# COMPARISON OF ORDERS OF PROTECTION<sup>1</sup> Current to 2020

No individual who is listed as a protected person on any order may be liable for: (1) soliciting, requesting, commanding, importuning, or intentionally aiding in the violation of the order; or (2) conspiracy to violate such order.

| Protective Orders and Restraining Orders  |   |  |  |  |
|---|---|--|--|--|
| Type of Order   | How the Order is Made   | How Long the Order Lasts   | Provisions that May Be Included  | Violations   |
| <b>Protective Order (PO)</b><br>(C.G.S. <u>§46b-38c</u> )<br>(C.G.S. <u>§ 54-1k</u> ) | <ul> <li>Issued by a judge in a criminal case, usually at the time of arraignment.</li> <li>There is no cost to the victim.</li> <li>Victim may not want a PO or even know the PO has been issued.</li> <li>Offender, not the victim, is responsible for upholding order.</li> <li>Is a condition of the offender's release.</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Duration of the criminal court case.</li> <li>Until criminal case ends</li> <li>Judge may modify or terminate at any time, without victim knowing.</li> <li>May continue during probation [CGS §53a-28(f)]</li> <li>Check with Protection Order Registry</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Offender not to threaten,<br/>harass, assault, molest,<br/>sexually assault or attack the<br/>protected person<br/>(partial/limited order).</li> <li>Offender must stay away from<br/>the protected person's home<br/>(full/ residential stay-away<br/>order).</li> <li>Offender to have NO<br/>CONTACT with victim.</li> <li>Offender to remain 100 yards<br/>away from victim.</li> <li>Offer may extend to victim's<br/>minor children, but will<br/>usually not include custody<br/>orders. May include animals.</li> <li>Any other orders the court<br/>deems necessary to protect the<br/>safety of the victim and<br/>dependent children.</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Criminal Violation of a<br/>Protective Order [C.G.S.<br/><u>§53a-223</u>] (D Felony)</li> <li>Unless violation includes<br/>imposing restraint on a<br/>person or their liberty,<br/>threatening, harassing,<br/>assault, sex assault,<br/>molestation, or attack of a<br/>victim (C Felony).</li> <li>Arrest for all other crimes<br/>for which there is probable<br/>cause (e.g., criminal<br/>trespass, harassment,<br/>threatening, burglary,<br/>assault, intimidating a<br/>witness, etc.).</li> <li>Criminal Trespass 1<sup>st</sup> [CGS<br/>§<u>53a-107</u>] if in violation of<br/>PO.</li> </ul> |

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The orders outlined in this chart are not mutually exclusive. A family violence victim could have more than one valid order from the same category or more than one valid order from multiple categories in effect at the same time (i.e. two protective orders, a protective order and a restraining order, etc.). Law enforcement must enforce the strictest provisions of any and all valid orders.

| Restraining Order<br>(RO)<br>(C.G.S. <u>\$46b-15</u> )<br>Includes Ex-Parte order | <ul> <li>Victim files an<br/>"Application for Relief<br/>from Abuse" in the<br/>Family Division of<br/>Superior Court (civil<br/>court).</li> <li>Ex-parte order may be<br/>granted by judge.<br/>Hearing on order<br/>scheduled within 14<br/>days.</li> <li>Victim must ensure that<br/>offender is "served" with<br/>notice of hearing.</li> <li>Offender, not the victim,<br/>is responsible for<br/>upholding order.</li> <li>There is no cost to the<br/>victim (for filing or<br/>service).</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Ex-parte order lasts until day of hearing, which is within 14 days of date of issuance.</li> <li>7 day hearing if firearms, permit, eligibility certificate disclosure.</li> <li>Marshal/PD service in hand when possible.</li> <li>At hearing, judge can extend the order for 1 year with possible extension beyond 1 year.</li> <li>If victim wants to extend order beyond initial 1 year term, must file a motion at least 12 days prior to expiration.</li> <li>Order will not end prior to the expiration date without the victim being notified.</li> <li>Check with Protection Order Registry.</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Same provisions as in<br/>Protective Orders (above).</li> <li>May include custody orders.</li> <li>May include financial<br/>conditions for spouse<br/>(ex)/dependent children, living<br/>together (i.e. utilities,<br/>insurance, mortgage, rent,<br/>support).</li> <li>No disposal of property,<br/>documents, keys, ID.</li> <li>Must surrender weapons<br/>immediately, but not later than<br/>24 hours after notice.</li> <li>Must surrender<br/>permit/eligibility certificate<br/>within 5 days of notice.</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Criminal Violation of a<br/>Restraining Order (C.G.S.<br/><u>§53a-223b</u>) (D Felony)</li> <li>Unless violation includes,<br/>imposing restraint on a<br/>person or their liberty,<br/>threatening, harassing,<br/>assault, sex assault,<br/>molestation or attack of<br/>victim (C Felony).</li> <li>Arrest for all other crimes<br/>for which there is probable<br/>cause (e.g., criminal<br/>trespass, harassment,<br/>threatening, burglary,<br/>assault, intimidating a<br/>witness, etc.).</li> <li>Criminal Trespass 1<sup>st</sup> [CGS<br/><u>§53a-107</u>] if in violation of<br/>RO.</li> <li>Victim also can file a<br/>Motion for Contempt in<br/>court where order was<br/>issued.</li> <li>Violation of financial<br/>conditions is NOT a<br/>criminal violation; explain<br/>option to file Motion for<br/>Contempt</li> </ul> |
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| Standing Criminal<br>Protective Order<br>(SCPO)<br>(C.G.S. <u>§53a-40e</u> )<br>AKA: Standing Criminal<br>Restraining Order (pre-<br>Oct. 1, 2010)<br>Permanent Protective/<br>Restraining Order | <ul> <li>Issued by a criminal court judge at the time of sentencing.</li> <li>Can only be issued if offender is <u>convicted</u> of:         <ul> <li>Violation of enumerated offenses; or</li> <li>Any crime the court determines to be family violence; or,</li> <li>Any other crime for good cause shown.</li> </ul> </li> <li>No cost to victim.</li> <li>Victim may not want a SCPO or even know the SCPO has been issued.</li> <li>Orders issued pri Oct. 2010 could I indefinitely.</li> <li>Orders issued pri Oct. 2010 could I indefinitely.</li> <li>Orders issued poi 2010 shall remain effect for any dur specified by the or the time of senter.</li> <li>Orders can be more and/or terminated without notice to consent of the vide senter.</li> </ul> | astharass, assault, molest,<br>sexually assault or attack the<br>protected person<br>(partial/limited order).ation> Offender must stay away from<br>the protected person's home<br>(full/residential stay-away<br>order).adified> Offender to have NO<br>CONTACT with victim.  | <ul> <li>Criminal Violation of a<br/>Standing Criminal<br/>Protective Order (C.G.S.<br/><u>§53a-223a</u>) (D Felony)</li> <li>Unless the violation<br/>includes imposing restraint<br/>on a person or their liberty,<br/>threatening, harassing,<br/>assault, sex assault,<br/>molestation, or attack of<br/>victim (C Felony).</li> <li>Arrest for all other crimes<br/>for which there is probable<br/>cause (e.g., criminal<br/>trespass, harassment,<br/>threatening, burglary,<br/>assault, intimidating a<br/>witness, etc.).</li> <li>Criminal Trespass 1<sup>st</sup> [CGS<br/>§53a-107] if in violation of<br/>SCPO.</li> </ul> |
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| Foreign Orders of<br>Protection<br>(C.G.S. <u>§46b-15a</u> )   | <ul> <li>Entitled to enforcement in Connecticut where:         <ul> <li>Issued by courts of: (1) another state; (2) commonwealth, territory or possession; o</li> <li>Presume an order is valid if the content and form The order does NOT have to be a certified copy.</li> <li>May be criminal or civil. Conditions vary by issu</li> <li>Must surrender weapons immediately but not late</li> <li>Must surrender permit/eligibility certificate withi</li> <li>A person may register a foreign order of protection so, and law enforcement cannot refuse to enforce COLLECT, NCIC or the Protection Order Regist</li> </ul> </li> </ul>   | <ul> <li>Criminal Violation of a<br/>Foreign Order of<br/>Protection (C.G.S. <u>§53a-223b</u>) (D Felony)</li> <li>Unless the violation<br/>includes imposing restraint<br/>on a person or their liberty,<br/>threatening, harassing,<br/>assault, sex assault,<br/>molestation, or attack of<br/>victim (C Felony).</li> <li>Arrest for all other crimes<br/>for which there is probable<br/>cause (e.g., criminal</li> </ul> |  |

|  |  | <ul> <li>trespass, harassment,<br/>threatening, burglary,<br/>assault, intimidating a<br/>witness, etc.).</li> <li>Criminal Trespass 1<sup>st</sup> [CGS<br/>§<u>53a-107</u>] if in violation of<br/>FOP.</li> <li>May be federal violation –<br/>contact US Attorney</li> </ul>  |
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| <b>Conditions of Release</b><br>( <b>COR</b> )<br>(C.G.S. §§ <u>53a-222a</u> ,<br><u>53a-222a</u> ,<br><u>54-63c</u> , <u>54-63d</u> ) | <ul> <li>A person charged with a family violence crime can be released with non-financial conditions of release<sup>2</sup> by:         <ul> <li>Law enforcement;</li> <li>Bail commissioner; or</li> <li>A judge.</li> </ul> <ul> <li>COR imposed by bail commissioner or law enforcement remain(s) in effect until offender is presented to a judge at arraignment.</li> <li>COR imposed by a judge remain(s) in effect</li> <li>A judge.</li> </ul> </li> <li>COR imposed by a judge remain(s) in effect for the duration of the case or until further order issued;</li> <li>Check File 20;</li> <li>Contact clerk of court in JD/GA where order issued;</li> <li>Contact bail commissioner who released offender;</li> <li>Contact police department who released offender.</li> </ul> <li>Contact offender.</li> <li>Contact offender.</li> <li>Contact offender.</li> <li>Contact police department who released offender.</li> <li>Contact police department who released offender.</li> | <ul> <li>If released on a felony<br/>charge: violation of<br/>conditions of release in the<br/>first degree (C.G.S. <u>\$53a-</u><u>222</u>). (D Felony)</li> <li>Unless violation includes<br/>imposing restraint on a<br/>person or their liberty,<br/>threatening, harassing,<br/>assault, sex assault,<br/>molestation or attack of<br/>victim (C Felony).</li> <li>If released on a<br/>misdemeanor charge:<br/>violation of conditions of<br/>release in the second<br/>degree (C.G.S. <u>\$53a-222a</u>).<br/>(A misdemeanor)</li> <li>Unless violation includes<br/>imposing restraint on a<br/>person or their liberty,<br/>threatening, harassing,<br/>assault, sex assault,</li> </ul> |

 $<sup>^{2}</sup>$  No person shall be released upon the execution of written promise to appear or the execution of a bond without surety if the person is charged with the commission of a family violence crime and in the commission of such crime used or threatened the use of a firearm (C.G.S. § 54-63d).

| Civil Protection Order<br>(CPO)<br>(CGS <u>§46b-16a</u> ) | <ul> <li>Not for DV Cases</li> <li>Issued by civil judge.</li> <li>Victims of stalking, sex assault, sexual abuse.</li> <li>Service by marshal.</li> <li>Hearing within 14 days.</li> </ul>  | <ul> <li>Lasts up to one year.</li> <li>Victim requests order.</li> <li>Cannot have a PO for same incident before CPO.</li> <li>If victim wants to extend beyond one year, must file a motion at least 3 weeks prior to expiration.</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>court.</li> <li>Judge:</li> <li>Any of the above; plus</li> <li>Any non-financial condition<br/>the judge deems appropriate;</li> <li>Compliance with Protective<br/>Order.</li> <li>Offender not to impose<br/>restraint on the person or their<br/>liberty, threaten, harass,<br/>assault, molest, sexually<br/>assault or attack the protected<br/>person.</li> <li>Offender cannot enter dwelling<br/>of protected person.</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>molestation or attack of victim (D Felony).</li> <li>If, in the course of violating a COR, a person commits any other crime (i.e. threatening, intimidating a witness, assault, etc.), that person should be arrested for any other appropriate crime(s).</li> <li>Criminal Violation of a Civil Protective Order (CGS §53a-223c) (D Felony)</li> </ul> |
|---|--|--|--|--|
|   |  | > Other Orders   |  |  |
| Type of Order   | How the Order is Made  | How Long the Order Lasts   | Provisions that May Be Included  | Violations   |
| Family Court Orders                                       | Where custody/divorce<br>actions are pending, the<br>Family Court may issue<br>orders that, while not a<br>restraining order or<br>protection order, will<br>often mirror traditional<br>provisions of those<br>orders of protection, such<br>as: kick out orders and/or | <ul> <li>Family Court orders,<br/>unless they contain an<br/>expiration date, are valid<br/>until further order of the<br/>court.</li> </ul>   | <ul> <li>The victim should have a copy of the relevant order.</li> <li>Such orders may include, but are not limited to: <ul> <li>Exclusive possession of an identified premises;</li> <li>Limitations on when and how one party may contact the other;</li> <li>Stay away orders – from a</li> </ul> </li> </ul>   | <ul> <li>Officers can, in some cases,<br/>make an arrest for the<br/>"behavior" targeted by the<br/>Order, such as an arrest for<br/>trespass, harassment,<br/>custodial interference, etc.</li> </ul>   |

| stay away orders, orders<br>around exclusive          | particular party or location. |  |
|---|-------------------------------|--|
| possession of the home.                               |                               |  |
| While these orders are<br>not technically Orders of   |                               |  |
| Protection, they are valid<br>orders of the court and |                               |  |
| govern the conduct of the relevant parties.           |                               |  |
|   |                               |  |