

**MERIDIAN TOWNSHIP POLICE DEPARTMENT
GENERAL ORDER**

Subject: DRIVING IMPAIRED OFFENSES	General Order: 704
Effective Date: July 1, 2004 Revision Date: April 8, 2025	Distribution: Sworn Personnel

I. PURPOSE

This general order establishes procedures for the detection, field investigation, and arrest of persons believed to be under the influence of alcohol and/or drugs while operating a motor vehicle.

II. POLICY

Awareness of the dangers associated with drinking and driving has resulted in a public demand for stringent enforcement of alcohol and drug related driving offenses by law enforcement. Aggressive enforcement of alcohol and drug related driving offenses has been credited with reducing death and serious injury rates. Therefore, it is the policy of the Meridian Township Police Department to aggressively enforce all laws pertaining to the illegal operation of a vehicle due to the influence or impairment of alcohol or drugs.

Once an officer has established probable cause that an operating while intoxicated offense has occurred, the person will be arrested. Persons arrested for alcohol or drug related driving offenses will be processed in accordance with this directive. Vehicles driven by persons arrested for operating under the influence of alcohol or drugs will be processed in compliance with Department procedure.

III. PROCEDURES

A. Detection

1. While on patrol, officers should be alert for predictive indicators of persons driving under the influence, such as excessive or slow speed, weaving, hesitation at traffic control devices, wide sweeping turns, cutting too close to objects or striking them while turning, running off the roadway for no apparent reason, etc.
2. Day of the week, time of day and location may assist the officer in developing reasonable suspicion to stop and detain persons suspected of driving under the influence.
3. The Department will provide training to officers to develop skills in the detection, apprehension, and processing of impaired driving offenses.

4. The Department will periodically assign selective enforcement units to detect and apprehend persons driving under the influence of alcohol or drugs.

B. Detainment and Investigation

1. When an officer observes a vehicle that is being operated in a manner that leads the officer to believe the driver may be under the influence of alcohol or drugs, the vehicle will be stopped, as soon as reasonable, and detained for the purpose of conducting a field investigation.
 - a. The in-car video recording equipment should be activated as soon as practical to record violations and driving actions.
2. While the suspect vehicle is stopping, the officer should be observant to additional indicators such as hesitation, confusion on where to stop, sudden braking, disregarding of traffic control devices and signals to stop, disposing of partially consumed containers of alcohol and furtive movements indicating the concealing of items within the vehicle.
3. Once the vehicle has stopped, the officer should cautiously approach the vehicle remaining alert for further indicators of intoxication or sudden attempts to elude or evade detection.
4. A backup unit should be requested at the scene to provide security to the investigating officer, witness the conversation, and field sobriety tasks, and to assist in the disposition of the violator's vehicle, if an arrest is made.
5. Greet the driver courteously and inform them of the specific reason for the stop. (Providing the name of the officer and department would be an appropriate component in the greeting.) A driver's license and/or other identification should then be requested as soon as possible to establish the identity of the driver. During this period, the officer should make further observations of the driver such as blood shot or watery eyes, slurred speech, loss of short-term memory, dexterity or coordination, smell of alcoholic liquor, demeanor and any admissions the driver may make. The officer should observe the interior of the vehicle for evidence of the consumption of alcoholic liquor and/or other contraband.
6. Miranda Warnings will not be given to a person suspected of an alcohol or drug related driving offense until after the person has been placed in custody and advised of their chemical test rights.

C. Field Sobriety Tasks

1. Field sobriety tasks shall be performed in an area away from the normal flow of traffic and with the utmost regard for the safety of the officer and the person being tested.
2. The following field sobriety tasks should be performed and the results recorded on an Operating While Impaired Form. (See Appendix A). It is recommended that the following field sobriety tasks will be requested from each person suspected of driving under the influence of alcohol or drugs with the exception of those persons who passively refuse, are combative or uncooperative, have physical limitations that would prevent them from completing the tasks, or are physically injured from an accident.
 - Horizontal gaze nystagmus
 - Walk and turn
 - One leg stand
3. Officers may request that a person perform additional appropriate tasks if the officer has been trained to administer such tasks. They include:
 - Romberg and/or standing tasks
 - Finger to nose
 - Alphabet or counting backwards
 - Pupil response to light
4. Drivers who are detained for investigation of intoxication that claim disabilities will not be required to perform those field sobriety tasks that would be affected by their disability. The officer conducting the field sobriety tasks will note the claimed disabilities on the Operating While Impaired Form.

D. Preliminary Breath Testing (PBT)

1. After completion of field sobriety tasks, a person still suspected of operating a vehicle under the influence of alcohol or drugs will be advised of their PBT rights and asked to submit to a PBT.
2. The PBT will be administered by a certified PBT operator after the operator is satisfied that the person has not belched, smoked, vomited, or ingested any substance for fifteen (15) minutes prior to the test.

3. The time the person was advised of their PBT rights, the time the PBT test was given, the name of the PBT operator and the results of the test will be indicated on the Operating While Impaired Form.
4. Drivers who refuse the PBT test will be cited on a Uniform Law Citation (ULC) for PBT refusal.
5. It will be the responsibility of the PBT operator to determine if a PBT test is technically refused due to inadequate breath sample, foreign matter in the person's mouth or an uncooperative nature. The PBT operator's name and the reason for the technical refusal will be included in the officer's report. If the PBT is programmed to register a technical refusal, that information should also be included in the report.

E. Arrest Procedure

1. Once probable cause is developed indicating that the person detained was operating a vehicle under the influence of intoxicating liquor or drugs, the person will be advised that he/she is under arrest and for which offense. The time of the arrest will be noted on the Operating While Impaired Form.
2. The arrested person will be placed in handcuffs, searched for weapons and contraband, and secured in the rear of the patrol vehicle.
3. Following arrest, the person's vehicle will be searched per department policy and current legal decisions. Evidence of drugs, alcohol, contraband and weapons will be seized with the details of the seizure contained in the officer's report.
4. Disposition of the arrested person's vehicle will be made in accordance with Department's general order for Impounding and Inventory of Vehicles, 706.

F. Chemical Test Rights

1. Chemical test rights shall be read to the arrested person verbatim using the rights as printed on the reverse side of either DI-177 Breath, Blood, Urine Test Report or DI-93 Officer's Report of Refusal To Submit To Chemical Test. The time and place the arrested person was advised of their chemical test rights will be indicated on the Operating While Impaired form. If an arrested person asks questions about their chemical test rights, the arresting officer shall re-read the applicable sections verbatim.

- Revised
2. The arresting officer will determine the type of chemical test to be offered. The preferred method of chemical testing for alcohol offenses will be a breath test using the State certified breath test instrument. The preferred chemical testing for drug offenses shall be a blood test. However, the officer's decision will be based upon:
- Any medical or physical conditions
 - Availability of a State certified breath test instrument
 - Availability of medical facilities
 - Type of substance believed ingested.
- Revised
3. The Meridian Township Police Department is the preferred site for voluntary breath tests. The Ingham County Jail may be used if this Department's State certified breath test instrument is out of service. Any delays in the testing procedure will be documented in the officer's report.
4. Legal Counsel - The arresting officer should make reasonable efforts to allow the arrested person to speak with legal counsel prior to chemical testing if the person requests to do so.
5. Independent Test - Once the arrested person completes chemical testing at the request of the arresting officer, that person has the right to have another test performed by a person of his or her own choosing. Should the person request the additional testing, it is the responsibility of the arresting officer to provide reasonable transportation to the testing site. It is the responsibility of the arrested person to pay the costs of the independent test and to obtain any laboratory results. The results of the independent test can also be admissible in the criminal proceeding against the person.
- a. Samples for independent tests shall not be collected by MTPD personnel.
 - b. If the subject is lodged, no longer in our custody, and requests an independent test MTPD personnel shall provide reasonable transportation for the test.
6. An Officer's Report of Refusal to Submit to a Chemical Test Form (DI-93) will be completed on all persons arrested for an alcohol or drug related driving offense who refuse a chemical test at the request of the arresting officer. This form will be entered into LEIN prior to the end of the officer's tour of duty.

- a. The first and second copy (white) of the DI-93 will be given to the arrested person after completion by the arresting officer. The third and fourth copies (pink) will be attached to the arresting officer's report.
 - b. Whenever a person is arrested for an alcohol/drug related offense and that person refuses a chemical test or remains mute after a reasonable request, post-rights, the arresting officer will complete a DI-93 form.
 - c. The driver's license of the arrested person will be confiscated and destroyed. In the event the arrested person does not have their license with them at the time of the arrest, the arresting officer will check the appropriate boxes on the DI-93 form and indicate in the report where the license is claimed to be and why it was not confiscated and destroyed.
7. The arrested person must provide a definitive answer of "yes" or "no" when chemical testing is required. Persons who refuse to give a definitive answer or remain mute will be given a reasonable amount of time after the advice of chemical rights and they will be advised that an answer is necessary. Persons who still refuse to give a definitive answer or remain mute will be cited on an Officer's Report of Refusal to submit to a Chemical Test Form (DI-93).

Revised G. Breath Testing

1. If the arrested person consents to a breath test at the request of the arresting officer, the person will be transported without delay to an available breath testing site.
2. The breath testing will be conducted by a State of Michigan certified State certified breath test instrument Operator in accordance with the instructions in the operator's manual.
3. Personnel in the booking area shall not transmit on their portable radios during a breath test except during an emergency situation. Radio transmissions may cause a disruption in the test which will result in a "Radio Frequency Interference" once detected. Cellular phones, portable radios, and other electronic communication devices shall be turned off during the test.

4. Because officers will not have access to their portable radios during the testing process, a second officer shall be in the police department observing in case of emergency while the radios are turned off. Should a second officer not be available to assist, the arresting officer shall either bring the arrestee to the Ingham County Jail to complete the breath test or offer the arrestee a blood test.
5. The arresting officer shall retain a copy of the State certified breath test instrument printout, and a copy shall be given to the arrested person.
6. If anyone other than the arresting officer administers the State certified breath test instrument test, that officer's name, identification number and agency will be included in the arresting officer's report.
7. It is the responsibility of the State certified breath test instrument Operator to determine if the arrested person technically refused the breath test. The reason for the technical refusal will be indicated in the arresting officer's report.
8. A person who technically refuses the State certified breath test instrument test will be submitted for refusal (DI-93) as outlined in the Chemical Rights section of this procedure.
9. A DI-177, Breath, Blood, Urine Test Report will be completed by the arresting officer on all persons arrested for alcohol driving related offenses who submit to a breath test. The arresting officer will enter the results into LEIN prior to the end of their tour of duty.
 - a. The Records Department is responsible for updating impaired driving offenses when information is available from the Michigan State Police Crime Lab.
10. If the breath test reveals a bodily alcohol content level of .08% or greater, the driver's license of the arrested person will be confiscated and destroyed by shredding or similarly effective means. The third copy of the DI-177 will be given to the arrested person for use as a temporary license. The second copy of the DI-177 will be destroyed.
11. If the blood alcohol level of the arrested person is less than .08% BAC, the second and third copy of the DI-177 will be destroyed and the driver's license of the arrested person will be returned. The first page of the DI-177 will be attached to the arresting officer's report.

12. Persons arrested with a known bodily alcohol content of .30% or higher, will be transported to the appropriate medical facility as designated by the Department for medical examination. A medical discharge form from the medical facility will be obtained prior to the lodging the person at the Ingham County Jail.
13. The subject should remain handcuffed during the observation period. The observation period must be conducted by a certified breath test operator.

H. Blood Search Warrants

1. Blood search warrants will be sought and blood samples obtained on all persons arrested for alcohol or drug related driving offenses who refuse to submit to chemical testing upon request of the arresting officer.
2. The blood search warrant will be completed by the arresting officer and submitted to the on call judge or magistrate to request approval of the blood search warrant.
3. Distribution of search warrant copies is as follows:
 - District Court
 - Attached to the arresting officer's report
 - Correctional or medical facility copy
 - Arrested person's copy
4. Once a blood alcohol search warrant is approved and signed, the arrested person will be transported to the approved medical facility or other designated facility, the warrant will be read to the subject and the blood sample drawn.
5. The name of the District Court Judge or Magistrate signing the blood alcohol search warrant and the time it was signed will be included in the arresting officer's report.

I. Blood Test

1. The person will be transported to an approved medical facility.
 - a. Officers transporting an arrested subject to an approved medical facility for a voluntary blood draw shall take with them a Search Warrant Packet and a Blood Draw Kit.

2. Handcuffs should not be removed from the arrested person unless requested by medical personnel to facilitate the withdrawal of the blood sample or medical screening.
3. The arresting officer is responsible for controlling the arrested person should the person resist efforts to remove blood. If needed, additional police personnel will be requested to assist the arresting officer. All resistance encountered will be noted in the arresting officer's report along with the names of assisting police personnel.
 - a. If, in the judgment of the medical personnel, the arrested person cannot be sufficiently restrained to allow a safe withdrawal of blood, the medical personnel may refuse to do so. Details of such refusals will be included in the officer's report.
4. The names and/or identification numbers of medical personnel either drawing the blood or assisting in the withdrawal will be included in the arresting officer's report.
5. Specimen collection kits provided by the Michigan State Police will be used for the collection of blood samples.
6. All blood tests shall be taken only by authorized personnel and in accordance with the instructions found within the blood kit package.
7. The arresting officer will obtain the completed specimen collection kit from medical personnel, complete the information form included with the kit, enclose the first and second copy of the information form inside the kit, and seal the kit with the seals provided. The third copy of the information form will be attached to the arresting officer's report.
8. Specimen collection kits will be placed into evidence according to procedure 1102, Submission of Evidence and Property.
9. A DI-177 will be completed and the arrested person's driver's license retained for alcohol related driving offenses. The driver's license will be stapled to the first and second copy of the DI-177 and the form attached to the arresting officer's report. The third copy will be given to the arrested person as a temporary driver's license.
10. The Court Services Officer will screen all blood test results when received from the Michigan State Police Crime Lab.

- a. When results show a bodily alcohol content of .08% or greater, the driver's license will be shredded and the second page of the DI-177 mailed to the arrested person showing them the results.
 - b. Those having bodily alcohol content of .07 % or less will have their license mailed to them along with the second page of DI-177 showing the results.
- J. Operating With the Presence of Drugs (OWPD)
1. An officer investigating a person for erratic operation of a motor vehicle should be alerted to the possibility of the use of drugs.
 2. Arrested persons believed to be under the influence of drugs while driving should be asked to submit a blood test and chemical testing completed in accord with section I of this directive.
 3. When the results of the a breath test do not correlate with the degree of intoxication observed by the arresting officer, a blood search warrant will be completed and a blood sample obtained in accordance with sections H and I of this directive.
 4. To develop the needed probable cause, the arresting officer's report and the blood alcohol search warrant will document the reasons drug use is suspected.
- K. Impaired Driving (<.08 BAC)
1. Procedures for detection, arrest, chemical testing and lodging of persons suspected of operating while visibly impaired will be the same as those established for operating while intoxicated.
 2. All persons arrested with test results showing a bodily alcohol content of less than .08% will be processed for driving intoxicated in compliance with this directive. The Township Attorney or the Ingham County Prosecutor may later amend the charge to impaired. (This does not apply to persons covered by the zero tolerance statute.)
 3. The arresting officer will be required to complete an investigation that fulfills statutory requirements, and demonstrates the alcohol related impairment, while documenting all driving actions that substantiate an impaired driving charge. In order to support an Impaired Driving charge, the arresting officer must describe those actions that demonstrate that the driver was visibly impaired while operating a motor vehicle.

L. Commercial Motor Vehicle Law

1. A person, whether licensed or not who has an alcohol content of 0.04 or above shall not operate a commercial motor vehicle. An Officer may arrest a person without a warrant under either of the following circumstances:
 - a. An officer has reasonable cause to believe that the person was, at the time of an accident, the driver of a commercial motor vehicle involved in an accident and was operating the vehicle with a blood alcohol content of 0.04 or greater.
 - b. The person is found in the driver's seat of a commercial motor vehicle parked or stopped on a highway or street if any part of the vehicle intrudes into the roadway and the officer has reasonable cause to believe the person was operating the vehicle with a blood alcohol content of 0.04 or greater.
2. Lodging/Citation/Bond – see section N (1-5).

M. Zero Tolerance

1. Officers should be alert to persons under the age of twenty one (21) who have consumed alcohol while or prior to driving a motor vehicle.
2. Persons under the age of twenty one (21) suspected of having alcohol in their bodies will be processed under the provisions of this directive.
3. Persons, seventeen (17) to twenty (20) years of age, showing a bodily alcohol content of .02% to .07% will be cited on a ULC. A court appearance will be scheduled in accordance with bonding policy of 55th District Court.
 - a. A persons seventeen (17) years of age arrested for Zero Tolerance will be lodged in jail, until safe to release. If the arrested person cannot be lodged, the arrestee must be turned over to a parent or guardian.
4. Persons arrested under Zero Tolerance who are sixteen years of age or less will be processed at Meridian Township Police Department and then released to a parent, or if unavailable, a responsible adult. A juvenile release form will be completed and attached to the arresting officer's arrest report. A ULC will be issue to the juvenile and the court information changed to probate court.

N. Lodging/Citation/Bond

1. A person arrested for alcohol or drug related driving offenses will be lodged at the Ingham County Jail with the exception of persons treated and admitted to a medical facility due to injury or medical conditions.
2. For first offense violations, the person arrested will be issued a ULC under the appropriate local ordinance with a court appearance date in accordance with the court appearance schedule. Bond will be established in accordance with the 55th District Court bond schedule.
3. For second or third offense violations, a warrant will be requested from the Ingham County Prosecutor's Office. Bond will be established in accordance with the 55th District Court's bond procedure and a court date will be in set according to the court appearance schedule. (No ULC will be issued)
4. Persons arrested for alcohol or drug related driving offenses shall be issued a ULC for violations that occurred in addition to the intoxicated driving offense.
5. Persons arrested for High Bac (>.17%) shall not be issued a ULC. Instead, charges will be sought through the Township Attorney. All other violations can be cited on a ULC. Bond will be established in accordance with the 55th District Court's bond procedure and a court date will be set according to the court appearance schedule.

O. Fatal and Serious Personal Injury Accidents

1. Officers investigating motor vehicle accidents should be alert to the possibility that the use of alcohol or drugs may have contributed to the cause of the accident.
2. If the officer suspects that a person operating a vehicle involved in an accident is under the influence of alcohol or drugs, a field investigation as outlined in this directive will be conducted. If probable cause is developed, the person will be arrested and processed in compliance with this directive.
3. In all fatal and serious personal injury motor vehicle accidents, all surviving drivers shall be asked to voluntarily submit to a PBT whether or not alcohol or drugs is suspected as a contributing factor. If alcohol or drugs are suspected, the PBT will not be requested until after an

operating while impaired investigation has been completed. The results will be documented in the officer's report.

4. Where the operator of a motor vehicle involved in a fatal or serious personal injury accident is arrested for Operating While Intoxicated, Driving Impaired, or Driving with a Presence of Drugs, a traffic citation will not be issued. Upon completion of the investigation, the case will be reviewed by the Ingham County Prosecutor's Office and appropriate warrants will be sought at that time.
5. A Blood Search Warrant shall be sought for all drivers believed to be under the influence of alcohol and/or drugs involved in a fatal or serious personal injury accident, even if the person consents to a voluntary blood withdrawal.
 - a. The blood test shall take place at an approved medical facility under the direction of a physician. The specimen collection kit will be forwarded to the Michigan State Police Lab as indicated in Section H.
 - b. The lead investigator shall send a letter to the MSP Crime Lab requesting that the blood be retained for court.

P. Operating While Impaired Worksheet (Appendix A)

1. This form (Appendix A) is designed to assist the officer in processing and reporting an arrest for an alcohol or drug related driving offense. This form should be used as a guide in conducting the field investigation to record the needed information.
2. The arresting officer will complete an Operating While Impaired Worksheet on all alcohol and drug related driving offenses and attach it to the Incident Report.

IV. CANCELLATIONS

None

Authorized by:



Rick Grillo, Chief of Police

Index as:

Blood Search Warrants

C.D.L. Levels

Driving Impaired

Fatal and Serious Personal Injury Accidents (Alcohol Involved)

Impaired Driving

Operating While Impaired

Operating With The Presence of Drugs

Search Warrants – Blood

Zero Tolerance

Standard 3.6.2

Standard 5.2.1

Application: This directive constitutes department policy, and is not intended to enlarge the employer's or employee's civil or criminal liability in any way. It shall not be construed as the creation of a higher legal standard of safety or care in an evidentiary sense with respect to third party claims insofar as the employer's or employee's legal duty as imposed by law.

**Appendix A
OWI/OWPD Arrest Form**

Incident Number: _____
Citation Number: _____
Date: ____/____/____

File Class: _____
Nature of Offense: _____
Prior Offenses: _____

Name: (Last, First Middle) _____ M/F Date of Birth: ____/____/____

Reason for Stop:

- | | | |
|--|---|--|
| <input type="checkbox"/> Involved in Accident | <input type="checkbox"/> Following too Closely | <input type="checkbox"/> Stopping Inappropriately |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Tires on Center Lane Marker | <input type="checkbox"/> Turning with Wide Radius | <input type="checkbox"/> Slow Speed |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Swerving | <input type="checkbox"/> Weaving | <input type="checkbox"/> Stopping w/o Cause on Roadway |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Speeding _____ | <input type="checkbox"/> Straddling Center Line | <input type="checkbox"/> Accelerating/Decelerating |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Driving off Roadway | <input type="checkbox"/> Braking Erratically | <input type="checkbox"/> Signaling Inconsistent with Driving |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Turning Abruptly/Illegally | <input type="checkbox"/> Drifting | <input type="checkbox"/> Dispatched BOL |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Headlights off | <input type="checkbox"/> Almost Striking Object/Vehicle | <input type="checkbox"/> Other _____ |

Ability to Retrieve License:

- | | | |
|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| <input type="checkbox"/> Good | <input type="checkbox"/> Fair | <input type="checkbox"/> Poor |
|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|

Odor of Intoxicants:

- | | | | |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| <input type="checkbox"/> Strong | <input type="checkbox"/> Medium | <input type="checkbox"/> Minimal | <input type="checkbox"/> Absent |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------------------|

Eyes:

- | | | | |
|------------------------------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| <input type="checkbox"/> Bloodshot | <input type="checkbox"/> Watery | <input type="checkbox"/> Norm | <input type="checkbox"/> Other _____ |
|------------------------------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------------------|

Speech:

- | | | |
|----------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| <input type="checkbox"/> Slurred | <input type="checkbox"/> Normal | <input type="checkbox"/> Defect |
|----------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|

Clothing:

- | | | | |
|-----------------------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| <input type="checkbox"/> Disarray | <input type="checkbox"/> Missing | <input type="checkbox"/> Soiled | <input type="checkbox"/> Neat |
|-----------------------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------------|

Clothing Description: _____

Other Information: Swaying Staggering Bar Stamp Disoriented
 Fumbling Trouble w/ balance Alcohol in Vehicle

Background:

Is accused ill or hurt: _____

Where was accused coming from and going to: _____

How much, what, and when did accused drink: _____

What and when was the last thing the accused had to eat: _____

When was the last time the accused slept: _____

I. Vehicle in Motion

Initial Observations: _____

Observation of stop: _____

II. Personal Contact

Observation of Driver: _____

Statements by driver/passengers: _____

Pre-exit sobriety tasks: _____

Observation of the exit: _____

Additional: _____

Appendix B Standardized Field Sobriety Tasks

III. Pre-Arrest Screening

Horizontal Gaze Nystagmus (HGN)

	Left Eye	Right Eye
Lack of Smooth Pursuit	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Distinct and Sustained Nystagmus at Maximum Deviation	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Onset of Nystagmus Prior to 45 Degrees	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Other: _____		

Walk and Turn (WAT)

Instruction Stage:
 Cannot keep balance
 Starts too soon

Walking Stage:
 Stops walking Misses heel-to-toe Steps off line Raises arms
 Actual number of steps taken: _____ Out: _____ Back: _____
 Improper Turn

Describe: _____

Other/Cannot do task (explain): _____

One Leg Stand (OLS)

Which foot did accused stand on (circle one) Right Left
 Type of Footwear: _____

Sways while balancing Uses arms to balance
 Hopping Puts foot down

Other/Cannot do task (explain): _____

Additional Sobriety Tasks (If Administered):

#1 Name of Task: _____
 Performance: _____

#2 Name of Task: _____
 Performance: _____

Preliminary Breath Test:

PBT Number: _____ PBT Time: _____ PBT Results: _____ Officer: _____

Chemical Test:

Location DI-177 Form Read to Driver: _____ Time: _____
 Type of Test (circle one): **Breath** or **Blood** Results: _____/_____ Time: _____/_____

Vehicle:

Disposition of Vehicle: TOWED PARKED RELEASED to/at: _____

Detainment Location:

Facility: _____ Receiving Officer: _____

Arrest Message Left DI-177/DI-93 Faxed to Dispatch

Officer	CAD	Date	Supervisor	Date
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