gender identity or expression, or affiliation with any other similar identifiable group) as a factor in conducting a vehicle stop. See Policy 317, *Fair and Impartial Policing*.

Public Safety Purpose. Members shall engage in DUI/DWI enforcement for public safety purposes and not for the purposes of making an arrest. Consistent with the prohibited actions for investigative stops and BPD's community policing priorities, members may not target specific locations or prior drivers for DUI/DWI to establish reasonable articulable suspicion for a stop.

DEFINITIONS

Alcohol – As defined in Maryland law, Alcohol is any substance or substances containing any form of Alcohol, including ethanol, methanol, propynol, and isopropynol.

Alcoholic Beverage – As defined in Maryland law, an Alcoholic Beverage is any spirituous, vinous, malt, or fermented liquor, liquid, or compound that contains at least 0.5% Alcohol by volume and is fit for beverage purposes.

Competent Evidence – Legally admissible evidence that tends to prove a particular allegation. In DUI/DWI enforcement, Competent Evidence can include a member's observations of illegal, unsafe, or unusual operation of a vehicle. Signs of intoxication, impairment in a driver's speech, physical appearance, and results of standardized field sobriety tests are considered signs of Competent Evidence as well.

Drug Recognition Expert (DRE) – A law enforcement member with specialized training who has been nationally certified to recognize impairment in drivers under the influence of drugs other than, or in addition to, Alcohol, and to identify the category or categories of drug(s) causing the impairment.

Implied Consent – Any person who drives or attempts to drive a vehicle, including a commercial vehicle, on a highway or on any private property used by the public in general, is deemed to have consented to take, as appropriate, either a test of breath or blood to determine Alcohol concentration when a member has reasonable grounds to believe the person is impaired by Alcohol, a controlled dangerous substance, or any combination thereof.

Member should note a person may not be compelled to take either test for Alcohol concentration, except in a case where the person is involved in a collision that results in the death of, or life-threatening injury to, another person.

Per Se – A legal phrase meaning an act is inherently illegal. As applied to DUI/DWI enforcement, "Per Se" refers to occasions where certified testing of a sample of a person's blood or breath reveals an Alcohol concentration greater than or equal to that specifically stated in the law.

Standardized Field Sobriety Tests (SFST) – A set of three tests administered to a person by a law enforcement member and evaluated in a standardized manner so as to obtain validated indicators of impairment and assist in establishing probable cause for arrest. The three tests are: Horizontal Gaze Nystagmus (HGN); Walk-and-Turn (WAT), and; One-Leg Stand (OLS).

Vessel – A watercraft bigger than a rowboat.

DIRECTIVES

Required Action

Member

- 1. The stopping of any vehicle or Vessel by a BPD member is considered a vehicle stop, which is a seizure under the Fourth Amendment and therefore it is subject to constitutional limitations.
 - 1.1. The stop shall only last as long as needed to establish or dispel reasonable articulable suspicion of a DUI or DWI, to issue a citation for the violation if warranted, and to run the necessary license, computer and warrant checks.
 - 1.2. If after the stop the member develops reasonable articulable suspicion of criminal activity, the member may extend the stop until the reasonable articulable suspicion is either confirmed or dispelled.

- 1.3. All BPD members must follow the directives in Policy 1112, *Field Interviews, Investigative Stops, Weapons Pat-Downs & Searches* regarding required actions and mandatory documentation for vehicle stops.
- NOTE: As with any traffic stop, the member must activate their BWC at the onset of the interaction and shall not deactivate the body-worn camera (BWC) until the completion of the stop or arrest. See Policy 824, *Body-Worn Camera*.
- 2. Upon observing a driver whose behavior indicates that they are under the influence of Alcohol or drugs, develop the necessary probable cause prior to placing a person under arrest for any DUI/DWI violation. Probable cause requires facts and circumstances both that the person is operating the vehicle and that they are under the influence of Alcohol or another substance. Elements contributing to probable cause can include:
 - 2.1. Observations that a vehicle is being operated in an unusual or illegal manner, such as excessive speed, driving too slowly, swerving, striking a fixed object, or making sudden starts and stops.
 - 2.2. Signs or physical indicators that the operator of a vehicle is impaired by, or under the influence of, Alcohol, drugs and/or CDS, such as stumbling, slurring, odor of Alcohol, flushed face, blood shot eyes, among others.
 - 2.3. Evidence observed within a vehicle while speaking with the driver such as open Alcoholic Beverage containers or CDS.
 - 2.4. The results of SFST.

<u>NOTE</u>: No single element is sufficient for probable cause.

- NOTE: The signs of Alcohol impairment are often similar to the symptoms of a health condition. The member should assess whether the person may have a health condition, or be having a negative reaction to prescription medication that warrants medical attention.
- 3. When sufficient probable cause exists that the driver was operating a vehicle while under the influence, place the driver under arrest. Note the time at which the arrest is made for use in determining breath or blood test time limits.
 - 3.1. A breath Alcohol test must be administered within two hours of the time the driver is arrested.
 - 3.2. A blood sample taken when only impairment by Alcohol is suspected must be taken within two hours of the time the driver is arrested.
- NOTE: Prior to attempting to obtain a blood Alcohol test, all members shall contact the Crash Team for notification and guidance.
 - 3.3. A blood sample taken when impairment by drugs or CDS is suspected must be collected from the driver within four hours of the time the driver is arrested. This blood sample may only be ordered by a certified DRE.
- 4. Medical treatment must always take priority over investigative efforts.

- 4.1. If a member is assigned to handle a traffic crash or other traffic related call for service and in so doing makes observations that lead them to suspect an involved driver is under the influence of, or impaired by, Alcohol and/or CDS, DUI/DWI enforcement efforts must not interfere with the prompt rendering of medical aid.
- <u>NOTE</u>: If the involved driver is transported to a hospital, a breath Alcohol test may no longer be administered. Only a blood test may be administered, regardless of whether or not the driver is admitted to the hospital.
 - 4.2. If the driver indicates or the member otherwise has reason to believe that the driver has a health condition, including a possible adverse reaction to prescription medication, impacting their impairment, the member should seek immediate medical attention.
- 5. If there is a language barrier, the member shall request a Qualified Bilingual Member to assist in providing language access. If one is not available, or if time constraints do not allow for one to arrive promptly, the member shall use the Language Line to communicate with the driver. See Policy 1735, Language Access Services for Limited English Proficient (LEP) Persons.
- 6. Obtain a central complaint number from the police dispatcher for all required reporting.
- 7. In accordance with Policy 902, *Towing Procedures*, arrange for the release of, or impounding of, the driver's vehicle.
- 8. Determine if the driver has a valid license and any open arrest warrants.
 - 8.1. If the driver's privilege to drive is not valid (e.g., they have a State soundex number identification only), or is suspended or revoked, note this information and refer to it later when completing Form DR-15A, Member's Certification and Order of Suspension (see Appendix C).
- 9. Transport the driver to a location that has been designated as the site where a breath Alcohol test will be administered, in accordance with Policy 1114, *Persons in Police Custody*.
 - 9.1. In general, this will be the front lobby of the Central District.
 - 9.2. If the testing equipment at the Central District is unavailable, or if no Crime Laboratory Technician or certified breath test operator can be located within the necessary time frame to administer the test, consult with a permanent-rank supervisor as to transporting the driver to another police agency's station, precinct, or barrack, for use of that agency's testing equipment.
- 10. Upon arrival at the testing site, read Form DR-15, Advice of Rights (see Appendix B) to the driver in its entirety. Do not skip or shorten any sections. The form must be read word-for-word to the driver.
 - 10.1. If after Form DR-15 has been read to the driver, the driver chooses to consult with an attorney prior to consenting to the breath Alcohol test or DRE examination, member will allow the driver to consult with an attorney.

- 10.1.1. This consultation can include an in-person meeting at the testing site with the attorney, and the attorney can actually administer an informal breath test to the driver with a device such as a Preliminary Breath Test (PBT).
- 10.1.2. Regardless of how the driver/attorney consultation occurs, it cannot interfere with the two-hour time limit. If the time limit expires due to the driver's request to consult with an attorney, or if the consultation itself continues long enough for the time limit to expire, either of these circumstances is considered a refusal.
- 11. Complete the Officer's Observation Report, Form 94/54 (see Appendix F). Retain the yellow copy for the case folder and place the white copy in the Crime Scene Science's tray at the testing site.
- 12. If the driver consents to the breath Alcohol test, have them sign where necessary on Form DR-15, then contact the Crime Scene Science/Evidence Section or the police dispatcher, and request a Crime Laboratory Technician or certified breath test operator respond to administer the breath test.
 - 12.1. If the member believes that the person is impaired by a substance other than Alcohol, they shall request the assistance of a DRE. The member shall request a DRE via the Shift Commander, Communications Section.

Refusal to Consent to Breath/Blood Test

- 13. If the driver refuses to consent to the breath Alcohol test, or if the driver appears unable to understand the DR-15 due to their suspected level of intoxication/impairment and therefore cannot give a clear answer:
 - 13.1. Consider either case to be a refusal.
 - 13.2. Attempt to have the driver sign where necessary on Form DR-15. If the driver refuses to sign, or if they are unable to sign, mark the form accordingly.
 - 13.3. Confiscate the driver's Maryland Driver's License if it is in their possession.
- NOTE: Arresting members may only confiscate a Maryland Driver's License. A driver's license issued by any other state, territory, etc., may not be confiscated.
 - 13.4. Complete Form DR-15A, Officer's Certification and Order of Suspension.
 - 13.4.1. If the driver does not have their Maryland Driver's License at the time of arrest, ensure that the sections entitled "Surrender of Driver's License" and "Driver's Certified Statement" on Form DR-15A are completed properly.
 - 13.5. Record the "Control Number" printed at the top-right of the Form DR-15A on the appropriate line at the bottom-right of the Form DR-15.
 - 13.6. Attempt to have the driver sign where necessary on Form DR-15A. Use the following items to determine whether or not the driver will be issued a Temporary Driver's License:

- 13.6.1. If the driver is willing to sign Form DR-15A as directed, and you have verified they have a valid driver's license, both the member and the driver must sign where indicated under the section entitled Temporary Driver's License on Form DR-15A.
- 13.6.2. If the driver refuses to sign Form DR-15A, OR if the member has determined that the driver does not have a valid driver's license, do not issue a Temporary Driver's License to the driver.
- NOTE: Do not issue a Temporary Driver's License via Form DR-15A if the driver's license is not valid or is suspended and/or revoked.
 - 13.6.3. If the driver's suspected level of intoxication/impairment leaves them unable to sign, consider this a refusal to sign.
- 14. Distribute copies of the various forms as follows:
 - 14.1. Give the driver the "Driver" copy of both Form DR-15 and Form DR-15A. If they meet the criteria described, the "Driver" copy of Form DR-15A will serve as their Temporary Driver's License.
 - 14.2. Make a copy of Form DR-15, Advice of Rights, for the case folder.
 - 14.3. Place the following documents in the DWI REFUSAL tray at the testing site:
 - 14.3.1. White copy of Form 94/54, Officer's Observation Report;
 - 14.3.2. Officer copy of Form DR-15, Advice of Rights; and
 - 14.3.3. Law Enforcement copy of Form DR-15A, Officer's Certification and Order of Suspension.
- NOTE: Do not send any DUI/DWI Refusal paperwork to the Crime Scene Science/Evidence Section.
 - 14.4. Place the following documents into the postage-paid envelope attached to the back of the Form DR-15A packet:
 - 14.4.1. The driver's Maryland Driver's License, if one was confiscated;
 - 14.4.2. The MVA copy of Form DR-15, Advice of Rights; and
 - 14.4.3. The MVA copy of Form DR-15A, Officer's Certification and Order of Suspension.
 - 14.5. Immediately following the completion of the DUI/DWI process, deposit this envelope in any United States Postal Service mailbox.
- 15. In accordance with Policy 906, *Traffic Citations*, issue all appropriate citations. Mark all citations as "Must Appear" and either have the driver sign each one, or mark the bottom of each as "Defendant Arrested."
- 16. Consider the following elements when evaluating what charge(s) will apply:

- 16.1. Did the violation involve only Alcohol?
- NOTE: If the driver refused to submit to a breath/blood test, §21-902 (a)2, "Driving/Attempting to drive vehicle while under the influence of Alcohol Per Se," cannot be charged. This "Per Se" violation requires the driver submit to an Alcohol concentration test and the test produce a result of 0.08 or higher.
 - 16.2. Did the violation involve a combination of Alcohol and drugs and/or CDS?
 - 16.3. Was the driver transporting a minor at the time of the violation?

Withdrawn Refusal to Consent to Breath/Blood Test

- 17. A driver who initially refuses to consent to a breath Alcohol or blood test may withdraw that refusal.
- 18. Members must provide a driver who withdraws their initial refusal with an opportunity to submit to a breath Alcohol or blood test, if the withdrawal of the initial refusal meets all of the following criteria:
 - 18.1. The withdrawal is unequivocal and is made by the driver alone;
 - 18.2. The withdrawal is not made at the insistence of, or upon the advice of, any BPD member;
 - 18.3. The withdrawal is made while the driver is still in the custody of the member, but not at a time where operational priorities of the BPD will be unreasonably impacted (e.g., DUI/DWI driver attempts to withdraw their initial refusal upon arrival at the Central Booking and Intake Facility (CBIF));
 - 18.4. The withdrawal does not interfere with the timely and functional administration of any test. Factors that define timely and functional can include:
 - 18.4.1. Whether a certified breath test operator is still available to administer the test;
 - 18.4.2. Whether the testing equipment is available;
 - 18.4.3. Whether the delay between the driver's initial refusal and subsequent withdrawal of that refusal has, or will, interfere with the administration of any test to another DUI/DWI suspect; and
 - 18.4.4. Whether or not the delay between the driver's initial refusal and subsequent withdrawal of that refusal has, or will, unreasonably interfere with other duties and assignments of the member, the certified breath test operator or Crime Laboratory Technician, who must administer any test.
- 19. DUI/DWI suspects may not withdraw their initial refusal if so much time has elapsed since they were taken into custody that:

- 19.1. Any required testing or evaluation cannot be completed within two hours for a breath test and four hours for a blood test, and/or
- 19.2. Any required breath and/or blood samples cannot be collected within the time limits established by law.
- NOTE: Members should consult with the Crime Laboratory Technician or a certified breath test operator in any case where there is a question of sufficient time remaining to honor a driver's withdrawal of their initial refusal.
- 20. If an driver withdraws their initial refusal after Form DR-15 and Form DR-15A have been marked as "REFUSED," and it is possible to administer the appropriate tests, the member will:
 - 20.1. Draw one single line through the refusal blocks on each form;
 - 20.2. Check the appropriate blocks to indicate the driver has consented to the testing; and
 - 20.3. Write their initials next to the changed portions on each form.

Breath Alcohol Test Result is 0.08 or Higher

If a driver consents to a breath Alcohol test which reveals a blood Alcohol content of 0.08 or higher:

- 21. Ensure the certified breath test operator who administered the test:
 - Completes the entire section entitled Certification of Test Technician or Analyst on Form DR-15A, to include their signature,
 - Completes their portions of MSP Form 33, Notification to Defendant of Result of Test for Alcohol Concentration (see Appendix D).
 - 21.3. Records the Central Complaint Number at the top-right of MSP Form 33.
- 22. The member will complete the remainder of Form DR-15A, and:
 - 22.1. Confiscate the driver's license, if they have one in their possession and it is a license issued by the State of Maryland.
 - 22.2. Determine whether or not the driver is eligible for a Temporary Driver's License. If a driver does not have a valid license, or their license is suspended/revoked, they are not eligible for a Temporary Driver's License.
 - 22.3. If the driver is eligible for a Temporary Driver's License:
 - 22.3.1. Have the driver sign the appropriate line on Form DR-15A under the section entitled Temporary Driver's License.
- NOTE: If the driver refuses to sign either line in that section, mark the line(s) as "REFUSED" and do not issue a Temporary Driver's License.

- 22.3.2. Provide the driver the "Driver" copy of the form and explain that it will serve as their Temporary Driver's License.
- 22.4. Copy the "Control Number" printed on the top-right of Form DR-15A onto the appropriate line at the bottom-right of Form DR-15.
- 23. Issue the following traffic citations:
 - 23.1. If applicable, any citation for any moving violation that may have provided an original justification for stopping the driver.
 - 23.2. The following DUI/DWI citations:
 - 23.2.1. §21-902-(a)1: Driving/Attempting to drive vehicle while under the influence of Alcohol.
 - 23.2.2. §21-902-(a)2: Driving/Attempting to drive vehicle while under the influence of Alcohol Per Se.
 - 23.2.3. §21-902-(b)1: Driving/Attempting to drive vehicle while impaired by Alcohol.
 - 23.3. If the driver's age is 18 20, inclusive, also issue the following citation:
 - 23.3.1. §16-113-(h): Driving vehicle in violation of restricted license requirement.
 - 23.4. Any other related citations from §21-902 of the Maryland Transportation Article that might apply.
- 24. Record the number of the primary citation on both Form DR-15A and MSP Form 33.
- 25. Place the following documents into the postage-paid envelope attached to the back of the Form DR-15A packet:
 - 25.1. MVA copy of Form DR-15.
 - 25.2. MVA copy of Form DR-15A.
 - 25.3. MVA copy of MSP Form 33.
 - 25.4. If applicable, any confiscated Maryland Driver's License.
- 26. Immediately following the completion of the DUI/DWI process, deposit this envelope in any United States Postal Service mailbox.
- 27. Make or retain copies of all DUI/DWI-related forms, test results, etc., for the case folder. Release to the operator of the testing equipment any copies that they request.
- 28. Transport the driver to the CBIF for booking, or follow the procedures outlined in the section of this policy, entitled Discretionary Release of DUI/DWI Violators.

Breath Alcohol Test Result is 0.07

If a driver consents to a breath Alcohol test which reveals a blood Alcohol content of 0.07:

- 29. Form DR-15A, Officer's Certification and Order of Suspension, is not needed. That form is used only for test results of 0.08 or greater.
- 30. On the bottom-right of Form DR-15, write "N/A" on the line entitled "DR-15A Control #."
- 31. If the driver holds a Maryland Driver's License, that license is not subject to a DUI/DWI-related confiscation.
- 32. Ensure the certified breath test operator who administered the test:
 - Completes their portions of MSP Form 33, Notification to Defendant of Result of Test for Alcohol Concentration.
 - 32.2. Records the Central Complaint Number at the top-right of MSP Form 33.
- 33. Make or retain copies of all DUI/DWI-related forms, test results, etc., for the case folder. Release to the operator of the testing equipment any copies that they request.
- 34. Issue the following traffic citations:
 - 34.1. If applicable, any citation for any moving violation that may have provided an original justification for stopping the driver.
 - 34.2. The following DUI/DWI citations:
 - 34.2.1. §21-902-(a)1: Driving/Attempting to drive vehicle while under the influence of Alcohol.
 - 34.2.2. §21-902-(b)1: Driving/Attempting to drive vehicle while impaired by Alcohol.
 - 34.3. If the driver's age is 18 20, inclusive, also issue the following citation:
 - 34.3.1. §16-113-(h): Driving vehicle in violation of restricted license requirement.
 - 34.4. Any other related citations from §21-902 of the Maryland Transportation Article that may apply.
- 35. Record the number of the primary citation on MSP Form 33.
- 36. Transport the driver to CBIF for booking, or follow the procedures outlined in the section of this policy entitled Discretionary Release of DUI/DWI Violators.

Breath Alcohol Test Result is Under 0.07

If a driver consents to a breath Alcohol test which reveals a blood Alcohol content of less than 0.07, there are two potential courses of action:

- 37. If the driver's breath Alcohol test reveals a blood Alcohol content between 0.02 and 0.06, and the member believes Alcohol is the only cause of the driver's impairment (i.e., the driver is displaying signs of impairment solely due to having consumed ONLY Alcoholic Beverages and NOT prescription drugs, CDS, etc. for example, has blood shot eyes, slurred speech, or is unable to stay awake):
 - 37.1. The driver may still be charged with DUI/DWI violations;
 - 37.2. The member will consider other Competent Evidence in determining whether the driver was impaired or under the influence of Alcohol;
 - 37.3. Other Competent Evidence will include, but is not limited to:
 - 37.3.1. Observations made during administration of SFSTs;
 - 37.3.2. Physical evidence observed at the scene; and
 - 37.3.3. Information recorded by the member on the Officer's Observation Report.
 - 37.4. The member's ability to articulate this Competent Evidence both in a Statement of Probable Cause and when testifying in court will be vital to their case.
 - 37.5. Issue citations for whatever DUI/DWI violations and other moving violations may be appropriate based on observations and Competent Evidence.
- <u>NOTE</u>: The member should err on the side of not charging in these cases, and require some particularized facts that, given the low blood Alcohol level, to support the decision to arrest (such as public safety or observation of dangerous behaviors.)
- 38. If the driver's breath Alcohol test reveals a blood Alcohol content between 0.00 and 0.06, and the member believes the driver is under the influence of prescription drugs/medication and/or CDS:
 - 38.1. Request a DRE via the Shift Commander, Communications Section as soon as possible;
- NOTE: Members should consider seeking the assistance of a DRE anytime a driver's breath Alcohol test results seem to be inconsistent with the level of physical impairment displayed by the driver.
 - 38.2. A DRE must be able to perform their evaluation of the driver and obtain a blood sample within four hours of the time the driver was taken into custody;
 - 38.3. If a BPD DRE is not available:
 - 38.3.1. The Shift Commander, Communications Section, will attempt to locate an onduty DRE in another jurisdiction; and
 - 38.3.2. If a DRE is located in another jurisdiction, but they cannot respond to the member's location, the member is required to transport the driver to the out-of-jurisdiction location for the DRE evaluation and blood work.

- NOTE: An arrest cannot be made unless a DRE responds and makes the determination of impairment based on probable cause, unless the member can articulate clear signs of intoxication and physical evidence to support the indication of substance use (e.g., presence of a pill bottle, needle, etc.). Members shall engage in DUI/DWI enforcement for public safety purposes and not for the purpose of making an arrest.
 - 38.4. Members are responsible for all non-DRE examination related paperwork.
 - 38.5. Issue any appropriate citations.

NOTE: Members shall consider possible health conditions and comply with Policy 1114, *Persons in Police Custody.*

Special Circumstance - Breath Alcohol Test Result is 0.27 or Higher

If a driver consents to a breath Alcohol test which reveals a blood Alcohol content of 0.27 or higher:

- 39. Obtain one extra set of test result print-outs from the certified breath test operator who administered the test;
- 40. Have the driver transported to the nearest emergency room to be examined for potential Alcohol poisoning;
- 41. Provide the hospital staff with the extra set of test result print-outs from the driver's breath Alcohol test; and
- 42. Complete the remainder of the driver's processing in accordance with the procedures given in the section of this policy entitled Breath Test Result is 0.08 or Higher.

Special Circumstance – Alcohol Restriction on License

If a driver consents to a breath Alcohol test which reveals a blood Alcohol content of 0.02 or more and the driver has an Alcohol restriction on their driver's license:

- 43. Carry out the procedure listed previously in this policy for the driver's breath Alcohol test results;
- 44. In addition, complete MVA Form DR-103, Certification of Police Officer Violation of Alcohol Restriction;
- 45. Issue citations for whatever DUI/DWI violations apply;
- 46. Issue any citations from *§16-113* of the Maryland Transportation Article that may apply, giving consideration to the following:
 - 46.1. §16-113-(h) prohibits driving a vehicle in violation of any license restriction, which includes the Alcohol restriction that all Maryland drivers under the age of 21 will have on their licenses
 - 46.2. §16-113-(j) prohibits driving or attempting to drive a vehicle in violation of a court order prohibiting a driver from driving or attempting to drive with any Alcohol in their blood. A

driver with multiple previous DUI/DWI convictions, an Ignition Interlock Device, etc., might have this restriction.

Discretionary Release of DUI/DWI Violators

- 47. Under most circumstances, members may release a driver upon issuance of the appropriate citations. Citation and release is encouraged in situations where there was no bodily injury or death and there is no ongoing risk to public safety. In exercising discretion as to releasing a driver with citations only, or processing them through CBIF, members must consider the best interests of public safety. Every person has a different tolerance for Alcohol consumption, so it is imperative that members give full consideration to the driver's current mental and physical state prior to any decision to release the driver. If there is any doubt as to the advisability of releasing a particular driver, the driver shall not be released.
- NOTE: Youth DUI/DWI drivers are never eligible for discretionary release and will always be processed through the Baltimore City Juvenile Justice Center (BCJJC).
- 48. An adult DUI/DWI driver may be released when all of the following criteria have been met:
 - 48.1. The identity of the driver is clearly established;
 - 48.2. The driver is mentally and physically suitable for release to a responsible and sober person;
 - 48.3. The driver has a responsible and sober adult able to respond in a timely manner to retrieve the driver; and
 - 48.4. Both the driver and the responsible parties are to be specifically cautioned against returning to the vehicle and allowing the driver to drive within 12 hours after the arrest.
- 49. Complete Discretionary Release of DWI/DUI Violators, Form 450 (see Appendix E), in addition to any citations/reporting related to the incident.
 - 49.1. Provide the driver with copy number one.
 - 49.2. Submit copy number two to your supervisor with all related BPD reporting.

Commercial Vehicle Driver

- 50. All members shall process the operator of a commercial vehicle in the same manner as any adult person operating or attempting to operate a vehicle while under the influence of Alcohol, drug(s) and/or CDS.
- 51. If the driver submits to a breath Alcohol test and the breath/blood Alcohol content is 0.08 or above, the member shall complete the required paperwork and citations, and check all appropriate blocks relating to Commercial Vehicles and/or Commercial Driver's License (CDL).
- 52. If the driver submits to a breath Alcohol test and the breath/blood Alcohol content is 0.07, the member and the Crime Laboratory Technician or certified breath test operator shall complete MVA Form DR-102, Certification of Police Officer Alcohol Test Result of 0.04 to 0.09 Commercial Motor Vehicle. The member might issue the following citations:

- 52.1. Driving, Attempting to drive vehicle while under the influence of Alcohol, TA 21902 (a)(1).
- 52.2. Driving, Attempting to drive vehicle while impaired by Alcohol, TA 21-902 (b).
- 53. If the driver submits to a chemical test and the breath/blood Alcohol content is between 0.04 and 0.07, the member and the Crime Laboratory Technician or certified breath test operator shall complete MVA Form DR-102. Issue the following citations:
 - 53.1. Individual, driving operating, or in physical control of commercial vehicle with any Alcohol concentration in blood or breath, TA 16-813 (a).
- 54. No person within 4 hours of going on duty, operating, or having physical control of a vehicle shall consume or possess an intoxicating beverage regardless of Alcoholic content, Motor Carrier Safety Inspection Regulations MR 392.5 (a).

Operator of Vessel

- 55. All members shall use the same arrest procedures for the operator of a Vessel who is found to be under the influence of, or impaired by, Alcohol, drugs or controlled dangerous substances, as that of an operator driving or attempting to drive a vehicle under the influence of, or impaired by, Alcohol, drugs or controlled dangerous substances, with the following exceptions:
 - 55.1. The defendant shall be given the opportunity to take the SFST on land after being given the opportunity to get reoriented to land in a timely manner.
- NOTE: This exception cannot interfere with the two-hour time limit to administer the breath Alcohol test.
- 56. Transport the defendant to the designated testing site to complete all paperwork. All citations shall be on Maryland Department of Natural Resources police standard forms and citations, when applicable.
 - 56.1. The Vessel will be properly secured and released to the owner or other sober and responsible adult per current established procedures of the BPD Marine Unit.
 - 56.2. As there is no requirement to possess a Maryland driver's license to operate a Vessel, the DR-15A will not be completed in any circumstance. No driver's license will be confiscated for charges of operating a Vessel under the influence/while impaired.
- 57. Contact the Marine Unit for assistance when necessary.

Supervisor

- 58. Ensure all reports and forms are accurately completed.
- 59. Ensure all procedures are followed before youth are released to parent or guardian.

Commanding Officer, Traffic Unit

- 60. Appoint with the approval of the Commanding Officer, Special Operations Section, a DRE Coordinator and a Sobriety Checkpoint Coordinator for the BPD.
- 61. The DRE Coordinator and Sobriety Checkpoint Coordinator shall be responsible for regular communications with the Traffic Unit Commander to receive directions and provide updates on their respective programs. Failure to do so will result in revocation of their coordinator status.
- 62. The DRE Coordinator shall be responsible for:
 - 62.1. Recruitment, training, scheduling and certification of all BPD DRE's and their equipment; and
 - Recruitment, training, and certification of all departmental SFST and their equipment and records.
- 63. The Sobriety Checkpoint Coordinator shall:
 - 63.1. Approve and ensure that Sobriety Checkpoint operations are conducted in a lawful manner; and
 - 63.2. Provide a Standard Operating Procedure for members participating in Sobriety Checkpoint operations.

Director, Crime Scene Science/Evidence Section

- 64. Ensure Form 54, the "Law Enforcement" Copy of the DR-15A, and the Officer's Copy of the DR-15 are collected from the member.
- 65. Send appropriate forms and Blood Test Kits to the Chemical Test Alcohol Unit, Maryland State Police.
- 66. When results of a blood Alcohol test are received from the Chemical Test Alcohol Unit, forward a copy to the arresting/charging member.
- 67. Submit a Requisition for Supplies, Form 128, including the appropriate individual Jurisdiction Code, to the Supply Unit, when requesting DR-15A books.
- 68. Ensure an adequate supply of Form DR-15, and any other required forms, are kept at the testing site in a secure location for accountability.

Crime Laboratory Technician/Certified Breath Test Operator

- 69. Upon request, respond to the testing site and administer the breath Alcohol test with the arresting/charging member present.
- 70. If the subject's breath Alcohol test results are .27 or higher, print out an additional copy of the breath Alcohol test results for the arresting member to be presented to medical personnel.
- 71. Ensure all forms are completed and signed by the driver. Assist the arresting/charging member

with any paperwork or forms pertaining to test results or refusals to take the tests.

72. Receive and prepare for analysis completed Blood Test Kits from arresting/charging members.

APPENDICIES

- A. Primary DUI/DWI Violations
- B. Advice of Rights, Form DR-15
- C. Officer's Certification and Order of Suspension, Form DR-15A
- State of Maryland Notification to Defendant of Result of Test for Alcohol Concentration, MSP Form 33
- E. Discretionary Release of DWI/DUI Violators, Form 450
- F. Officer's Observation Report, Form 94/54

ASSOCIATED POLICIES

Policy 902, Towing Procedures

Policy 905, Traffic Crash Investigation and Reporting

Policy 906, Traffic Citations

Policy 1112, Field Interviews, Investigative Stops, Weapons Pat-Downs & Searches

Policy 1114, Persons in Police Custody

RESCISSION

Remove and destroy/recycle Policy 1108, DUI/DWI Arrest Procedures, dated 3 January 2017.

COMMUNICATION OF POLICY

This policy is effective on the date listed herein. Each employee is responsible for complying with the contents of this policy.

APPENDIX A

Primary DUI/DWI Violations

§21-902-(a)1 Driving or Attempting to Drive Vehicle While Under the Influence of Alcohol.

§21-902-(a)2 Driving or Attempting to Drive Vehicle While Under the Influence of Alcohol Per Se - Driving or attempting to drive any vehicle with a breath or blood Alcohol concentration of 0.08 or more, as measured by grams of Alcohol per 210 liters of breath or grams of Alcohol per 100 milliliters of blood.

§21-902-(b)1 Driving or Attempting to Drive Vehicle While Impaired by Alcohol - Driving or attempting to drive a vehicle with a breath or blood Alcohol concentration equal to 0.07, as measured by either grams of Alcohol per 210 liters of breath or grams of Alcohol per 100 milliliters of blood.

§21-902-(c)1 Driving or Attempting to Drive Vehicle While Impaired by Drug(s) or Drug(s) and Alcohol - Driving or attempting to drive any vehicle while under the influence of drugs, any combination of drugs, or a combination of one or more drugs and Alcohol.

§21-902-(d)1 Driving or Attempting to drive vehicle while impaired by a controlled dangerous substance (CDS).

§16-113-(h) Driving Vehicle in Violation of Restricted License Requirement - Driving a vehicle in violation of a license restriction. For example, a Maryland license that bears the restriction code "J" prohibits the holder of that license from driving a vehicle with a blood Alcohol concentration of 0.02 or higher.

§16-133-(j) Driving or Attempting to Drive Vehicle With Alcohol in Blood in Violation of Court Order - Driving or attempting to drive any vehicle with Alcohol in the blood (as determined by chemical testing) in violation of a court order. For example, a violation of this type would be a motorist who has been ordered by the District Court to operate only a motor vehicle equipped with an ignition interlock system, and is then found to have been driving that vehicle with an Alcohol concentration of 0.02 or greater.

APPENDIX B

Advice of Rights, Form DR-15

ADVICE OF RIGHTS – (Maryland Transportation Article §16-205.1)

DR-015 (10-16)

You have been stopped or detained and reasonable grounds exist to believe that you have been driving or attempting to drive a motor vehicle under circumstances requiring that you be asked to submit to a test under Maryland Transportation Article §16-205.1. In this situation, the law deems that you have consented to take a test to measure the alcohol concentration or drug or controlled dangerous substance content in your system. You may refuse to submit to the test(s), unless you were in a motor vehicle accident resulting in the death of or life-threatening injury to another person.

Suspension of Your Maryland Driver's License or Driving Privilege:

Firma del conductor

If you refuse to submit to the test, or if you submit to the test and the result indicates an alcohol concentration of 0.08 or more at the time of testing, your Maryland driver's license shall be confiscated, you will be issued an Order of Suspension and, if eligible, a temporary license valid for 45 days. The following periods of suspension shall be imposed against your license or privilege to drive in Maryland:

If you refuse to submit to a test, your suspension shall be 270 days for a 1st offense and 2 years for a 2nd or subsequent offense.

If your test result is an alcohol concentration of at least 0.08 but less than 0.15, your suspension shall be 180 days. If the offense involves a motor vehicle accident that resulted in the death of another person, your suspension shall be 6 months for a 1st offense and 1 year for a 2nd or subsequent offense.

If your test result is an alcohol concentration of 0.08 but less than 0.15, your suspension may be modified or a restricted license may be issued at a hearing. If your test result is an alcohol concentration of 0.15 or more, your suspension shall be 180 days for a 1st offense and 270 days for a 2nd or subsequent offense. If the offense involves a motor vehicle accident that resulted in the death of another person, your suspension shall be 1 year for a 1st offense and for a

2nd or subsequent offense your license shall be revoked.

If you refuse a test, or take a test with a result of 0.15 or more, you shall be ineligible for modification of your suspension or the issuance of a restricted license, unless you participate in the Ignition Interlock System Program under Maryland Transportation Article §16-404.1.

If you hold a commercial driver's license (CDL) and were driving a non-commercial motor vehicle when you were stopped, and you refuse to submit to a test, your CDL or privilege shall be disqualified for 1 year for a 1st offense or for life if your CDL or privilege has been previously disqualified for at least 1 year under Maryland Transportation Article §16-812 (a) or (b), a federal law, or any other state's law.

If you were operating a commercial motor vehicle and your test result indicates an alcohol concentration of 0.04 or more, or if you refuse to submit to a test, your commercial driver's license or privilege shall be disqualified for a period of 1 year for a 1st offense, 3 years for a 1st offense committed while transporting hazardous materials required to be placarded, and disqualified for life if your commercial driver's license has been previously disqualified for at least 1 year and/or you have incurred 2 offenses of Maryland Transportation Article §16-812 (a) or (b), a federal law, or any substantially similar offense(s) under any other state's law.

If you are convicted of a drunk or drugged driving offense under Maryland Transportation Article §21-902, and the judge or jury finds beyond a reasonable doubt that you knowingly refused to take a test of breath arising out of the same circumstances, an additional criminal penalty of not more than \$500 or imprisonment for not more than 2 months, or both, may be imposed under Maryland Transportation Article §27-101 (x).

If you are convicted of a drunk or drugged driving offense under Maryland Transportation Article §21-902 (b) or (c), and the judge or jury finds beyond a reasonable doubt that you knowingly refused to take a test of breath arising out of the same circumstances, the Court shall require you, under Maryland Transportation Article §27-107.1, to participate in the Ignition Interlock System Program for 1 year pursuant to Maryland Transportation Article §16-404.1.

You may request an Administrative Hearing at any time within 30 days of the date of the Order of Suspension to show cause why your driver's license or privilege should not be suspended. You must request a hearing within 10 days of the date of the Order of Suspension to ensure that your privilege to drive is not suspended prior to your hearing. Your request for a hearing must be made in writing. You may use the "Hearing Request" form if available. Send your request to the Office of Administrative Hearings at 11101 Gilroy Rd., Hunt Valley, MD 21031-1301. You must include a check or money order for \$150.00, which is the required filing fee, made payable to the "Maryland State Treasurer." Your request for a hearing will be invalid if submitted without the required \$150.00 filing fee or applicable fee waiver.

Your driver's license or privilege will be suspended on the 46th day after the Order of Suspension if you do not request a hearing within 10 days of the date of the Order of Suspension or, if eligible, you do not elect within 30 days of the Order of Suspension to participate in the Ignition Interlock System Program. In order to receive credit for the suspension, you must surrender your driver's license or certify that you no longer have the license in your possession. If you submit a valid hearing request, a suspension will not be imposed unless a decision is rendered against you, or if you fail to appear for the hearing.

Instead of requesting a hearing or upon the suspension or revocation of your driver's license, you may elect to participate in the Ignition Interlock System Program if the following conditions are met: 1) your driver's license is not currently suspended, revoked, canceled, or refused; and 2) within 30 days of the date of this Order of Suspension you a) elect in writing to participate in the Ignition Interlock System Program for 1 year if your test resulted in an alcohol concentration of 0.15 or more or you refused the test or 6 months if your test resulted in an alcohol concentration of at least 0.08 but less than 0.15; and b) surrender a valid Maryland driver's license or sign a statement certifying that the license is no longer in your possession. An Ignition Interlock Election form is located on the reverse side of the driver's copy of the Order of Suspension.

Certification: I, the Undersigned Police Officer, certify under the penalties of perjury, that I have advised the driver of the above stated rights and sanctions and have provided the driver with the aforementioned advice in: English and Spanish.

Certificación: Yo, el oficial de policía abajo firmante, certifico bajo pena de perjurio que he aconsejado al conductor acerca de sus derechos y sanciones arriba mencionados, y que le he proporcionado la notificación arriba mencionada al conductor en: inglés y español.

Signature of Officer	I.D. No.		ice Agency
Firma del Oficial	N	.º de Identificación	I.E Agencia de Policía
Read before Signing: I, the undersigned driver, acknowled officer. I understand that this requested test is in addition to			above stated Advice of Rights as certified by the police
<mark>Lecr Ames de Firmar: Yo, el conductor abajo firmante</mark> , rec el oficial de policía. Comprendo que esta prueba solicitada			
Having been so advised, do you now agree to submit to a	test? (Officer chec	k driver's reply)	
Habiendo sido de este modo notificado, está Usted de acue	rdo ahora en somet	erse a la praeba? (Ofici	al, revise la respuesta del conductor)
Yes - Agree to submit to an alcohol concentration test Sí – Acepta someterse a una prueba de concentración de alcohol en la sangre			rug or controlled dangerous substance (CDS) e drogas o sustancias peligrosas controladas (CDS)
☐ No - Alcohol concentration test, refused No – La prueba de concentración de alcohol en la sangre ha sido rechazada		CDS test refused (DRE va de drogas o CDS ha	must complete & submit DRE Certification Form) pido rechazada
Signature of Driver	Date	Time	DR-0154 Control #

Fecha

APPENDIX C

Officer's Certification and Order of Suspension, Form DR-15A

	Certificati			r of S	uspe	nsion	Please rea	ıd and both sides.	DR-15A 10-16	
(as provided in § 16	5-203.1 of the Marylati	s venicle cav	97	(FOR	OFFICIA	L USE O		both stacs.		
OCCURRENCE COM					СОМ	MERCIAL	LICENSE? D YES		OL NUMBER	
MONTH/DAY/YEA	R/TIME)			A.M. OP	.M. HAZA	MERCIAL ARDOUS A	VEHICLE? IN YES	no AJ		
OCATION (SPECIAL CRIVER'S NAME:	Y COUNTY OR BA	LTO, CITY	AND ADDRE	SS):		FIRST	21		MIDDLE	
JAIVERS NAME.	LASI					154 (1871)73494161				
RESIDENCE STRE	ET ADDRESS			CITY		STATI	E CO	UNTY	ZIP CODE	
DRIVER'S LICENSE	NUMBER			STATE	ISSUE	DATE	SP. CODE	RESTRICTION	ENDORSEMENT	
LICENSE CLASS	LICENSE TYPE	HGT.	WGT.	SEX RA		BIRTH	MONTH/DAY/YEAR	R VEHICLE TAG NO.	STATE	
LICENSE CEASS	LICENSE TITE	noi.	war.	JEX	TIAGE	Direction	MONTHUBATITES	VERIOLE ING NO.	J.M.E	
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By law, the office if valid, issue a days from the about	r of DRIVEI r is required to tal temporary license ove "Issue Date". C ted because:	ke your Ma to allow y D License v	ryland drive	nue drivi	ng 45	The "Dr officer, s day afte	serves as a Valid	is entire form, signed by Temporary license which Order of Suspension or u	expires on the 45th	
DRIVER'S C	ERTIFIED ST	TATEMI	ENT			SIGNATU	JRE OF DRIVER (If	Temp. Authorized)		
	der penalty of per surrender to the					SIGNATURE OF OFFICER (if Temp. Authorized)				
	session I will imme					acknowledge that a temporary license was not authorized.				
V 2000VD	W MONTH					(<u>1</u>				
SIGNATURE	TION OF POI			DATE		SIGNATI	JRE OF DRIVER		-	
on a highway or or so far impaired by	n any private prope any drug, any cor a controlled dange:	rty that is unbination of	sed by the p	ublic in ge combinat	eneral in t	his State of more	while under the influence of the condition of the conditi	peen driving or attempting to uence of alcohol, while impi that the person could not ection 16-813 of the Maryla	aired by alcohol, while drive a vehicle safely	
	4 18 18 17 17 17 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18									
I certify under pen after being fully ac a test to determine	lvised of sanctions alcohol concentra	the content that shall be tion when r	ts of the fore e imposed a equested by	egoing do s provide this office	cument a d in the A er, (2) was	re true ar dvice of f s tested a	nd correct to the be Rights Form DR-15 and the test result in	No. est of my knowledge, inform , the person described abo dicated an alcohol concent when requested by a Drug	ve (1) refused to take ration of 0.08 or more	
OFFICER'S SIGNA	TURE						DATE	OFFICER'S PRINTE	D NAME	
LAW ENFORCEME	NT AGENCY									
l do solemnly dec described above a ⊇ Refusal – Insuffi	nd the test results	der penalty were <u>0.</u> ther certify	of perjury, from the Int that the driv	and upon ox EC/IR. er refused	personal Testi to take	knowled ng proced a test whe	lure was explained.	i a test for alcohol concen Derson appeared in go o provide sufficient breath	od health.	
		NAI VST				_	DATE F	PRINTED NAME OF TEST TO	ECHNICIAN/ANALYST	
SIGNATURE OF TE	EST TECHNICIAN/A	MALIOI								
SIGNATURE OF TE		WALTO!								

Policy 1108

DUI/DWI ARREST PROCEDURES

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APPENDIX D

State of Maryland - Notification to Defendant of Result of Test for Alcohol Concentration, MSP Form 33



STATE OF MARYLAND NOTIFICATION TO DEFENDANT OF RESULT OF TEST FOR ALCOHOL CONCENTRATION

	Case No:	
	Citation No:	
NAME OF PERSON ARRESTED:		
DATE OF ARREST:	TIME OF ARREST:	
DATE SPECIMEN COLLECTED:	TIME SPECIMEN COLLECTED:_	
This is to certify that the above speci Toxicologist under the Post Mortem Examin of the arresting officer. The serial number		erson at the direction
Blood specimen was found to contain 100 milliliters of blood.	n an alcohol concentration of	grams of alcohol per
Breath specimen was found to contain 210 liters of breath.	n an alcohol concentration of	grams of alcohol per
The above named defendant is hereby as evidence at the criminal trial without the ped the test unless the defendant or defense no later than twenty (20) days before trial thin court.	attorney notifies the State's Attorney and	analyst who perform-
I, the undersigned technician or analysis as defined in Section 10-304 of the Courts alcohol concentration is as stated above, an and correct to the best of my knowledge, in	nd that all other information contained in t	result of the test for
Test Technician or Analyst and Operator No.	Police Dept. or Agency	Station/Barrack
Arresting Officer/Trooper and ID No.	Police Dept. or Agency	Station/Barrack
Defendant Signature	Date and Time Defendant Received C	Сору
MCD 22 /DEV 12/MCI		

ARRESTING OFFICER / TROOPER FOR COURT

<u>APPENDIX E</u>

Discretionary Release of DWI/DUI Violators, Form 450

DWI/DUI Discretionary Release Notice

BALTIMORE POLICE DEPARTMENT DWI/DUI DISCRETIONARY RELEASE NOTICE

The citation(s) you have been issued charges you with a crime. Read the instructions on the reverse side of the citation(s) for a full explanation of the procedures to be followed. All persons charged with an alcohol-related traffic offense MUST APPEAR IN COURT. Your failure to appear can result in the issuance of a warrant for your arrest. The Maryland District Court will notify you of a trial date.

You have the right to have an attorney. An attorney can be helpful to you for the following reasons:

- Explaining the charge(s) in your case.
- B. Telling you of possible penalties.
- C. Assisting you at trial.
- Protecting your Constitutional Rights.
- Assuring a fair penalty, if convicted.
- F. Even if you plan to enter a guilty plea, an attorney can be helpful.

Copy #1 - Defendant

If you desire to have an attorney, but you do not have the funds to retain one, a Public Defender will provide representation for you. The Public Defender's Office for Baltimore City may be contacted by phone at (410) 333-4900, and/or in-person at their offices located at 1400 E. North Avenue. You must contact the Public Defender's Office at least ten (10) working days before your trial date.

Do not wait until the date of your trial to obtain an attorney. If you do not have an attorney before the trial date, you may have to go to trial without an attorney.

	/A 21-902.1.b). Further attempt	Law prohibits you from driving a motor vents to operate a vehicle at this time man	
YOU WERE ARRESTED AT	a.m./p.m. ON	(DATE).	
YOU ARE NOT PERMITTED TO DRI	VE A MOTOR VEHICLE UNTIL	a.m./p.m. ON	(DATE).
I.			
have read/been advised the abo	ove information.		
Affixing my signature IS NOT an not to drive a motor vehicle until		understand that by signing this for on (date).	m I agree
	-	Defendant's Signature	
Name, address and signature of response	onsible person to whom the defe	ndant was released:	
Name	Address	Signature	
Arresting Officer's Name (print)		Signature	
Sequence Number Date	Command	CC#	

Copy #2 - Arresting Officer

APPENDIX F

Officer's Observation Report, Form 94-54

nboratory Division FICER'S OBSERVATION REPORT FIN 94/54 60-25-48				PARTMENT MARYLAND	(Ch	#	☐ Accident☐ Other A.M.
ldress			TERMS I	The second	Date	and time of Accident o	P.M.
OB Age Sex					6 6 5		
river's License #							7 10
ocation of Offense							41.50
hat first led the officer to susp					<u> </u>		X / E -
nusual actions or statements							
BSERVATION - (Draw circles	I						
BREATH	Odor of alco	oholic liquor:	Strong	Moderate	Faint A	pparently none	1.18
CLOTHES	Disorderly	Disarra	inged So	iled Mus	sed Orderly	y (Describe)	
ATTITUDE	Sleepy	Care-free Combative	Talkative Cocky	Ililarious Antagonistic	Excited Indifferent	Polite Cooperative	(Other)
UNUSUAL ACTIONS	Fighting	Profanity	Hiccough	Belching	Vomiting	(Other)	1
WALK	Falling	Staggering	Stumbling	Swaying	Fair	Sure	(Other)
SPEECH	Incoherent	Confused	Stuttering	Slurred	Fair	(Other)	
EFFECTS OF ALCOHOL	Extreme	Obvious	Slight	Apparently r	ione		
Printed Name of Of	ficer	I.D. No.		70 A 10.00	Signa	nture of Officer	
RINT IN DUPLICATE	NOTE: U	SE OTHER SI	DE FOR REM	ARKS.	NOTE - CC#	MANDATORY FOR	B.P.D. ARRE