

2022

Fall River Police Department
Year End Report



Chief Paul Gauvin

Dedication

The Fall River Police Department 2022 Year-End Report is dedicated to all of the men and women who have given their lives while in service of their communities.

In 2022, there were 228 police officers killed in the line of duty throughout the United States. This is down from 669 officers killed in the line of duty in 2021. Massachusetts had one line of duty death in 2022. We recognize this officer for making the ultimate sacrifice.



Trooper Tamar Anoush Bucci
Massachusetts State Police
End of Watch: Thursday, March 3, 2022

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Recognitions

New Sworn Officers

The following officers were sworn-in in 2022:

Officer Anoush Alemian
Officer Joseph Bailey
Officer Wayne Custadio
Officer Jhonathan Delgado
Officer Lorymar Devarie
Officer Kelsey Faunce
Officer Paulo Ferreira
Officer Jeffery Louis
Officer Sean McGoldrick
Officer James Mello
Officer Izaiah Miranda
Officer Clautino Monteiro
Officer Zachary Oliveira
Officer Wanda Otero-Sanchez
Officer Jimmie Page
Officer William Saddler
Officer Christopher Silvia
Officer Jacob Swenson



Promotions

The following individuals were promoted in 2022:

Deputy Barden Castro
Captain Kelly Furtado
Captain David Murphy
Lieutenant Steven Burt
Lieutenant Joseph Galvao
Lieutenant Nicholas Magan
Lieutenant John McDonald
Sergeant Derek Amaral
Sergeant Frank Andrade
Sergeant Jeffrey Autote
Sergeant David Gouveia
Sergeant Michael Hadaya
Sergeant Gary Barboza
Sergeant Matthew Mendes
Sergeant Moses Pereira
Sergeant William Platt
Sergeant Jon Rose
Sergeant Derrick Silva
Sergeant Brandon Wixon



Retirements

The following is a list of those who retired in 2022:

Chief Jeffrey Cardoza
Lieutenant Andrew Crook
Lieutenant Ronald Furtado
Sergeant Manuel Bernardo
Sergeant William Mace
Sergeant James Machado
Sergeant Thomas Mauretti
Officer Edward Ayers
Officer Robert Costa
Officer Christopher Gibson
Officer Jeffrey Maher
Officer David McElroy
Officer Norbert Pacheco
Officer Gary Pasternak
Officer John Robinson
Emergency Dispatcher Colleen Medeiros
Clerk Cynthia Page



Mission Statement

The mission of the Fall River Police Department is to reduce crime and enhance the quality of life for all, through a partnership with its citizens.

Core Values

Service: We will strive to meet the needs of our citizens

Pride: It is our goal that the community will be proud of their police as we are proud to serve

Commitment: To the partnership that exists between the police and the community



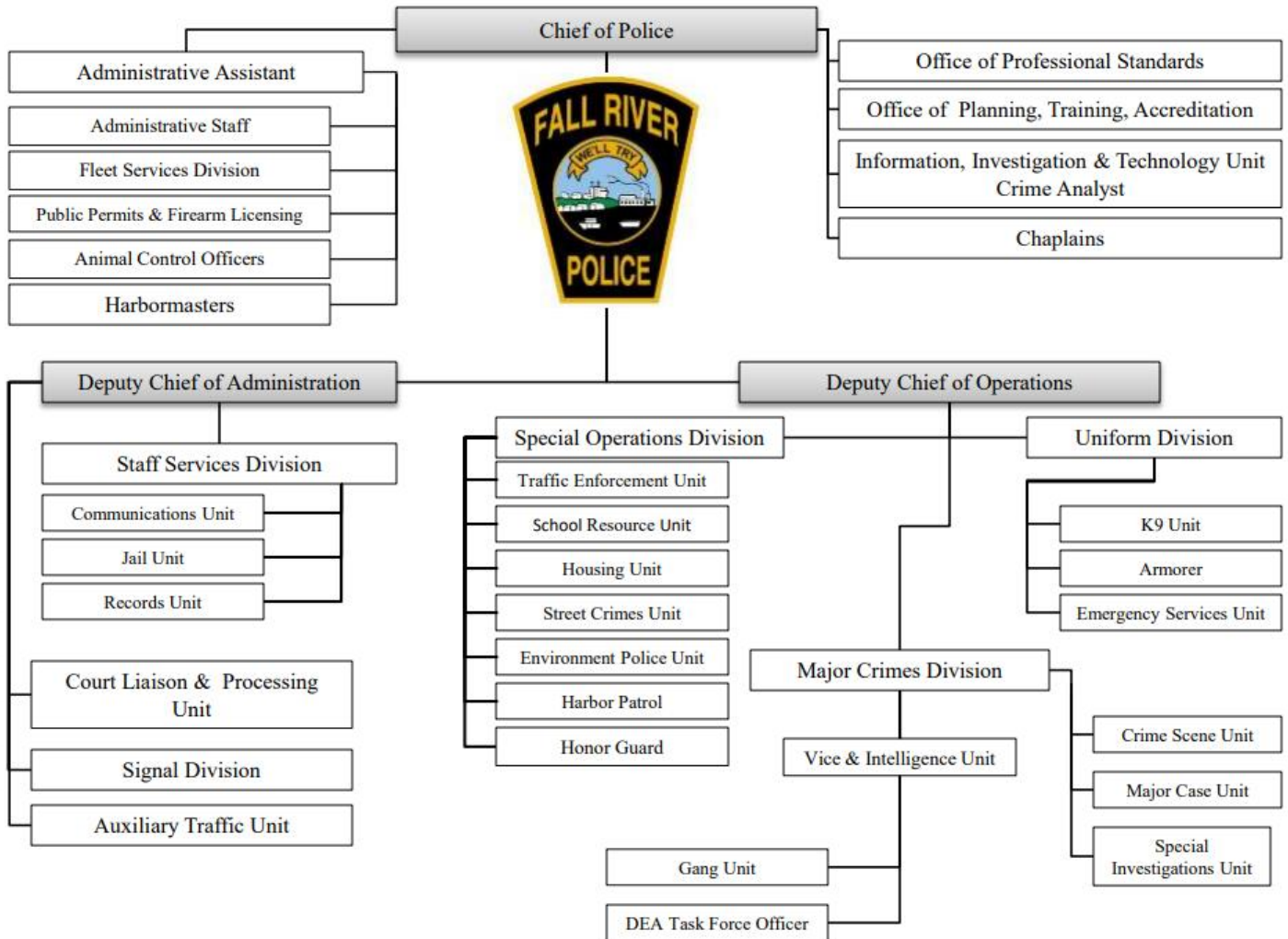
Introduction

The Fall River Police Department has the enviable distinction of being one of the oldest police departments in the country. Our long and proud tradition dates back to 1854, when the first constable hit the streets to begin his tour of duty. For almost 170 years, the people of Fall River have entrusted us to police the community. Our officers believe in integrity, professionalism, and selfless service.

Contained in this document is the 2022 year-end crime report for the Fall River Police Department.



Organizational Chart



Accreditation



In August of 2005, the Fall River Police Department started the process of becoming a certified and accredited law enforcement agency. The FRPD had its eyes on certification and accreditation by the Massachusetts Police Accreditation Commission (MPAC) and national accreditation by the Commission of Accreditation for Law Enforcement Agencies (CALEA). The process of becoming an accredited agency is to meet and maintain standards that have been established by and for the profession.

The first step that the FRPD took was to become certified by the MPAC. The department invited independent assessors from the MPAC to review the department policies and procedures. Based on the MPAC's findings and the department as a whole, the FRPD was awarded certification from the MPAC in December of 2006. At that time the FRPD was the largest department to be awarded certification status.

After receiving certification status, the FRPD strived to receive accreditation status. The department had to comply with over 400 standards to be given the honor of being accredited, which was given to the FRPD in June of 2007. The accreditation status is awarded to a department for a period of three years. Every three years the department has reapplied for accreditation status and been given the honor each time.

In November of 2009 the FRPD was given the highest accreditation, national accreditation. CALEA gives department's accreditation status for a period of three years and after that the department has to reapply. There are approximately 18,000 police departments in the United States and of those, there are only 756 law enforcement agencies accredited by CALEA. The FRPD is the largest municipal police agency in New England to obtain accreditation from CALEA.

The FRPD was re-accredited by MPAC in 2022. The department is up for re-accreditation by CALEA in 2023.



Overview of 2022 Part A Crimes

Part A crimes fall into two categories: violent and property. Violent Part A crimes consist of: murder, rape, robbery and aggravated assault. Property Part A crimes are: burglary, larceny, motor vehicle theft and arson. The following is a breakdown of Fall River's Part A crimes committed in 2022 as compared to Part A crimes committed in 2021.

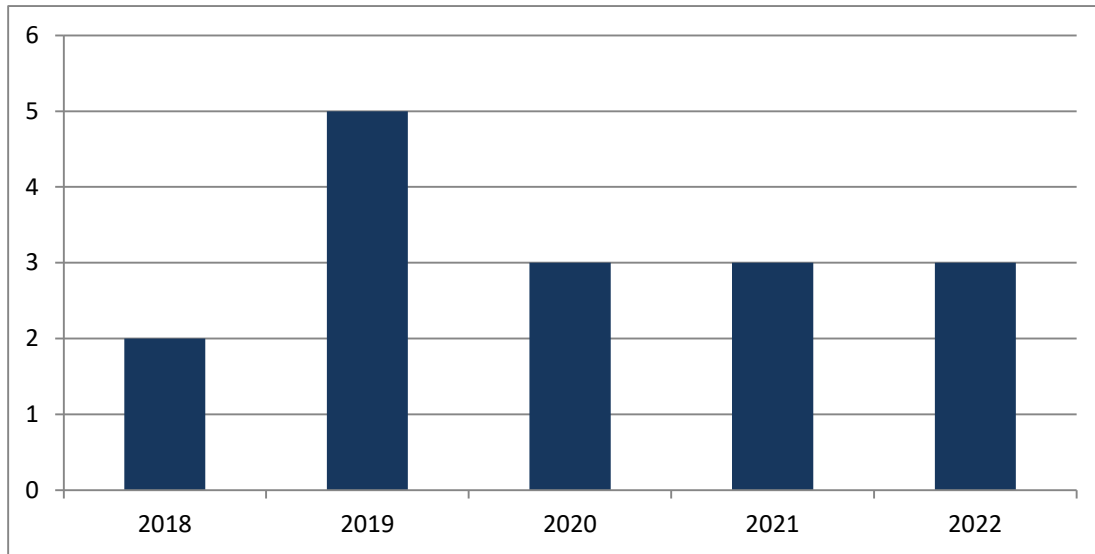
In 2022, there were 2,732 Part A crimes committed in Fall River which is an increase from 2,274 Part A crimes committed in 2021. This represents a 20.14% increase in part A crimes from 2021 to 2022. Violent crimes showed an increase of 9.88% whereas property crimes showed an increase of 25.82%.

Crime	2021	2022	% Change
Violent:	810	890	+9.88%
Murder	3	3	0.00%
Rape	43	48	+11.63%
Robbery	92	106	+15.22%
Aggravated Assault	672	733	+9.08%
Property:	1,464	1,842	+25.82%
Burglary	494	582	+17.81%
Larceny	837	1048	+25.21%
Motor Vehicle Theft	120	204	+80.00%
Arson	13	8	-38.46%
Total:	2,274	2,732	+20.14%



Murder

In 2022, the Fall River Police Department conducted three murder/manslaughter investigations. In two of the cases, arrests were made and murder charges were filed. One case was closed as a murder/suicide. The following chart depicts the murder rate for the last five years:



Murder Weapons

	Month	Weapon
2021		
	May (2)	Firearm (2)
	October	Firearm
2022		
	August	Knife/Cutting Instrument
	October	Firearm
	December	Firearm

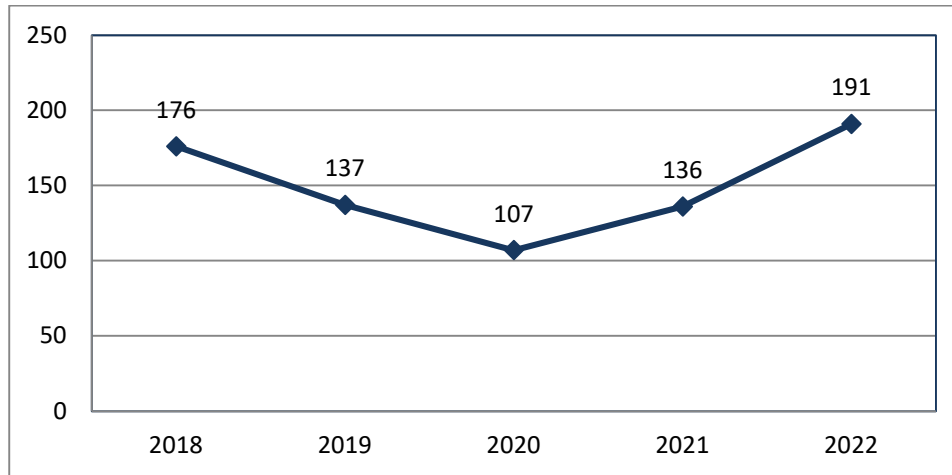


Sexual Assault Calls for Service

In 2022, the Fall River Police Department responded to 191 calls for service regarding sexual assault(s) which is an increase from 2021 by 40.44%.

The data on this page does not indicate a total number of sexual assault cases.

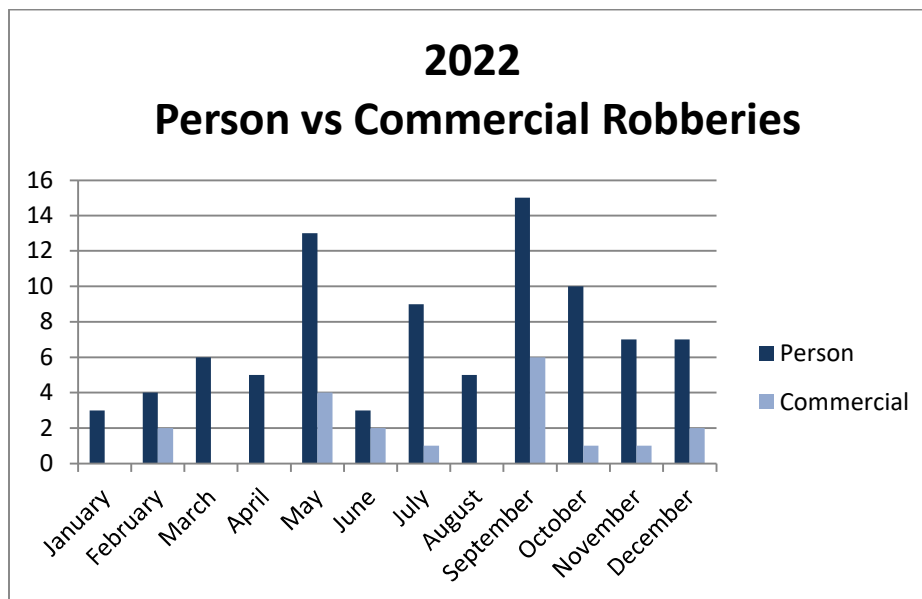
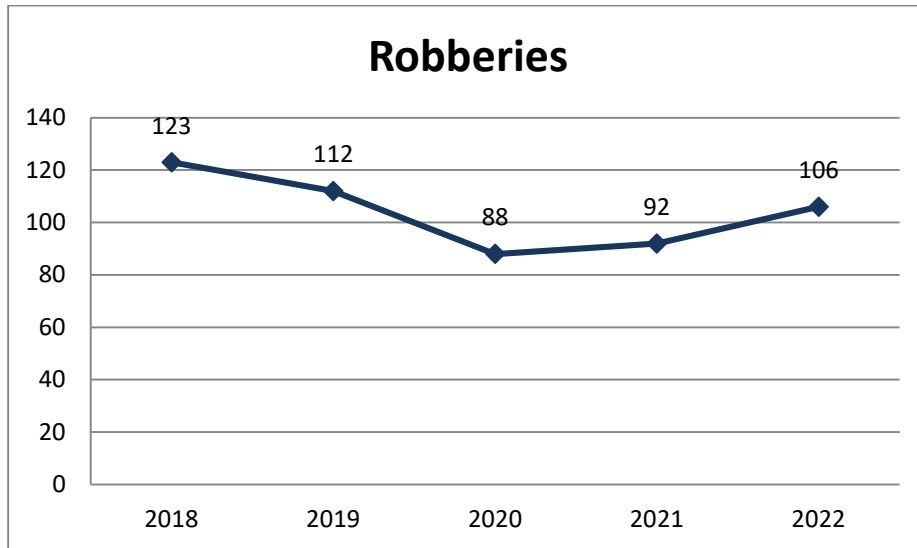
The following is a chart depicting the increase of sexual assault calls over the last five years.



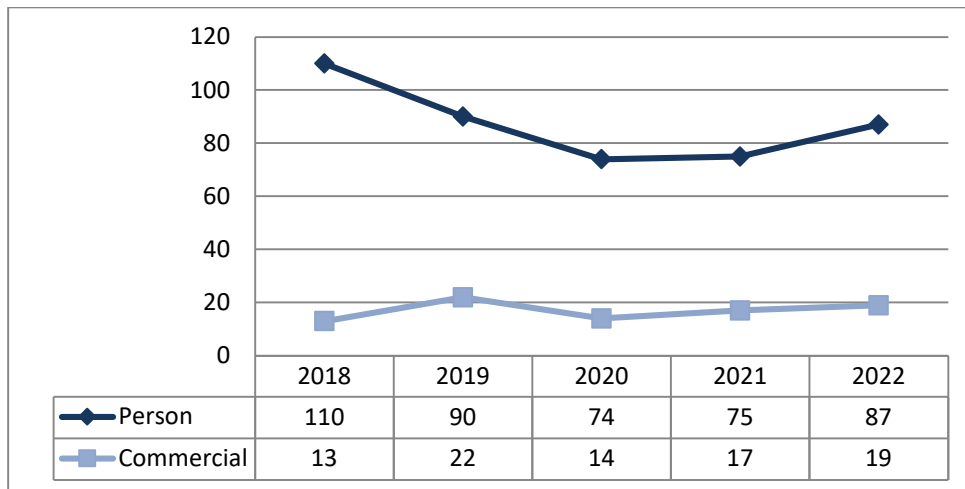
Since 2018, sexual assault calls for service have increased by 8.52%.

Robbery

In 2022, the Fall River Police Department investigated 106 robberies. This represents a 15.22% increase from 2021. Of the 106 robberies, there were 87 where the robbery committed was person to person and there were 19 robberies of a commercial business. 54 robberies were committed while armed and 52 were committed while unarmed. This represents an increase of 1.89% in armed robberies and an increase of 33.33% in unarmed robberies when compared to 2021. Since 2018, robberies have decreased by 13.82%.



The following is a chart depicting the change of person on person and commercial robberies between 2018 and 2022.



Commercial robberies occur in banks, convenience stores, gas stations, restaurants, as well as other businesses.

The following is a breakdown of the different weapons used during the armed robberies of 2022. The top two weapons used by suspects in armed robberies were knives and firearms.

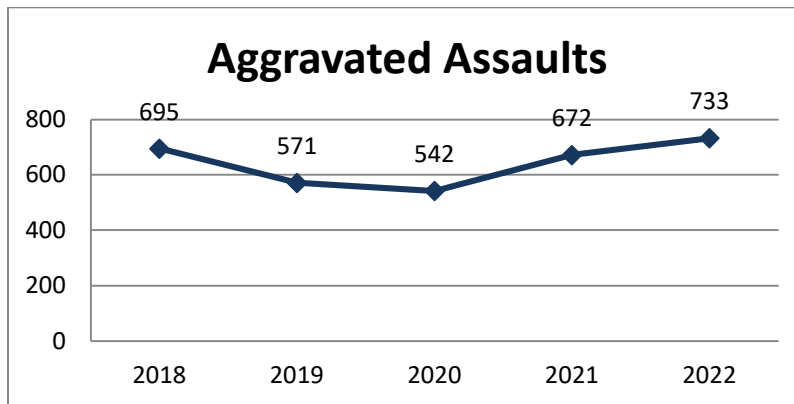
Type	Total
Knife	34
Firearm	15
Other	3
Unknown	1
Shod Foot	1

Assault

In 2022, the Fall River Police Department responded to 733 incidents that resulted in at least one aggravated assault charge. The distinction between a simple assault and aggravated assault is that an aggravated assault is a felonious assault that includes at least one of the following elements: causes bodily injury, is committed upon another who is pregnant (defendant has knowledge of the pregnancy), is committed upon another who the defendant knows has an outstanding vacate, restraining or no contact order, there is a weapon used, or the victim is above 60 years old or disabled. This represents a 9.08% increase from 2021. The FRPD is anticipating a decrease in aggravated assaults and increase in simple assault for 2023 due to changing from state reporting standards to federal reporting standards.

The following is a chart depicting the total number of aggravated assaults for 2018-2022.

2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
695	571	542	672	733



The following table depicts the total number of assaults (simple and aggravated) that were committed each month. The table also breaks down how many of the assaults were aggravated and how many of the aggravated assaults were results of domestic violence.

	Total Assaults	Aggravated	% of Total - Aggravated	Aggravated & Domestic	% of Total - Aggravated & Domestic	% of Aggravated - Aggravated & Domestic
January	103	37	35.92%	22	21.36%	59.46%
February	127	52	40.94%	42	33.07%	80.77%
March	156	70	44.87%	41	26.28%	58.57%
April	147	75	51.02%	37	25.17%	49.33%
May	169	83	49.11%	45	26.63%	54.22%
June	116	52	44.83%	29	25.00%	55.77%
July	142	70	49.30%	35	24.65%	50.00%
August	155	75	48.39%	37	23.87%	49.33%
September	148	68	45.95%	37	25.00%	54.41%
October	153	65	42.48%	30	19.61%	46.15%
November	97	38	39.18%	14	14.43%	36.84%
December	98	48	48.98%	36	36.73%	75.00%
Total	1,611	733	45.50%	405	25.14%	55.25%

The table at the bottom of the previous page shows that 45.50% of all assaults include at least one aggravated assault charge. This is a ratio of 733 aggravated assaults to a total of 1,611 total assaults. This table also shows that of the total assaults, 25.14% are both aggravated assaults as well as charges resulting from a domestic disturbance. Of the total aggravated assaults (733), 405 are both aggravated and domestic (55.25% of aggravated assaults).

The following is a table depicting the total number of assaults (simple and aggravated) by day of the week and time of day. *NOTE: There are two assaults that are not in the table below due to the date of the incident being unknown. This will result in the overall total of assaults at the bottom of the last page not matching the overall total of assaults below.

	Sunday	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday	Total
0000-0059	19	11	13	5	5	9	6	68
0100-0159	13	5	4	5	13	10	11	61
0200-0259	5	4	4	4	7	4	12	40
0300-0359	12	3	2	4	4	2	8	35
0400-0459	7	2	1	4	3	3	5	25
0500-0559	4	5	4	3	1	1	5	23
0600-0659	2	3	3	2	2	1	4	17
0700-0759	3	7	4	8	1	2	1	26
0800-0859	1	9	5	2	5	7	4	33
0900-0959	7	6	7	8	8	4	5	45
1000-1059	10	8	6	6	7	4	5	46
1100-1159	6	14	8	22	9	8	7	74
1200-1259	11	8	11	9	16	19	7	81
1300-1359	7	11	6	8	10	11	14	67
1400-1459	8	13	9	13	10	12	10	75
1500-1559	10	15	17	11	16	11	13	93
1600-1659	20	14	19	13	12	5	15	98
1700-1759	17	17	17	12	17	12	18	110
1800-1859	19	21	20	12	16	13	15	116
1900-1959	9	15	21	22	17	19	14	117
2000-2059	18	17	15	19	19	13	18	119
2100-2159	13	10	23	16	12	7	16	97
2200-2259	5	11	10	7	13	17	16	79
2300-2359	8	14	6	3	10	7	10	58
Totals	234	243	235	218	233	201	239	1603

*There are 8 assaults with an unknown time of occurrence that are not represented in the above table.

Most common day of week (highest to lowest):

Monday – Saturday – Tuesday – Sunday – Thursday – Wednesday – Friday

Most common hour (top 7 – highest to lowest):

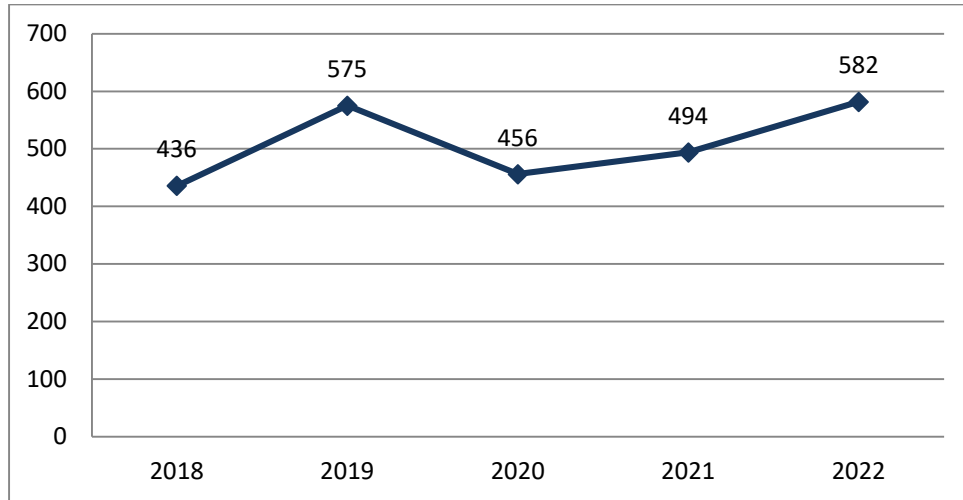
2000 – 1900 – 1800 – 1700 – 1600 – 2100 – 1500

Burglary & B&Es

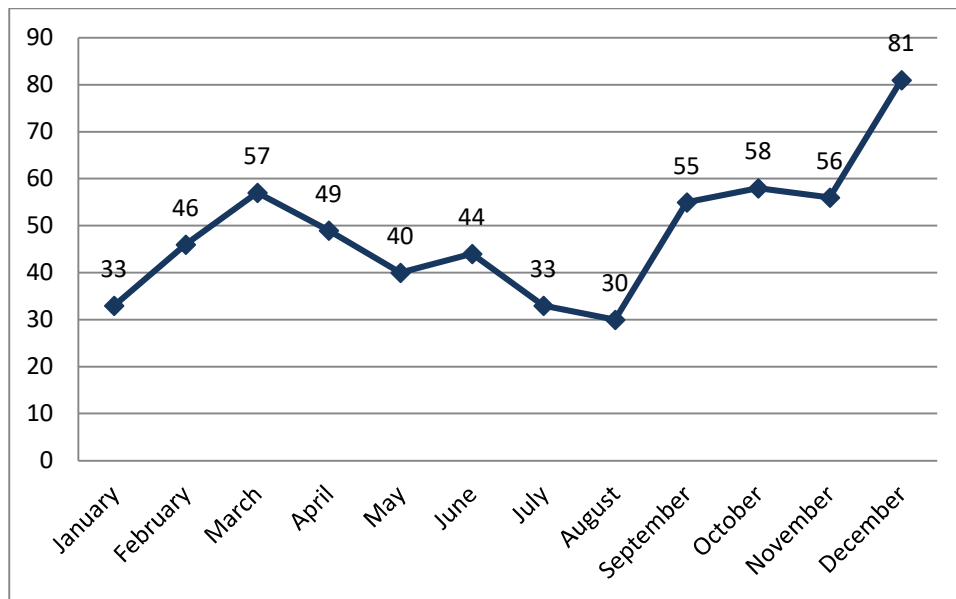
In 2022, the Fall River Police Department investigated 582 burglaries and B&Es which is a 17.81% increase from 2021. The difference between a burglary and a B&E is that a burglary occurs in a dwelling.

The FRPD is anticipating a decrease in burglary/B&Es for 2023 due to changing from state reporting standards to federal reporting standards.

From 2018 to 2022, a combination of burglaries and B&Es have gone up 33.49%.



The following is a chart depicting burglaries and B&Es by month.

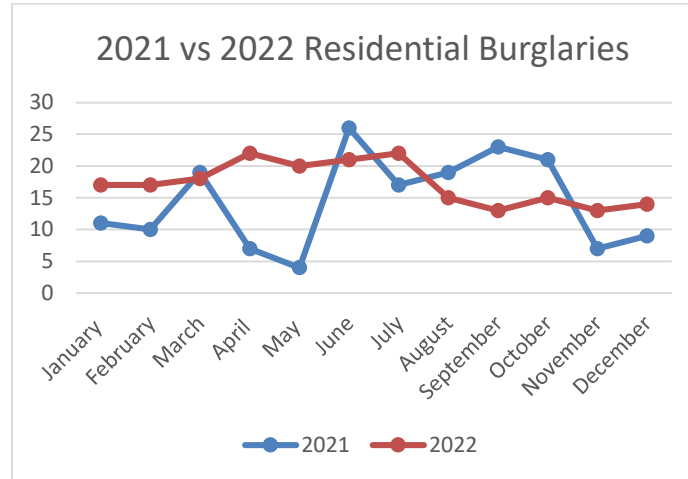


The following is a breakdown between residential burglaries, motor vehicle B&Es, and commercial B&Es.

Residential Burglaries

2019	2020	2021	2022
219	183	193	207

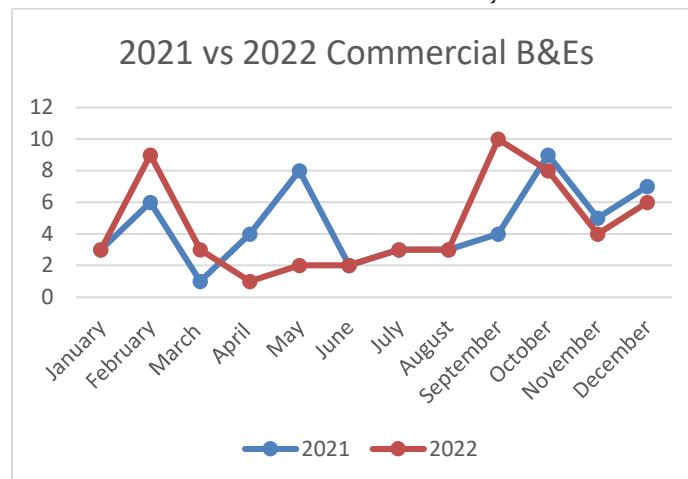
Residential burglaries have increased from 2021 to 2022 7.25%. The residential burglaries have decreased 5.48% since 2019. Below is a breakdown of residential burglaries by month for 2021 and 2022.



Commercial B&Es

2019	2020	2021	2022
69	98	55	54

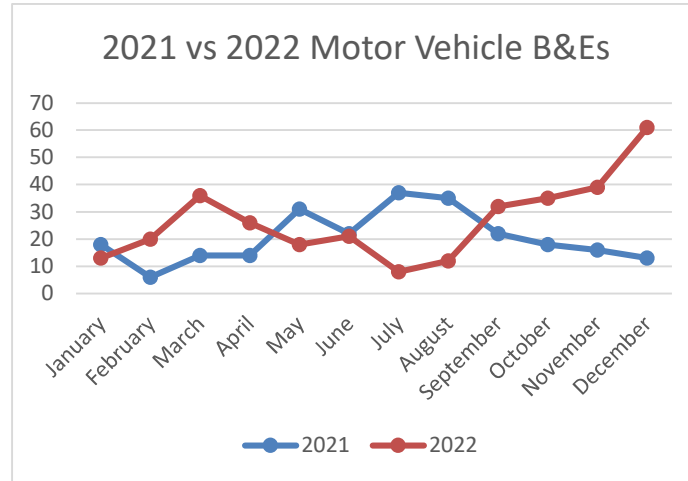
Commercial B&Es have decreased from 2021 to 2022 1.82%. The commercial B&Es have decreased 21.74% since 2019. Below is a breakdown of commercial B&Es by month for 2021 and 2022.



Motor Vehicle B&Es

2019	2020	2021	2022
287	175	246	321

Motor vehicle B&Es have increased from 2021 to 2022 by 30.49%. The motor vehicle B&Es have increased 11.85% since 2019. Below is a breakdown of motor vehicle B&Es by month for 2021 and 2022.



The following is a monthly breakdown of B&Es and burglaries by type of location targeted and shows the highest months for each.

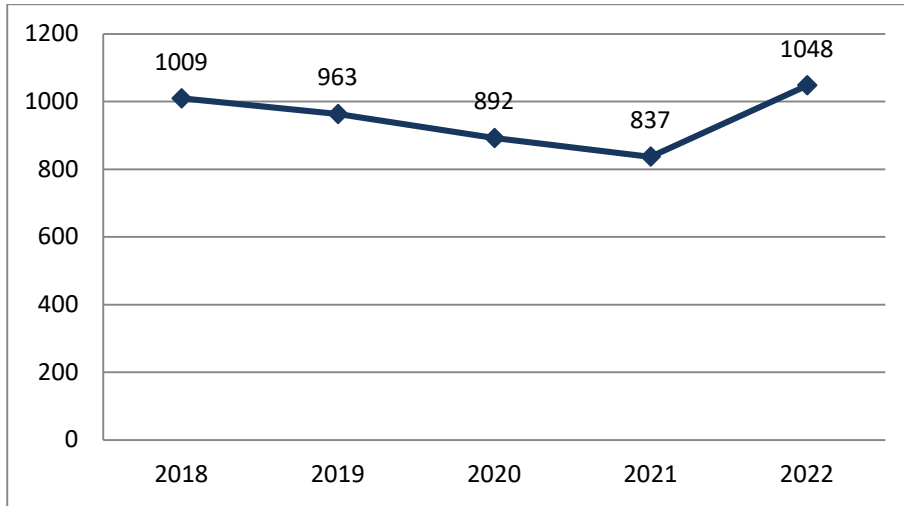
	Total	Vehicle	Residence	Commercial
January	33	13	17	3
February	46	20	17	9
March	57	36	18	3
April	49	26	22	1
May	40	18	20	2
June	44	21	21	2
July	33	8	22	3
August	30	12	15	3
September	55	32	13	10
October	58	35	15	8
November	56	39	13	4
December	81	61	14	6
Total	582	321	207	54

This table shows the following:

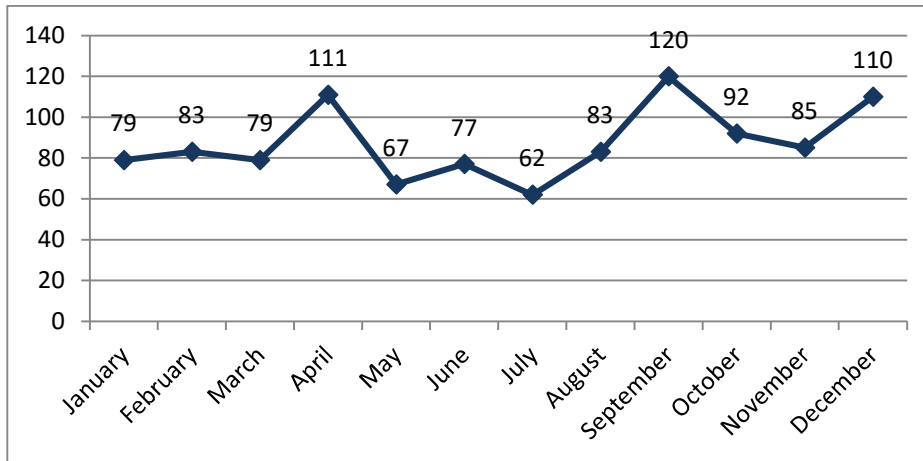
-) Top three highest months for all burglaries – December – October – March
-) Top three highest months for vehicle burglaries – December – November – March
-) Top three highest months for residential burglaries – April & July – June
-) Top three highest months for commercial burglaries – September – February – October

Larceny

From 2021, larcenies have increased 25.21%. The following chart depicts larcenies since 2018:



The following is a chart depicting 2022 larcenies by month.



The following is a monthly breakdown of larcenies by type of location targeted during 2022. These locations will be categorized as:

-) Vehicle – Every day vehicles, Trailers, Campers, Boats
-) Residence – Home, Apartment, Garage, Shed, Mailbox, Porch, Lockbox, Yard
-) Commercial – Any commercial location

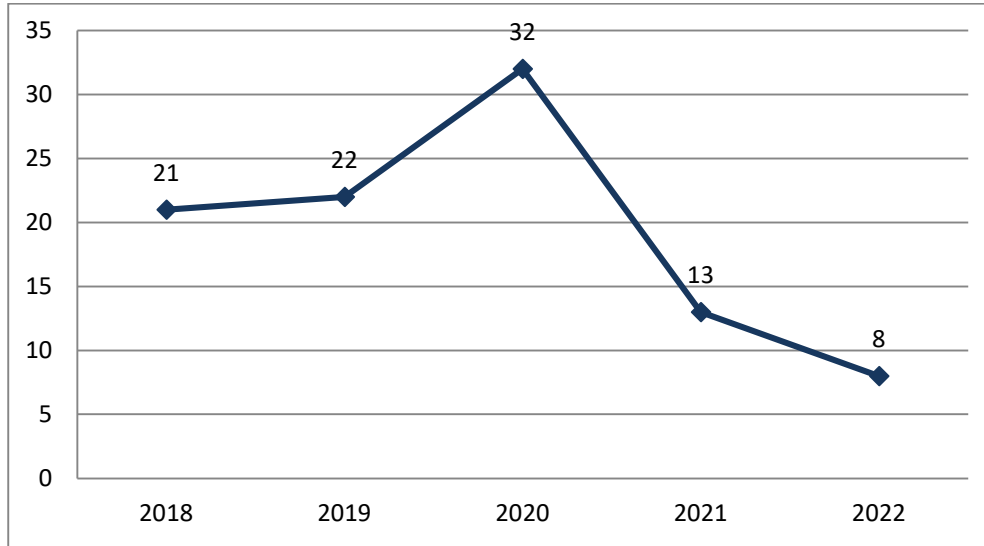
	Total	Vehicle	Residence	Commercial	Person
January	79	17	41	9	12
February	83	24	34	19	6
March	79	25	28	21	5
April	111	43	22	18	28
May	67	19	18	17	13
June	77	23	22	16	16
July	62	13	19	9	21
August	83	21	17	25	20
September	120	59	21	17	23
October	92	38	20	18	16
November	85	42	12	13	18
December	110	43	30	19	18
Total	1048	367	284	201	196

This table shows the following:

-) Larcenies from a vehicle constituted the largest category comprising of 367 incidents
-) Top three highest months for all larcenies – September – April – December
-) Top three highest months for vehicle larcenies – September – April & December – November
-) Top three highest months for residential larcenies – January – February – December
-) Top three highest months for commercial larcenies – August – March – February & December
-) Top three highest months for person larcenies – April – September – July

Arson

In 2022, there were a total of 8 incidents that resulted in at least one arson charge. This represents a 38.46% decrease from 2021.



	2021	2022	% Change
Sunday	2	2	0.00%
Monday	1	1	0.00%
Tuesday	4	0	-100.00%
Wednesday	0	2	+100.00%
Thursday	3	2	-33.33%
Friday	2	0	-100.00%
Saturday	0	1	+100.00%
Unknown/Range	1	0	-100.00%
Totals	13	8	-38.46%

The following is a chart depicting arsons by time of day.

Time	2021 Total	2022 Total	% Change	Time	2021 Total	2022 Total	% Change	Time	2021 Total	2022 Total	% Change
0000-0059	0	1	+100.00%	0800-0859	1	0	-100.00%	1600-1659	0	0	0.00%
0100-0159	0	0	0.00%	0900-0959	0	0	0.00%	1700-1759	1	0	-100.00%
0200-0259	0	0	0.00%	1000-1059	1	0	-100.00%	1800-1859	1	0	-100.00%
0300-0359	0	2	+100.00%	1100-1159	0	0	0.00%	1900-1959	1	2	+100.00%
0400-0459	0	0	0.00%	1200-1259	1	0	-100.00%	2000-2059	2	0	-100.00%
0500-0559	0	0	0.00%	1300-1359	0	0	0.00%	2100-2159	0	0	0.00%
0600-0659	0	0	0.00%	1400-1459	0	0	0.00%	2200-2259	1	1	0.00%
0700-0759	0	0	0.00%	1500-1559	0	0	0.00%	2300-2359	3	2	-33.33%

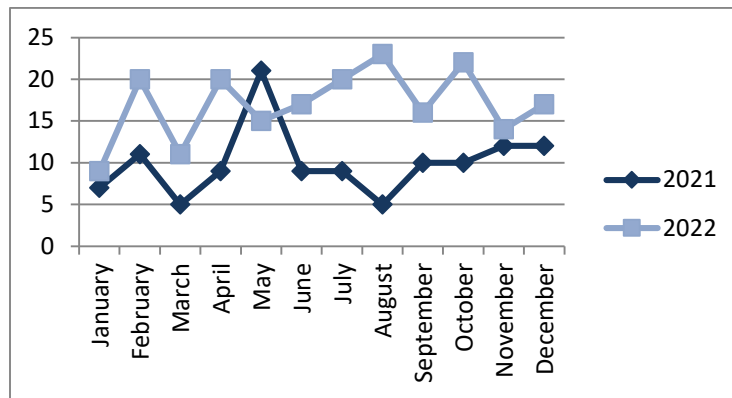
There is one arson incident that occurred in 2021 that does not have a definitive “occurred at” time. This incident is not included in the above breakdown.

Motor Vehicle Theft

In 2022, the Fall River Police Department responded to 204 calls for service regarding a motor vehicle theft. 2022 motor vehicle thefts have increased from 2021 by 70.00%.

The FRPD is anticipating a decrease in motor vehicle thefts for 2023 due to changing from state reporting standards to federal reporting standards.

The following is a chart showing the rate of motor vehicle theft in Fall River by month compared to last year.



The following is a table showing motor vehicle theft over the last five years.

2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
221	164	190	120	204

There are two charges that encompass motor vehicle (MV) theft – Larceny of a MV and Use of a MV without authority. In 2022, there were a total of 188 charges of larceny of a motor vehicle and 16 charges of use of a motor vehicle without authority. Below is a breakdown of total MV thefts, larceny of a motor vehicle, and use of a motor vehicle without authority by month.

	Total MV Thefts	Total – Larceny of a MV	% of Total – Larceny of a MV	Total – Use of a MV w/o Authority	% of Total – Use of a MV w/o Authority
January	9	5	55.56%	4	44.44%
February	20	19	95.00%	1	5.00%
March	11	9	81.82%	2	18.18%
April	20	17	85.00%	3	15.00%
May	15	14	93.33%	1	6.67%
June	17	17	100.00%	0	0.00%
July	20	20	100.00%	0	0.00%
August	23	23	100.00%	0	0.00%
September	16	16	100.00%	0	0.00%
October	22	21	95.45%	1	4.55%
November	14	12	85.71%	2	14.29%
December	17	15	88.24%	2	11.76%
Total	204	188	92.16%	16	7.84%

The following is a breakdown of 2022 motor vehicle thefts by make and year of the vehicle.

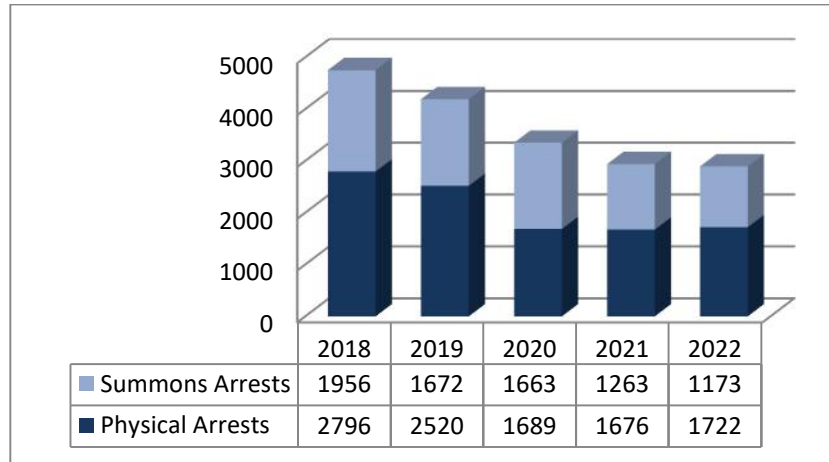
Year	Total
1991	1
1996	1
1997	3
1998	5
1999	5
2000	2
2001	4
2002	5
2003	5
2004	4
2005	9
2006	8
2007	9
2008	12
2009	8
2010	7
2011	7
2012	9
2013	14
2014	7
2015	12
2016	5
2017	8
2018	8
2019	10
2020	8
2021	17
2022	11

Make	Total
Acura	3
Audi	3
BMW	4
Cadillac	1
Chevrolet	12
Chrysler	2
Dirtbike	6
Dodge	3
Ford	18
GMC	9
Harley	1
Honda	16
Hyundai	11
Infiniti	1
Jeep	6
Kawasaki	5
Kia	9
Lexus	2
Mazda	1
Mercedes	4
Mercury	1
Mitsubishi	1
Moped/Scooter	35
Nissan	12
Pontiac	1
Porsche	1
Saturn	3
Subaru	3
Suzuki	7
Toyota	15
Trailer	1
Unknown	1
Volkwagon	3
Volvo	2
Yamaha	1

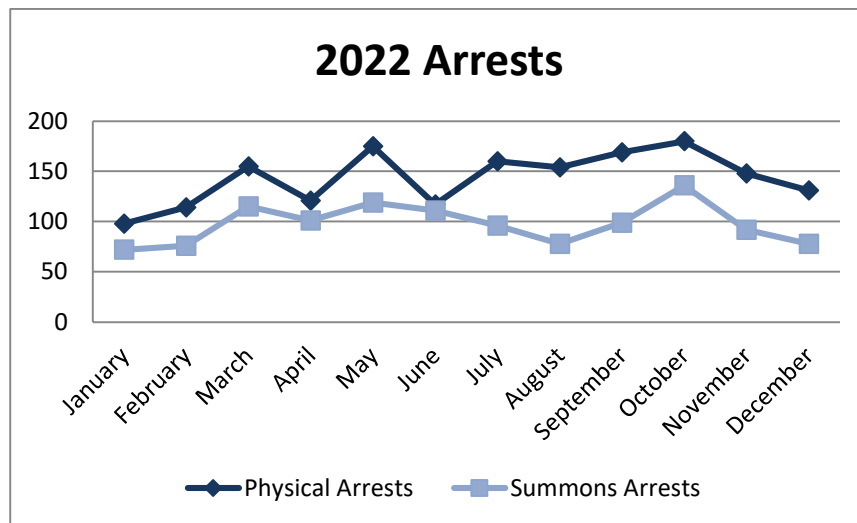
In 2022, there were 35 mopeds/scooters stolen which represents a 191.67% increase from 12 in 2021.

Arrests

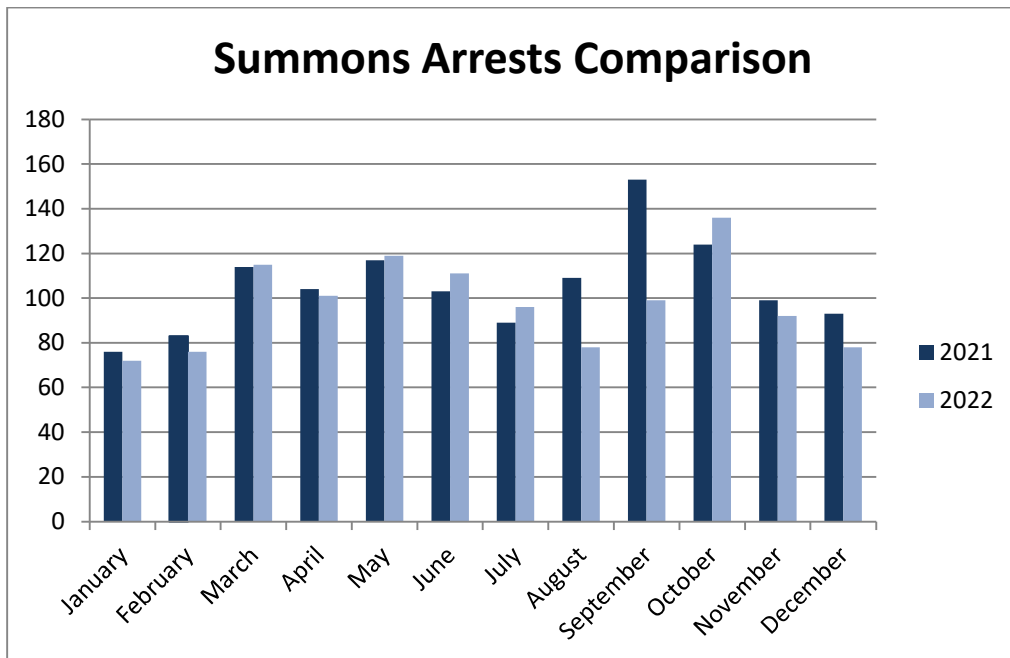
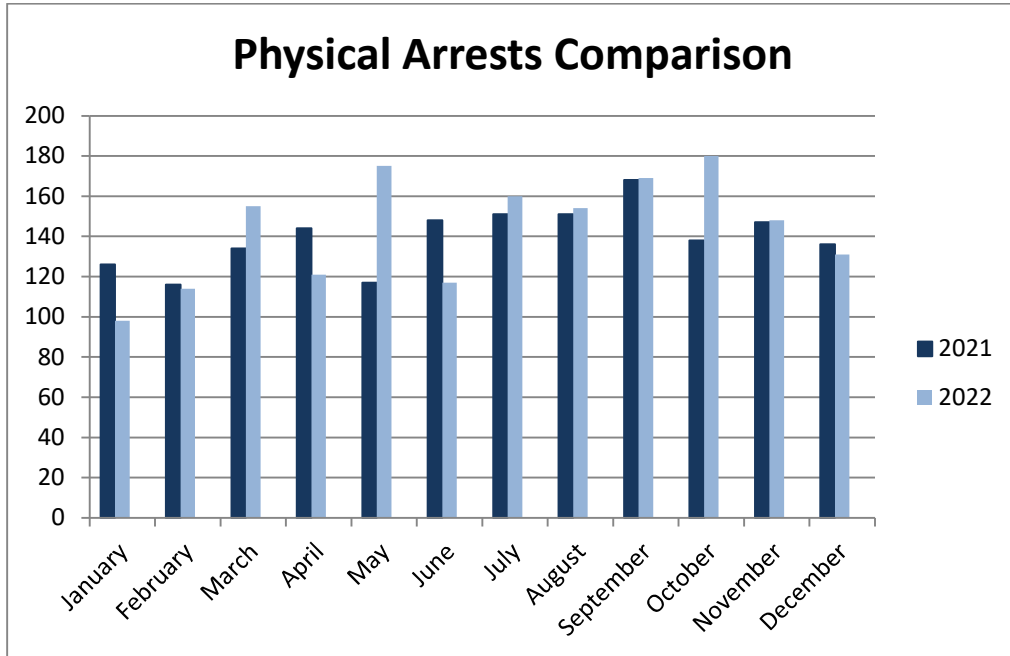
Physical arrests made by the Fall River Police Department have gone down from 2018 to 2022 by 38.41%. Summons arrests have also decreased from 2018 to 2022 by 40.03%. Overall arrests (physical and summons) have gone down from 2,939 (2021) to 2,895 which is a 1.50% decrease. The following is a chart depicting the change for each year since 2018.



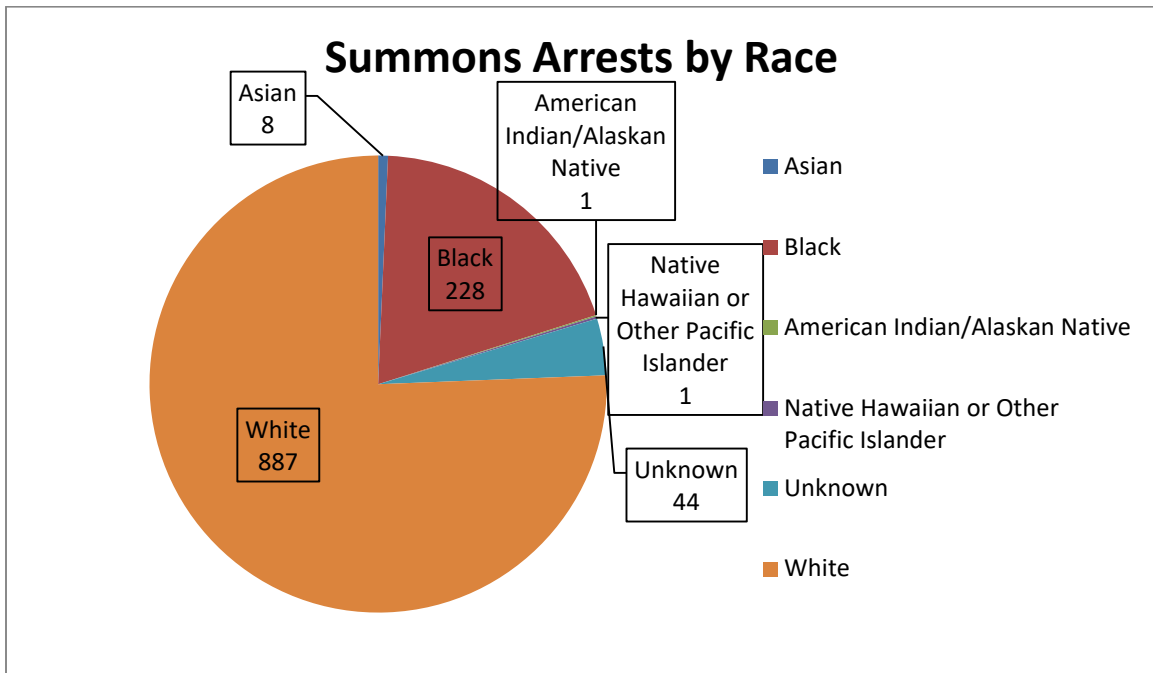
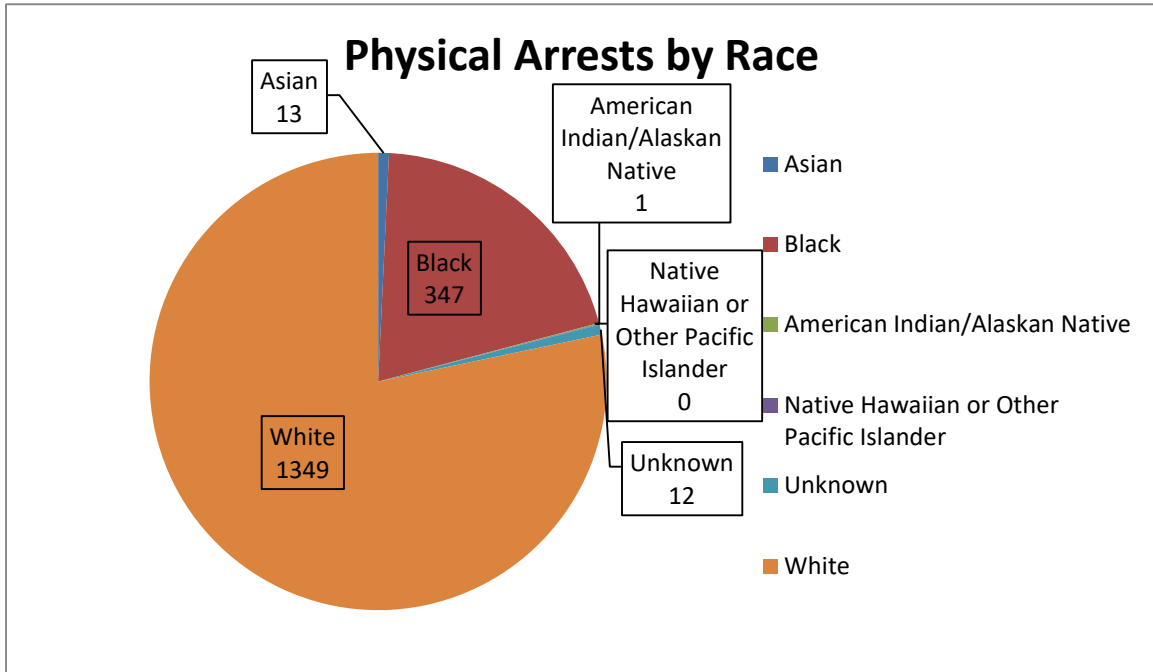
The following is a representation of the physical and summons arrests made by the FRPD in 2022 by month. The chart shows that September was the busiest month for arrests.



In comparing the 2022 arrests by month to the 2021 arrests by month, physical arrests went down in 2022 for January, February, April, June, and December. Physical arrests went up in 2022 for March, May, July, August, September, October, and November. In comparing the summons arrests in 2021 to those in 2022, summons arrests went down in January, February, April, August, September, November, and December. Summons arrests went up in March, May, June, July, and October. The following tables show the comparison between 2021 and 2022 for both physical arrests and summons arrests.



The following chart depicts physical arrests and summons arrests by race:



In comparing the 2022 arrests by race to the 2021 arrests by race, physical arrests of individuals who are Asian (160.00%), Native Hawaiian Or Other Pacific Islander (100.00%), and White (5.81%) went up. Physical arrests went down for the following races: Black (8.68%), American Indian/Alaskan Native (+100.00%), and Unknown (20.00%). In comparing summons arrests in 2021 to those in 2022, it is shown that those whose race is Asian (60.00%), American Indian/Alaskan Native (+100.00%), Native Hawaiian Or Other Pacific Islander (+100.00%), and Unknown (6.82%), were summonsed more in 2022 than in 2021. Summons arrests went down for the following races: Black (6.56%), and White (8.46%).

Physical	Asian	Black	American Indian/Alaskan Native	Native Hawaiian Or Other Pacific Islander	Unknown	White
2021	5	380	2	0	15	1274
2022	13	347	1	1	12	1348
% Change	+160.00%	-8.68%	-50.00%	+100.00%	-20.00%	+5.81%

Summons	Asian	Black	American Indian/Alaskan Native	Native Hawaiian Or Other Pacific Islander	Unknown	White
2021	5	244	0	1	44	969
2022	8	228	1	2	47	887
% Change	+60.00%	-6.56%	+100.00%	+100.00%	+6.82%	-8.46%

The following is a depiction of arrests of individuals who are of Hispanic ethnicity.

	Physical Arrests	Summons Arrests
2021	256	240
2022	322	249
% Change	+25.78%	+3.75%

The following is a breakdown of all arrests (physical and summons) broken down by day and hour.

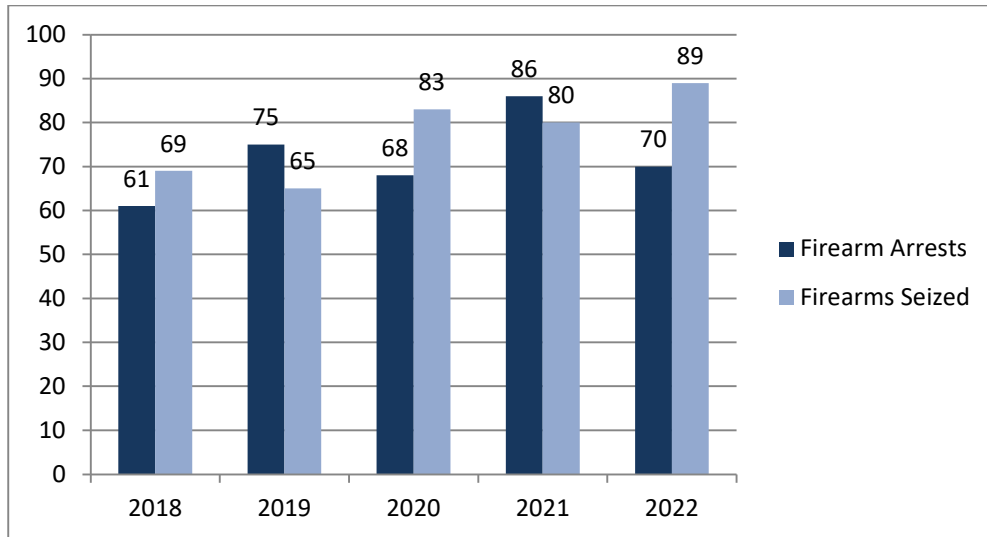
	Sunday	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday	Total
0000-0059	13	15	16	17	10	18	10	99
0100-0159	25	14	16	18	11	18	14	116
0200-0259	27	15	18	24	14	22	20	140
0300-0359	22	12	9	19	19	15	24	120
0400-0459	14	10	11	10	7	11	13	76
0500-0559	9	5	6	10	4	5	6	45
0600-0659	9	6	5	7	7	3	8	45
0700-0759	5	8	9	9	10	7	10	58
0800-0859	8	11	17	20	8	11	8	83
0900-0959	14	15	26	21	20	20	12	128
1000-1059	19	21	19	25	24	16	13	137
1100-1159	14	23	32	16	24	17	14	140
1200-1259	11	25	21	19	16	20	12	124
1300-1359	18	14	28	19	22	15	8	124
1400-1459	14	26	26	41	19	24	18	168
1500-1559	8	13	24	19	26	22	13	125
1600-1659	13	13	21	13	28	15	14	117
1700-1759	22	29	24	24	27	21	18	165
1800-1859	19	24	18	19	20	22	29	151
1900-1959	22	25	18	17	25	31	12	150
2000-2059	12	27	29	27	16	16	24	151
2100-2159	20	21	23	25	41	14	16	160
2200-2259	14	26	24	17	15	30	14	140
2300-2359	14	21	23	23	20	21	11	133
Total	366	419	463	459	433	414	341	2895

Firearm Arrests & Seizures

In 2022, the Fall River Police Department arrested 70 individuals for firearms related offenses. This is a decrease of 18.60% from 2021 which had 86 firearm arrests. In 2022, there were 89 firearms seized which is an increase of 11.25% from 2021 where 80 firearms were seized.

Per Massachusetts General Law tasers and stun guns are classified as firearms and will be counted within this data going forward.

The following is a chart depicting firearm arrests and seizures for 2018 through 2022.



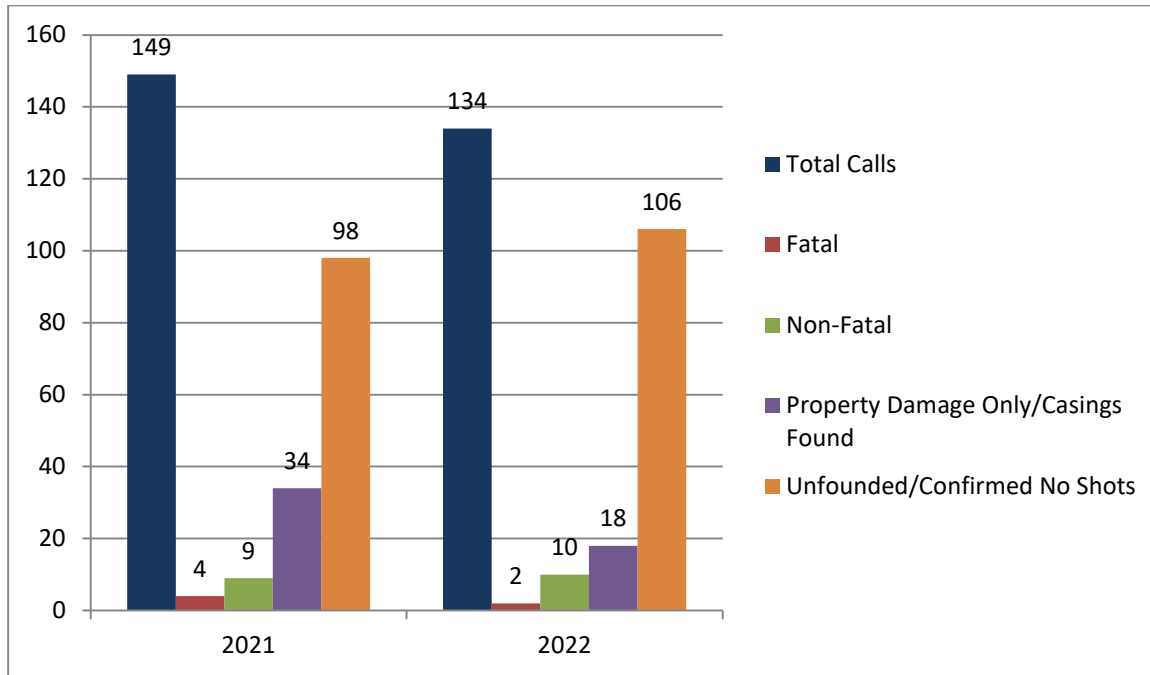
Shots Fired Calls for Service

In 2022, the Fall River Police Department responded to the following shots fired related calls and incidents. (One shots fired call in December is listed as two fatalities (one self-inflicted) and two non-fatal which causes the total calls to be 134, but the sum to be 137)

Total Calls	134
Fatal *1 is self-inflicted	3
Non-Fatal	10
Unfounded	59
Confirmed No Shots	47
Accidental Discharge	0
Casings Located	7
Property Damage Only	11

2022 showed a decrease of 11.19% for total shots fired calls from 2021.

The following is a chart showing the change in calls from 2021 to 2022 for total, fatal, non-fatal, casings located (with or without property damage), and unfounded shots fired calls.



*Fatal shots fired calls in the above chart do not include any self-inflicted fatal wounds

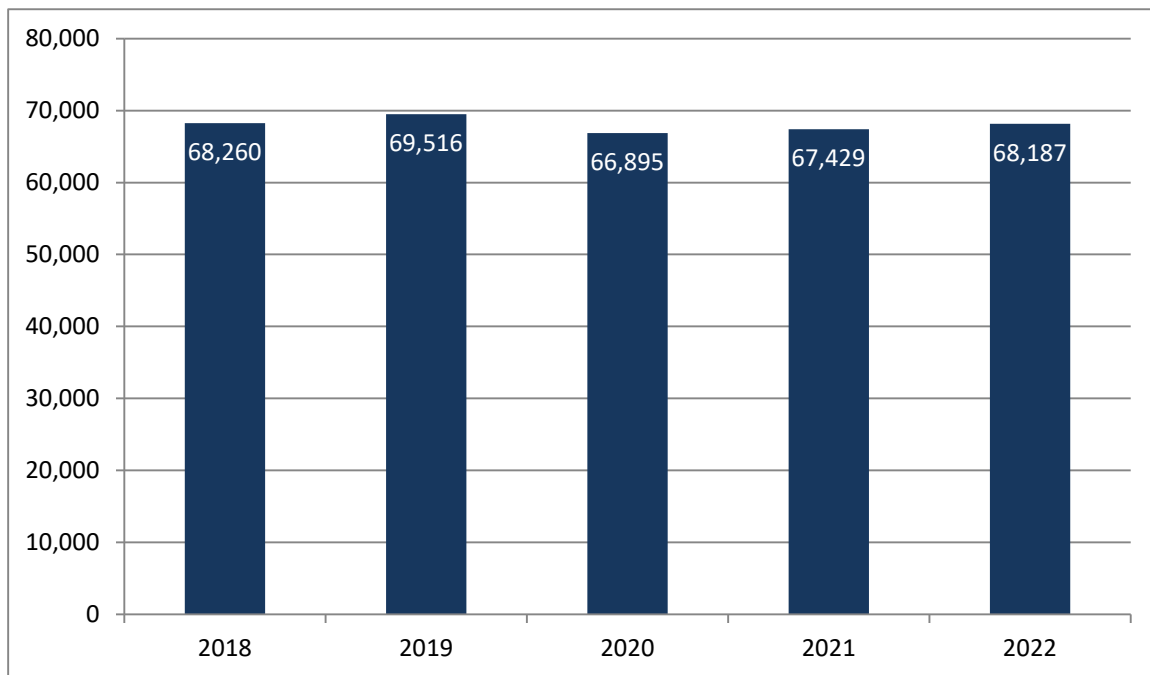
**Unfounded- Includes when officers searched the area and did not find any evidence of a shooting

Calls for Service

A call for service can be received by the Fall River Police Department in many ways. Calls can be generated from what we refer to as “on view”, which means that while the officer is on patrol they are flagged down by a citizen requesting assistance. This could also mean an officer witnesses something during his patrol and self initiates the call. Calls can also come in through the routine line, 9-1-1 (telephone calls and text messages) and walk-ins.

The numbers depicted throughout this section include all calls received by the FRPD Communications Division. This includes all police, fire, and EMS calls for service.

The following is a table depicting the calls for service over the last five years. The FRPD has received and dispatched the following calls for service:



The FRPD saw an increase in calls for service in 2022 when compared to 2021 by 1.12%.

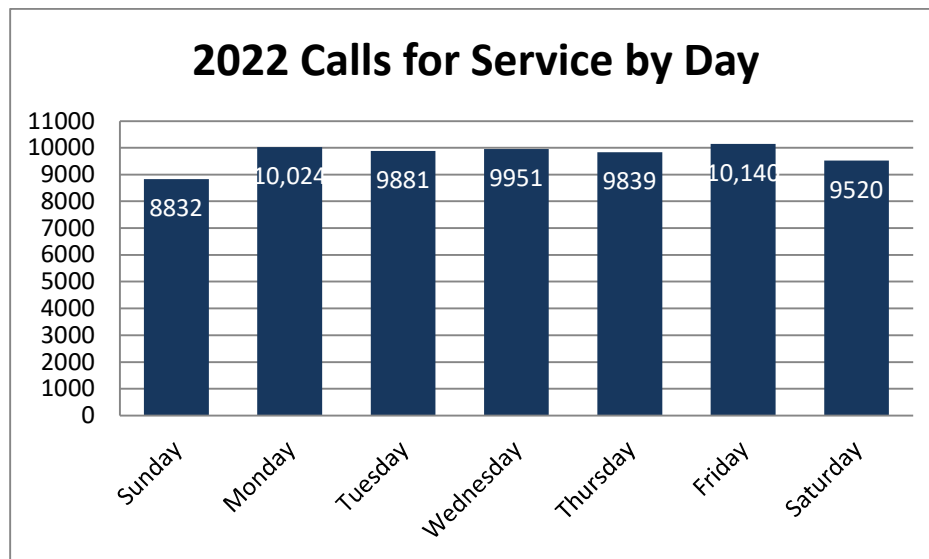
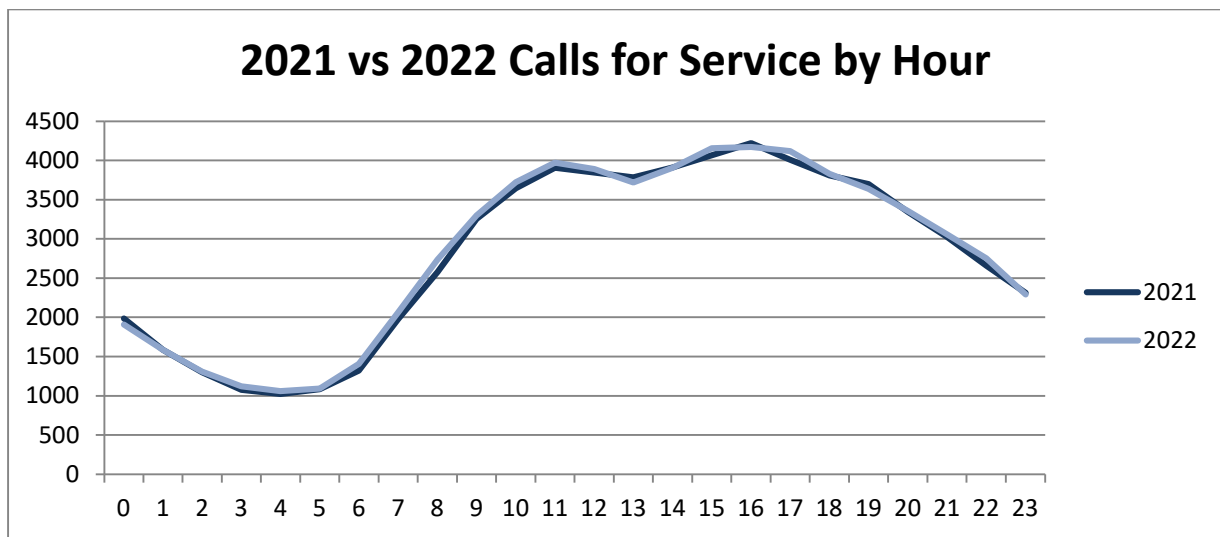
Of the 68,187 calls for service, the police department responded to 43,497 calls for service.



The Fall River Police Department runs the following shifts: day watch, first watch and last watch.

Day watch runs from 0800 hours to 1559 hours, first watch from 1600 hours to 2359 hours and the last watch from 0000 hours to 0759 hours. The following is a table depicting the calls for service based on the shift that was working at the time that the call came in.

	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Day Watch	35,621	28,365	27,272	28,993	29,406
First Watch	28,240	29,914	28,741	27,083	27,230
Last Watch	11,474	11,237	10,882	11,353	11,551

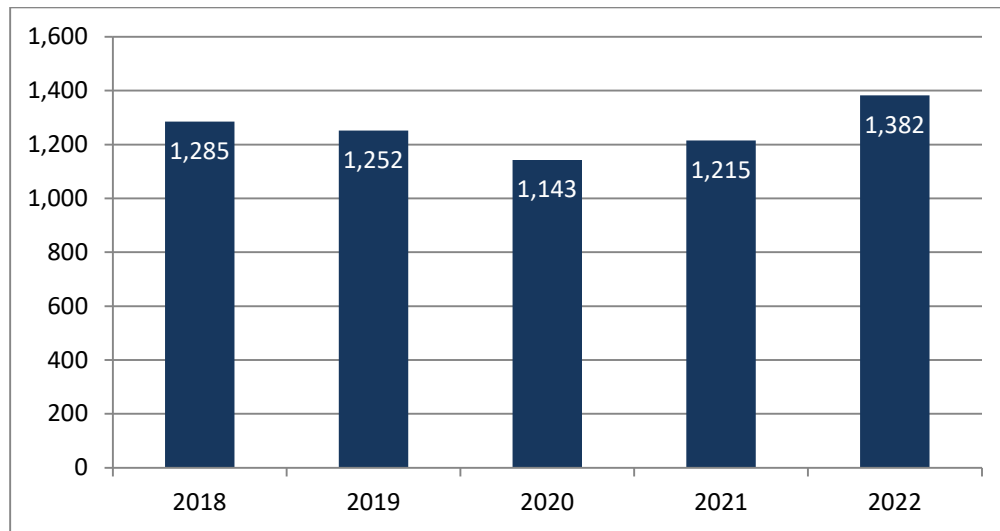


The following table depicts calls for service by hour and day of the week.

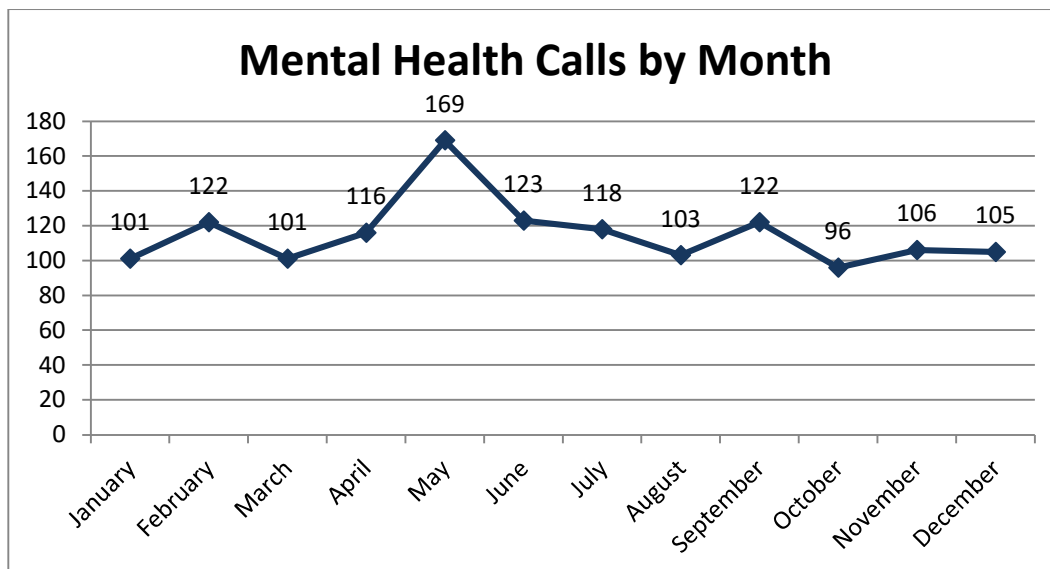
	Sunday	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday	Total
0000-0059	359	271	256	220	242	257	304	1909
0100-0159	302	207	201	207	202	193	275	1587
0200-0259	240	171	147	158	156	167	270	1309
0300-0359	205	149	139	126	145	150	207	1121
0400-0459	186	136	161	125	128	149	176	1061
0500-0559	164	144	168	172	158	142	145	1093
0600-0659	162	211	216	204	204	214	197	1408
0700-0759	239	300	314	350	305	300	255	2063
0800-0859	291	378	408	465	440	436	317	2735
0900-0959	379	499	516	475	509	477	445	3300
1000-1059	463	555	565	564	518	555	504	3724
1100-1159	460	620	624	616	585	595	472	3972
1200-1259	434	632	558	600	565	589	512	3890
1300-1359	430	581	551	559	539	559	501	3720
1400-1459	432	595	594	598	586	596	506	3907
1500-1559	505	635	614	669	602	631	502	4158
1600-1659	484	653	643	660	589	644	500	4173
1700-1759	514	606	631	575	620	659	517	4122
1800-1859	530	585	594	537	535	542	508	3831
1900-1959	504	526	503	571	538	495	503	3640
2000-2059	465	478	447	475	513	490	490	3358
2100-2159	409	440	400	410	451	433	518	3061
2200-2259	369	370	354	340	385	466	470	2754
2300-2359	306	282	277	275	324	401	426	2291
Total	8832	10024	9881	9951	9839	10140	9520	68187

Mental Health

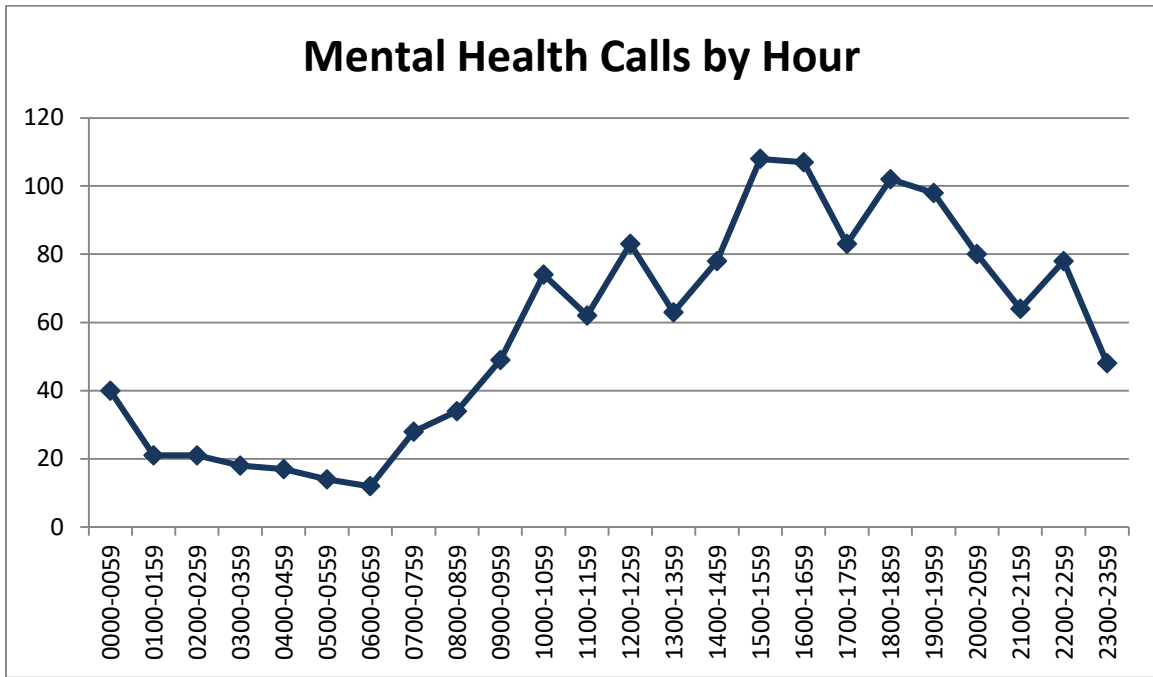
The Communications Division received a total of 1,382 calls for service due to a citizen having a mental health crisis in 2022. This is an increase of 13.74% from 2021. Since 2018, the rate of mental health calls has increased 7.55%. The following is a chart depicting the calls that were received while someone was having a mental health crisis for the last five years. *NOTE: These numbers represent calls for service that come in as a mental health call. These numbers do not represent the total number of mental health incidents dealt with.



Mental health calls to the police department were the highest in May and June. The following is a chart showing the number of mental health calls per month.



The police department receives the most calls regarding a mental health crisis between 1500 hrs and 1900 hrs. The following is a chart depicting mental health calls for service received by the communication division in 2022.



Communications Division-Fire Calls



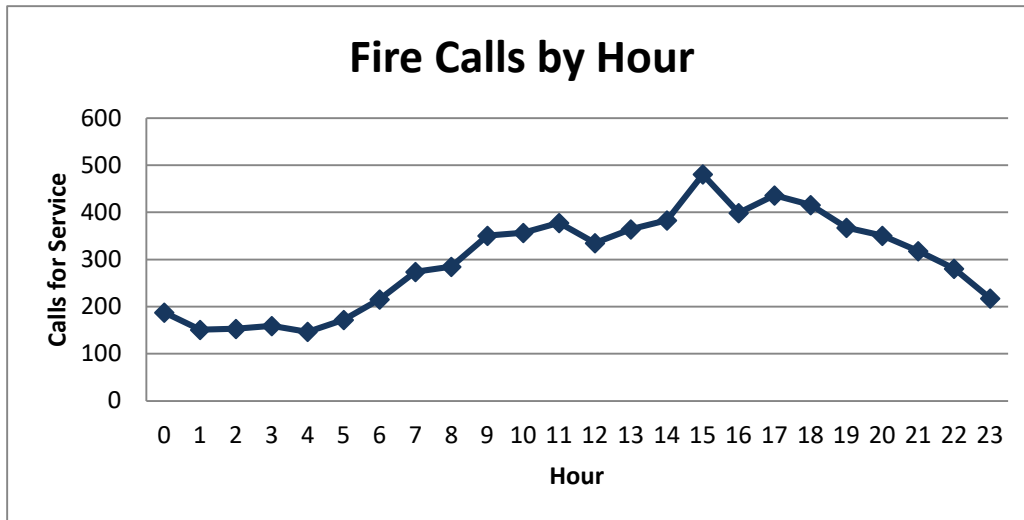
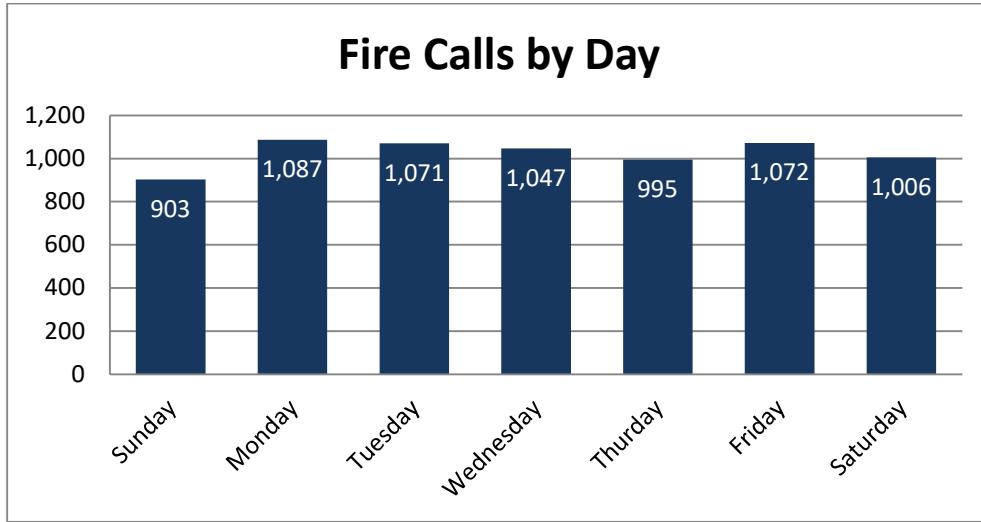
The Communications Division runs a similar schedule as sworn officers, day watch, first watch and last watch. The difference between the Communications Division and the sworn officers is the hours. Day watch runs from 0700 hours to 1459 hours, first watch from 1500 hours to 2259 hours and the last watch from 2300 hours to 0659 hours.

The Fire Department receives calls and is dispatched through the Emergency Dispatchers within the Communications Division employed at the Fall River Police Department.

The FRPD Communications Division received 7,181 calls for service where a fire response was requested. This is an increase from 2021 by 1.35% and also a decrease since 2018 by 9.66%.

The following is a chart depicting the fire calls received by the FRPD Communications Division for the last five years:

2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
7,949	7,283	6,713	7,085	7,181

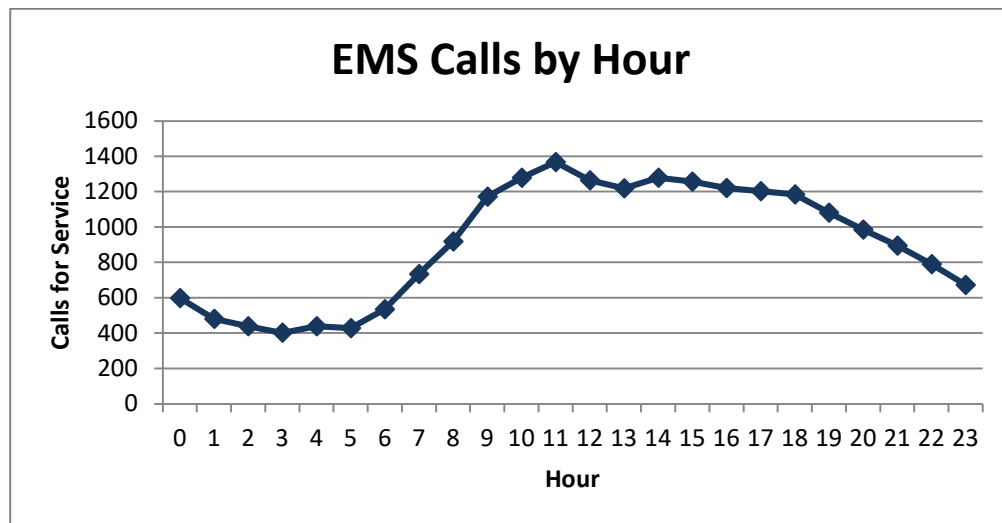
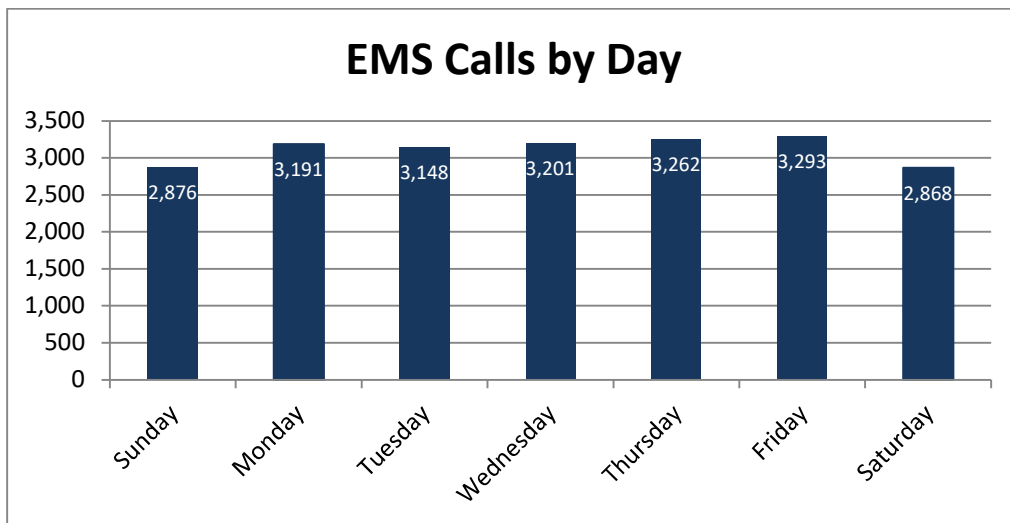


Communications Division- EMS Calls

The FRPD Communications Division received and dispatched 21,839 calls for service where an EMS response was requested. This includes any call that police officers go on and determine a response from EMS is needed. This is an increase from 2021 of 2.83%. 2022 calls for service that requested an EMS response is up 14.27% since 2018. The following is a chart depicting the EMS calls received by the FRPD Communications Division for the last five years:

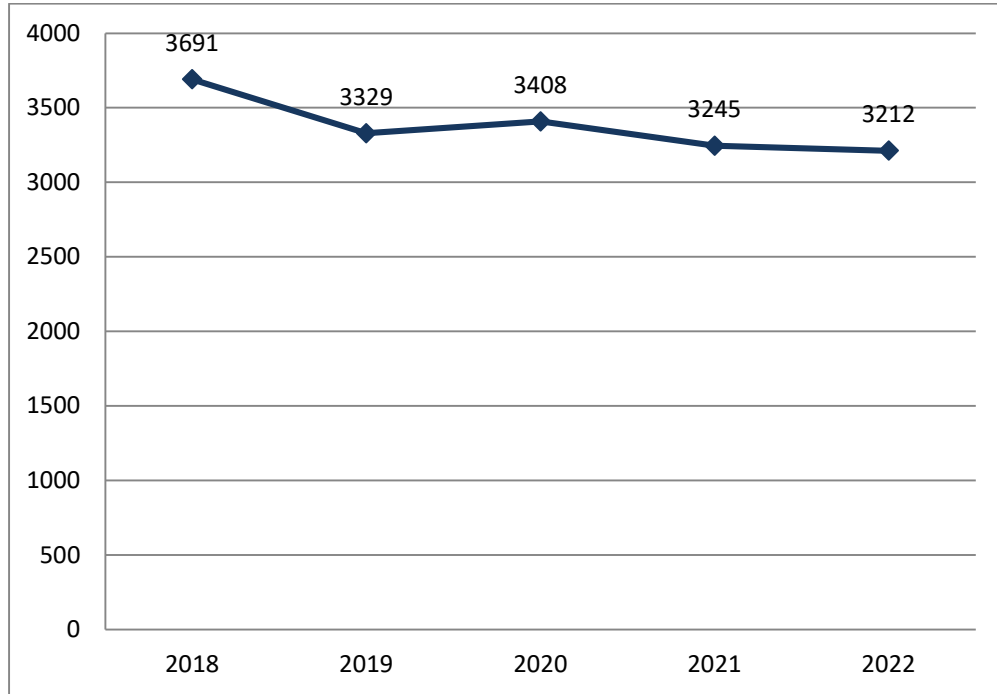
2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
19,112	19,852	18,924	21,238	21,839

The following is a breakdown of EMS calls for service by day of the week and by hour for 2022.



Domestic Violence

The number of domestic violence calls for service decreased from 2021 to 2022 by 1.02%. In 2022 there were a total of 3,212 domestic violence calls for service, which represents a 12.98% decrease from 2018.



The Fall River Police Department Communications Division uses two codes for domestic violence related calls. One code is a 46VL which is a general domestic violence call. The other code is a 50GD which represents a domestic violence call in which there is a weapon involved. Calls are coded based on the initial information given by the caller(s) and may not reflect what officers encounter once on scene. Therefore, the number of calls for domestic violence may not represent the total number of domestic violence reports that are pulled each year. The following is a chart depicting the different rates of both 46VL and 50GD codes used over the last five years.

	46VL	50GD
2018	3616	75
2019	3269	60
2020	3349	59
2021	3162	83
2022	3132	80

The following is a breakdown of the domestic violence calls (46VL and 50GD) by hour over 2022.

Time	# of DV Calls
0000-0059	151
0100-0159	116
0200-0259	85
0300-0359	56
0400-0459	34
0500-0559	39
0600-0659	44
0700-0759	67
0800-0859	81
0900-0959	102
1000-1059	114
1100-1159	136
1200-1259	138
1300-1359	141
1400-1459	152
1500-1559	157
1600-1659	186
1700-1759	202
1800-1859	185
1900-1959	192
2000-2059	227
2100-2159	219
2200-2259	195
2300-2359	193

Since the start of COVID-19, domestics have been tracked in more depth. In the additional statistics tracking, there are 3 categories: domestic assaults, domestic-no abuse, and domestic-total. Domestic assault includes anything where a warrant was requested or an arrest was made (aggravated and simple assaults). Domestic-no abuse includes police responses where there was some type of domestic argument that is not an assault (no action needed to be taken). The following are charts and tables showing the statistics for each.

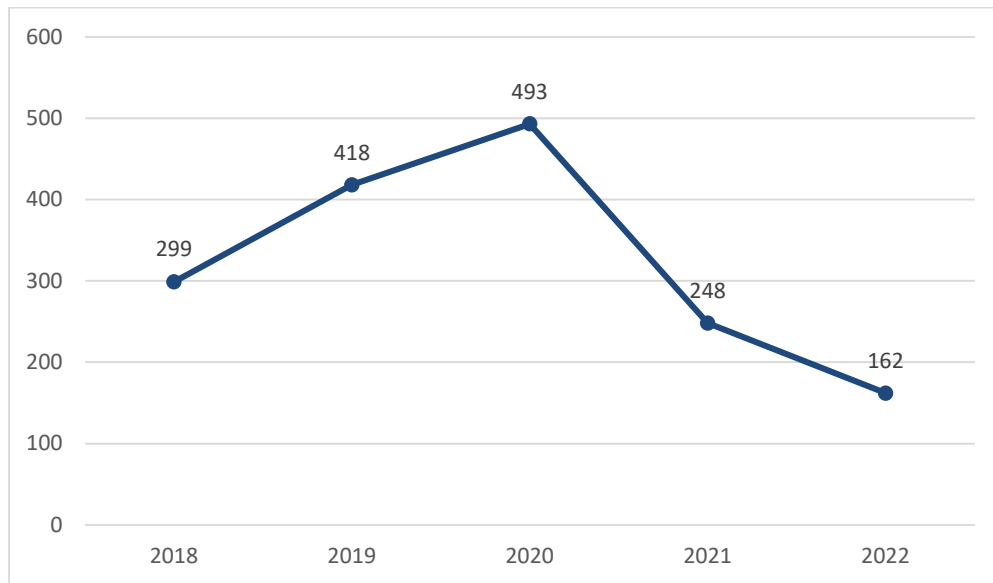
Domestic Assaults				Domestic-No Abuse			
	2021	2022	% Change		2021	2022	% Change
January	70	77	+10.00%	January	112	129	+15.18%
February	74	101	+36.49%	February	139	108	-22.30%
March	70	94	+34.29%	March	122	143	+17.21%
April	90	78	-13.33%	April	106	148	+39.62%
May	81	91	+12.35%	May	158	152	-3.80%
June	79	70	-11.39%	June	156	143	-8.33%
July	97	89	-8.25%	July	173	174	+0.58%
August	87	92	+5.75%	August	162	140	-13.58%
September	83	94	+13.25%	September	139	125	-10.07%
October	63	93	+47.62%	October	143	117	-18.18%
November	86	54	-37.21%	November	141	102	-27.14%
December	93	77	-17.20%	December	132	130	-1.52%
Total	973	1010	+3.80%	Total	1,683	1,611	-4.28%

Domestic Total			
	2021	2022	% Change
January	182	206	+13.19%
February	213	209	-1.88%
March	192	237	+23.44%
April	196	226	+15.31%
May	239	243	+1.67%
June	235	213	-9.36%
July	270	263	-2.59%
August	249	232	-6.83%
September	222	219	-1.35%
October	206	210	+1.94%
November	227	156	-31.28%
December	225	207	-8.00%
Total	2,656	2,621	-1.32%

Drug Arrests

In 2022, the FRPD arrested 162 individuals on at least one drug charge.

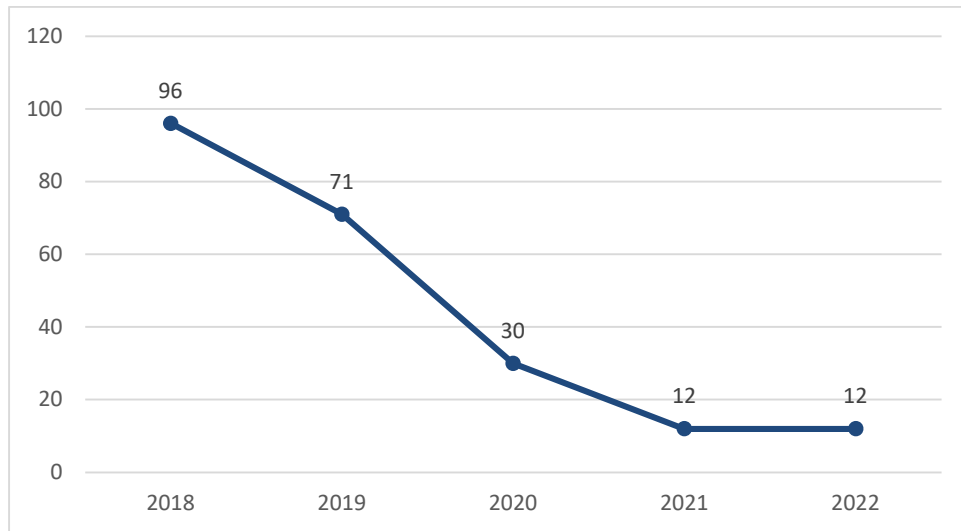
The following is a chart showing the drug arrests over the last five years. This chart represents the total number of arrests rather than the total number of drug charges.



Prostitution Arrests

This year the FRPD arrested 12 individuals on at least one prostitution charge. This represents no change from 2021.

The following is a chart showing the prostitution arrests over the last five years.

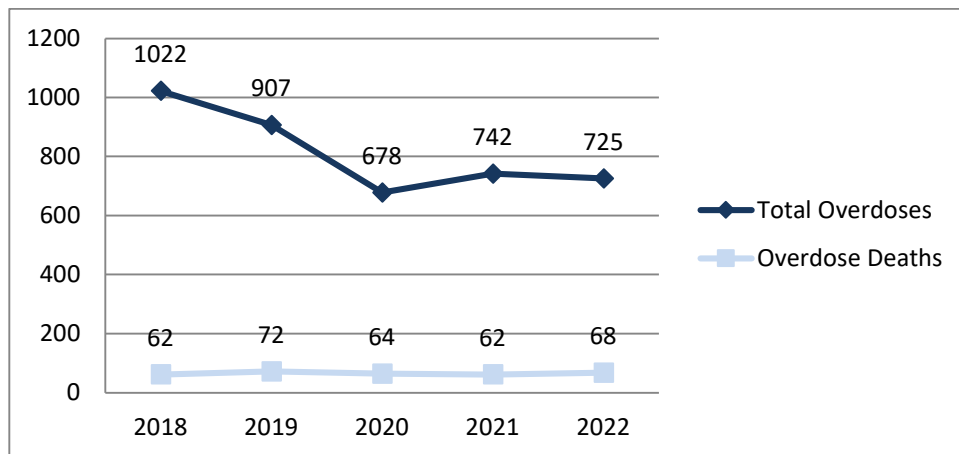


Overdoses

The overdose epidemic has been hitting the United States and Fall River is not exempt.

Fall River has seen an increase in overdoses over the last several years.

In 2018, there were a total of 1,022 overdoses including 62 fatal overdoses. In 2019, there were 907 overdoses with 72 fatal overdoses. Between 2018 and 2019 there was a decrease of 11.25% in overdoses. Between 2019 and 2020, there was a decrease of 25.25% for overdoses. Between 2020 and 2021, there was an increase of 9.44%. Between 2021 and 2022 there was a decrease of 2.29% for total overdoses. In 2022, there were a total of 725 overdoses including 68 fatal overdoses. The 2022 numbers represent a 29.06% decrease from 2018 for total overdoses and a 9.67% increase in overdose deaths.



Numerous departments and cities around the country are developing programs to help those who need assistance in getting clean once they are drug involved. In Fall River, “Project Reconnect” was developed and has volunteers reach out to individuals after an overdose and try to offer assistance to them and their families. Project Reconnect operates with assistance from the FRPD, FREMS, FR City Hall, Bristol County D.A.’s Office, SSTAR, Seven Hills Foundation, Recover Fall River, Treatment Development Corporation, BOLD Coalition, St. Anne’s Hospital and Charlton Memorial Hospital.

Project Reconnect’s mission statement is “for citizens and community organizations to work together to provide continuous care for an individual suffering from substance abuse disorder who’s recently overdosed and to connect them and their loved ones to needed services in or around Fall River who will provide assistance and support for them to begin and maintain recovery. Our Recovery Connection Team provides hope and resources without judgment or bias to see to it that no addict be left behind.”

In 2022, the Fall River Police Department created the Fall River Addiction Support Team (F.A.S.T.). F.A.S.T. assists those who suffer from substance and alcohol abuse, homelessness, and mental illness. F.A.S.T. has been successful in ensuring the police department as well as those in the community have Narcan readily available. F.A.S.T. has also been successful in connecting individuals in need or in crisis with resources in the community.

For more information regarding Project Reconnect, you can visit c-o-p-e.org/project-reconnect.html.

*Mission Statement gathered from c-o-p-e.org/project-reconnect.html

Missing Persons

The number of calls for service regarding missing persons has increased from 2021 to 2022 by 36.94%. In 2022 there were a total of 1,127 missing persons calls for service, which represents a 26.96% decrease from 2018.

