

PARADISE VALLEY POLICE GENERAL ORDER

Injunctions Against Harassment

Order Number

74.2

Date

08-21-15

74.2 Injunctions Against Harassment

- A. A person *may* request the court to order an Injunction Against Harassment whenever the person believes they are being subjected to harassment. Generally, such orders are issued when one person is seriously alarming, annoying or harassing another person, but the people are not involved in a domestic relationship (neighbors or former business associates, for example).
- B. When it issues an Injunction Against Harassment, the court *may* order a person not to commit harassment, order a person not to contact another person or go to a specific place, and *may* enter other orders that the court believes are necessary.
- C. A copy of the order is presumed to be a valid existing order of the court for one year from the date of service on the defendant.
- D. A person who violates an Injunction Against Harassment *may* be subject to *arrest* for violating *A.R.S.* § 13-2810, "Interfering with Judicial Proceedings." A person who has violated an injunction against harassment should, in most circumstances, be physically arrested and booked. If an officer believes that the immediate arrest of a violator should not occur due to unusual extenuating circumstances, the officer must first receive the approval of a supervisor. At no time will an Arizona Traffic Ticket and Complaint be issued in lieu of detention to a suspect for a violation of *A.R.S.* § 12-1809 or *A.R.S.* § 12-1810.

