# Community Policing: How We Got Here



# Baltimore

- What are some recent stories you've heard?
- What are some stories that don't get told?
- What is special and unique about Baltimore?
- What is your strongest memory of Baltimore?
- What is a story about the BPD that is not often shared?

# Where We Are: Quality of Life in Baltimore

Indicator	Baltimore	Maryland	National
Violent crime rate (per 100k)	1,566	462	205
Life expectancy (years)	72	79	78
Babies born with low birth weight	12%	9%	8%
Children meeting Grade 4 education standards	15%	42%	50%
Unemployment rate	6%	4%	4%
Poverty rate	22%	9%	15%
Home ownership rate	47%	67%	73%

### **Performance Objectives**

Analyze the forces impacting the relationship between Baltimore communities and the police over time Describe cultural, social, historical, and economic factors that affect people living in Baltimore neighborhoods



Discuss strengths held and challenges faced by Baltimore communities Evaluate role of police in improving quality of life in Baltimore, including social, health, and economic outcomes.

- 1 Experience Discomfort
- 2 Speak Your Truth
- 3 Stay Engaged
- 4 Expect & Accept Non-Closure

**Courageous Conversation** 

## **American Police History**



- Rich & varied since the 1600s, sheriffs, marshals, city police, etc.
- Police enforced the law, but the law was not fair:
  - Slavery
  - Segregation
  - Restrictions on immigrants, Native Americans, women, etc.
- And sometimes <u>didn't</u> enforce the law, such as when police participated in lynching
- Police were often used as a tool to keep certain people "in their place"

## **Maryland Civil Rights History**

- 1664 Slavery allowed by law
- 1664 Interracial marriage prohibited
- 1802 Voting by free Blacks prohibited
- 1826 Jews given the right to vote
- 1864 Maryland abolishes slavery
- 1951 Law ends segregation on trains
- 1954 State parks open to Blacks
- 1967 Interracial marriage ban repealed





# **Baltimore History**

- 1729 Baltimore Town founded
- 1796 Baltimore City incorporated
- 1820s 3<sup>rd</sup> largest and fastest growing U.S. city; railroad, shipping, industry leader
- 1840 Population = 102,313 (#2)
- 1900 Population = 508,957 (#6)
- 1960 Population = 939,024 (#6)
- 2020 Population = 593,490 (#30)



### Baltimore Civil Rights History

- 1790 Twice as many slaves as free persons of color
- 1838 Frederick Douglass escapes from slavery in Baltimore
- 1860 More free Blacks than slaves
- 1867 First Black public schools open
- 1910-1970 Growth from 85,000 to 420,000 Black residents
- 1910 City ordinance segregates neighborhoods by blocks
- 1954 City public schools desegregated
- 1968 Civil unrest after MLK assassination

Population distribution of residents by race or ethnicity



iource: 2012–16 American Community Survey data. Notes: Each dot represents 200 residents. AAPI = Asian American and Pacific Islander.

#### How We Got Here - The Big Picture

- Slavery (1664-1864)
- Jim Crow (1877-1950s)
- Great Migration (1910-1970)
- Real Estate Covenants (1890-1948\*)
- Redlining (1910-1968)
- White Flight (1950-2000)
- Deindustrialization (1970-present)

\* Not enforceable by courts after 1948, but still common.

#### How We Got Here ...



Population distribution of residents by race or ethnicity



Notes: Each dot represents 200 residents. AAPI = Asian American and Pacific Islander.



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MARYLAND HISTORICAL TRUST MARYLAND STATE HIGHWAY ADMINISTRATION



















#### Baltimore homicides by year

By ADAM MARTON NOV 17, 2017 AT 12:00 AM

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The city has surpassed 300 homicides for 2017. It is the third straight year the city recorded more than 300, and the third time since the 1990s. Homicides in 2016 reached 318.



\*as of 11/16/2017 Source: Baltimore City Police Department, Maryland.gov

#### **Rape cases dismissed**

The city's percentage of rape cases determined to be "false or baseless" has more than tripled since 1991, making Baltimore a national leader in that category.





