TCU CTSFORM – Criminal Thinking Scales

Scales and Item Scoring Guide

<u>Scoring Instructions</u>. Items shown below from this assessment are *re-grouped by scales*, and response categories are 1=Strongly Disagree to 5=Strongly Agree. Scores for *each scale* are calculated as follows (and no more than half of the items for any scale can be missing).

Find and reverse the scoring for reflected items (i.e., those designated with ®) by –

- a. subtracting the response value (1 to 5) for this item from "6", (e.g., if the response is "2", the *revised* score is "4" [i.e., 6-2=4]),
- 2. Sum the response values of all non-missing items for each scale,
- 3. Divide the sum of item responses by the number of items included (yielding an average),
- 4. <u>Multiply this average</u> by 10 (in order to *rescale* the score so it ranges from 10 to 50) (e.g., an average response of "2.6" for a scale therefore becomes a score of "26").

A. Entitlement (EN)*

- 9. You have paid your dues in life and are justified in taking what you want.
- 22. You feel you are above the law.
- 23. It is okay to commit crime in order to pay for the things you need.
- 24. Society owes you a better life.
- 32. Your good behavior should allow you to be irresponsible sometimes.
- 33. It is okay to commit crime in order to live the life you deserve.

B. Justification (JU)*

- 7. You rationalize your actions with statements like "Everyone else is doing it, so why shouldn't I?"
- 11. When being asked about the motives for engaging in crime, you point out how hard your life has been.
- 16. You find yourself blaming the victims of some of your crimes.
- 25. Breaking the law is no big deal as long as you do not physically harm someone.
- 26. You find yourself blaming society and external circumstances for the problems in your life.
- 35. You justify the crimes you commit by telling yourself that if you had not done it, someone else would have.

C. Power Orientation (PO)*

- 4. When people tell you what to do, you become aggressive.
- 10. When not in control of a situation, you feel the need to exert power over others.
- 13. You argue with others over relatively trivial matters.
- 14. If someone disrespects you then you have to straighten them out, even if you have to get physical.
- 15. You like to be in control.
- 20. You think you have to pay back people who mess with you.
- 28. The only way to protect yourself is to be ready to fight.

Retention Schedule: This form shall be utilized per the scoring instructions until revised or obsolete.

D. Cold Heartedness (CH)

- 1. You get upset when you hear about someone who has lost everything in a natural disaster. ®
- 6. Seeing someone cry makes you sad. ®
- 12. You are sometimes so moved by an experience that you feel emotions you cannot describe. ®
- 17. You feel people are important to you. ®
- 27. You worry when a friend is having problems. ®

E. Criminal Rationalization (CN)

- 5. Anything can be fixed in court if you have the right connections.
- 8. Bankers, lawyers, and politicians get away with breaking the law every day.
- 18. This country's justice system was designed to treat everyone equally. ®
- 19. Police do worse things than do the "criminals" they lock up.
- 30. It is unfair that you are locked-up when bankers, lawyers, and politicians get away with their crimes.
- 34. Prosecutors often tell witnesses to lie in court.

F. Personal Irresponsibility (PI)

- 2. You are locked-up because you had a run of bad luck.
- 3. The real reason you are locked-up is because of your race.
- 21. Nothing you do here is going to make a difference in the way you are treated.
- 29. You are not to blame for everything you have done.
- 31. Laws are just a way to keep poor people down.
- 36. You may be a criminal, but your environment made you that way.

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Institute of Behavioral Research Texas Christian University TCU Box 298740, Fort Worth, TX 76129 (817) 257-7226 [FAX (817) 257-7290]

Email: ibr@tcu.edu; Web site: www.ibr.tcu.edu

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^{*}A revised "Psychological Inventory of Criminal Thinking Styles (PICTS)" scale, taken from Walters, G. D. (1998). *Changing lives of crime and drugs: Intervening with substance-abusing offenders*. New York: John Wiley & Sons.