



10.1.6 Conflict of Interest in Research and Disclosure

Chapter 10 - Ethics, Standards of Conduct, and Relationships with External Entities	Original Effective Date: July 2001
Section: 10.1 Ethics, Standards of Conduct, and Relationships with External Entities	Date Last Reviewed: August 2022
Responsible Entity: Vice President for Research	Date Last Revised: August 2022

I. Purpose

This policy governs the disclosure of individual significant financial interests and the management and reporting of an individual's financial conflict of interest related to their UT Health San Antonio duties and responsibilities and research performed at UT Health San Antonio, an institution of The University of Texas System.

II. Scope

This policy provides requirements for the disclosure of financial interests that comply with the disclosure requirements of federal regulations of the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services (HHS) and the HHS Public Health Service (PHS), but this policy is not limited in application to PHS-funded research. Rather, this policy applies broadly to research performed at the institution, without regard to whether the research has external funding and, if externally funded, regardless of the funding source.

This policy applies in addition to general institutional policies, such as policies on standards of conduct, as well as other policies governing disclosure of activities and financial interests in non-research related activities.

If a specific federal law or regulation provides different requirements than this policy, the more stringent requirement applies.

III. Policy

A. General Principles

UT Health San Antonio is committed to safeguarding the public trust and to complying with all policy and statutory requirements. The following principles, therefore, are among those that underlie UT Health San Antonio's policy on conflicts of interest in research:

1. The primary responsibility of Covered Employees is the accomplishment of the duties and responsibilities assigned to their positions at UT Health San Antonio.

10.1.6 Conflict of Interest in Research and Disclosure

2. External activities such as programs sponsored, funded, directed, or controlled by a foreign government, foreign agency, or foreign institution are prohibited, unless properly and timely disclosed in accordance with this policy. External relationships that enable illicit activities with a foreign government or facilitate the access or exchange of research data or intellectual property with such entities are explicitly prohibited.
3. A Covered Employee should not receive remuneration for the conduct of their research at UT Health San Antonio except through UT Health San Antonio channels (such as salary).
4. A Covered Employee should not conduct research at UT Health San Antonio under circumstances in which a reasonable person would infer that UT Health San Antonio activity could have been distorted by the desire for or expectation of direct or indirect external economic advantage.
5. UT Health San Antonio Researchers, as defined by this policy, must not be precluded from publishing their work by agreements with external sponsors.
6. Graduate students must not be held to non-disclosure of any aspect of their research in their meetings with individuals at UT Health San Antonio (including members of their dissertation advisory committees).
7. UT Health San Antonio facilities, equipment, and personnel should be used only for UT Health San Antonio activities and purposes, as described in the Institutional Handbook of Operating Policies (IHOP) policy [10.1.3, Personal Use of University Resources, Equipment, and Assets](#).
8. A Covered Employee should not participate directly in the negotiation of research agreements, technology license agreements, equipment purchases, or other arrangements between UT Health San Antonio and an organization in which the individual has a Significant Financial Interest.
9. Research on human subjects should receive especially rigorous review and should be subject to a presumption against permitting the participation of any individual holding a Significant Financial Interest without a compelling reason and, when allowed, without an appropriate management plan approved by the Institutional Review Board (IRB).
10. UT Health San Antonio will not accept research funding that is proposed to be sponsored by a small, privately held entity in which the faculty member who would conduct such research has a significant financial interest and/or board seat or other management position unless the faculty member provides a compelling reason that the conduct of such research should be under the direction of that faculty member and such an arrangement is approved by the vice president for research. Faculty who have ownership, managerial, or board relationships with a start-up are required by this policy, and the Board of Regents Rules and Regulations ([Rule 90101: Intellectual Property](#)) to disclose their interest and implement a conflict of interest management plan. Where the start-up forms from UT Health San Antonio

10.1.6 Conflict of Interest in Research and Disclosure

owned, intellectual property, The University of Texas System [Procedure for Managing Conflicts of Interest](#) also applies.

B. Collaborators and Contractors

1. If research is carried out in cooperation with or through a subcontractor, contractor, or collaborator, including a person identified under federal regulations as a “sub-recipient,” this institution must enter into a written agreement with the contracting party that provides legally enforceable terms that establish whether this policy or the financial conflicts of interest policy of the contracting party applies to the researchers of the contracting party.
2. If the policy of the contracting party applies to its researchers, the contracting party must certify that its policy is consistent with the requirements of any applicable federal regulations. If the contracting party cannot so certify, the agreement must state that the researchers are subject to this policy as Covered Employees for disclosing significant financial interests that are related to the researcher’s work at this institution.
3. If the policy of the contracting party applies to its researchers, the agreement must specify the time periods for the contracting party to report identified financial conflicts of interest to this institution. The time periods must be sufficient for this institution to make any reports required by federal regulation.
4. If the policy of this institution applies to the researchers of the contracting party, the agreement must specify the time periods for the researchers to submit a financial interest disclosure statement to this institution. The time periods must be sufficient for this institution to comply with its review, management, and reporting obligations under federal regulation.

C. Education

1. Each Covered Employee must acknowledge annually that the individual is aware of and has read this policy and is aware of the Covered Employee’s responsibilities regarding disclosure of significant financial interests and of applicable federal regulations.
2. A Covered Employee must complete training in regard to this policy and applicable policies, regulations, and laws before engaging in research at the institution and at least once every four years thereafter. A Covered Employee who is new to the institution must complete the training before engaging in research at the institution or provide evidence of having completed the training at another institution of The University of Texas System within the last four years. A Covered Employee must complete the training immediately if the institution finds that the individual is not in compliance with this policy or the individual’s management plan, or if the institution revises this policy in a manner that affects the individual’s duties.

10.1.6 Conflict of Interest in Research and Disclosure

3. The vice president for research (VPR) is responsible for ensuring that appropriate faculty, staff, trainees, and other persons participate in training in regard to this policy and applicable laws.

D. Disclosures of Significant Financial Interests Related to Institutional Responsibilities

1. When to Disclose

- a. A Covered Employee must disclose their financial interest or the financial interests of a Family Member, as defined below in section IV. Definitions, using the UT Health San Antonio approved disclosure system:
 - i. not later than the 30th day of initial employment for those financial interests that represent a conflict of interest in relation to a new Covered Employee's UT Health San Antonio appointment.
 - ii. at least annually, and
 - iii. not later than the 30th day after acquiring a new financial interest that requires disclosure under the "Contents of Disclosure" if the new financial interest creates a conflict of interest.
- b. A Covered Employee who is planning to participate in a PHS-funded research project must disclose financial interests or the financial interests of a Family Member not later than the time of application for PHS-funded research for any financial interests that represent a conflict of interest related to the proposed research and such financial interest has not yet been disclosed.

2. Contents of Disclosure: Significant Financial Interests

- a. The following Outside Activities and financial interests are considered to be significant financial interests and, subject to the exclusions provided by Subsection (b) of this section, a Covered Employee's disclosure statement must include the following information in regard to the Covered Employee and Family Members as required by the "When to Disclose" section above but only in regard to interests that reasonably appear to be related to the individual's Institutional Responsibilities:
 - i. **PAYMENTS RECEIVED FROM OR EQUITY INTEREST IN A PUBLICLY TRADED ENTITY:** The total amount and source of payments received in the preceding twelve months from a publicly traded entity and the value of any equity interest held in the entity on the date of disclosure that, when aggregated, exceed \$5,000, including:
 - (1) as to payments received:
 - (a) salary, and
 - (b) any payment for services other than salary, such as consulting fees, honoraria, or paid authorships; and

10.1.6 Conflict of Interest in Research and Disclosure

- (2) as to equity interest held, any stock, stock options, or other ownership interest or entitlement to such an interest, valued by reference to public prices or other reasonable measures of fair market value.
- ii. **PAYMENTS RECEIVED FROM A NON-PUBLICLY TRADED ENTITY OR EQUITY INTEREST IN A NON-PUBLICLY TRADED ENTITY:** The total amount and source of payments received in the preceding twelve months from an entity that is not publicly traded that, when aggregated exceed \$5,000, including:
 - (1) salary.
 - (2) any payment for services other than salary, such as consulting fees honoraria, or paid authorship; and
 - (3) a description of any equity interest held in an entity that is not publicly traded, including any stock, stock options, or other ownership interests or entitlement to such an interest.
- iii. **INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY AND ROYALTIES**
 - (1) A description of intellectual property rights held and any agreements to share in royalties related to those rights; and
 - (2) The amount and source of royalty income that the Covered Individual or Family Member received or had the right to receive in the preceding twelve months.
- iv. **TRAVEL:** reimbursement or sponsored travel in the preceding twelve months, including the purpose of the trip, the identity of the sponsor/organizer, the destination, the duration, and the value of the travel, if the aggregated value of all payments from the sponsor/organizer (such as salary, consulting fees, honoraria, or paid authorship) exceeds \$5,000.
- v. **GIFT:** the value and source of a single gift that the Covered Employee received in the preceding twelve months that exceeds \$250 in value, or multiple gifts from a single entity that in the aggregate exceed \$250 in value, other than gifts from a Family Member.
- vi. **FIDUCIARY POSITIONS:** a fiduciary position the Covered Employee held in a for-profit or nonprofit entity in the preceding twelve months, including a position as a member of the board of directors, an officer, or other executive or management position, for which the individual received any form of remuneration or reimbursement for expenses, and the name and principal address of the entity.
- vii. **IN-KIND SUPPORT:** all resources made available to a Covered Employee including, but not limited to, resources such as lab space, financial support for lab personnel (e.g., students, postdocs, or visiting scholars working in a researcher's lab at UT Health San Antonio and who are supported by a foreign entity either through salary, stipend, or receipt of living or travel

10.1.6 Conflict of Interest in Research and Disclosure

expenses), high-value scientific materials not freely available for use at UT Health San Antonio or another institution (e.g. biologics, model systems, chemicals, drugs, technology, devices and equipment), and financial support.

viii. **OUTSIDE RESEARCH ACTIVITIES:** all research related positions, employment, scientific appointments, and honorary appointments outside UT Health San Antonio, both domestic and foreign, affiliations with foreign entities or governments, including adjunct visiting or talent programs, regardless of compensation, or the provision of lab space at a non-U.S. institution.

- b. The following interests are not significant financial interests and need not be disclosed on the disclosure statement:
 - i. salary, royalties, or other remuneration paid by UT Health San Antonio to the Covered Employee, if the Covered Employee is currently employed or otherwise appointed by the institution (including salary paid by the Veteran's Administration).
 - ii. income from seminars, lectures, or teaching engagements sponsored by a federal, state, or local government, an institution of higher education as defined by [20 U.S.C. 1001\(a\)](#), an academic teaching hospital, a medical center, or a research institute affiliated with an institution of higher education;
 - iii. income from service on an advisory committee or review panel for a federal, state, or local government, an institution of higher education as defined by [20 U.S.C. 1001\(a\)](#), an academic teaching hospital, a medical center, or a research institute affiliated with an institution of higher education;
 - iv. income from investment vehicles, such as mutual funds or retirement accounts, as long as the Covered Employee does not directly control the investment decisions made in those vehicles; or
 - v. travel reimbursed or sponsored by a federal, state, or local government agency, an institution of higher education as defined by [20 U.S.C. 1001\(a\)](#), an academic teaching hospital, a medical center, or a research institute that is affiliated with an institution of higher education.
- c. In making disclosures under this section, the Covered Employee shall:
 - i. Disclose dollar amounts in rounded, whole dollars.
 - ii. When describing a source, provide the name and principal address for the source, and
 - iii. Distinguish among information pertaining to the Covered Employee and Family Members whose financial interests and activities are also disclosed by the Covered Employee.

10.1.6 Conflict of Interest in Research and Disclosure

- d. The conflict of interest official may request further information about a Covered Employee's travel, including the monetary value of the travel in order to determine whether the travel constitutes a financial conflict of interest.

3. Supporting Documentation Requests

- a. If a Covered Employee discloses payments, intellectual property interests, or royalties, the Covered Employee must provide a copy of any related agreement, contract, offer letter, or other documentation on request of:
 - i. the president of the institution.
 - ii. the conflict of interest official; or
 - iii. any other person or entity with administrative responsibility in regard to reviewing financial interest disclosure statements or approving a related management plan.

E. Conflict of Interest Official; Disclosure Statement Review

1. Conflict of Interest Official

The conflict of interest official for the institution is the VPR. The day-to-day activities of policy compliance will be handled by the director of research administration and quality. The conflict of interest official (or designees) shall perform the duties required by this policy and other duties as assigned by the president. Service as a conflict of interest official is in addition to any other capacities in which the person serves the institution.

2. Disclosure Statement Review; Determination of Financial Conflict of Interest

- a. The conflict of interest official, or designee(s) and the Conflict of Interest Committee will review each financial interest disclosure statement and make two determinations:
 - i. whether a significant financial interest disclosed is related to research in which the Covered Employee is engaged; and
 - ii. if so, whether a research conflict of interest exists.
- b. A significant financial interest is related to research in which the Covered Employee is engaged if the conflict of interest official or their designee(s) reasonably determines that the financial interest appears to be affected by the research or is in an entity whose financial interest appears to be affected by the research.
- c. A financial conflict of interest exists when the conflict of interest official or their designee(s) reasonably determines that a significant financial interest could directly and significantly affect the design, conduct, or reporting of the research.

3. No Expenditure of Funds Prior to Review and Determination

10.1.6 Conflict of Interest in Research and Disclosure

Neither the institution nor a Covered Employee may expend research funds unless the conflict of interest official has determined that no financial conflict of interest exists or that any financial conflict of interest is manageable in accordance with the terms of a management plan that has been adopted and implemented.

4. Cooperation with IRB and IACUC

The conflict of interest official and the appropriate IRB or IACUC shall cooperate in the consideration of whether a Covered Employee has a financial conflict of interest in regard to human subjects' or animal research and in the development and implementation of a management plan for that conflict of interest. The IRB or the IACUC, as applicable, may require additional protections to ensure the safety of human or animal subjects participating in conflicted research.

F. Management of Financial Conflict of Interest

1. Management Required for Financial Conflicts of Interest

- a. If the conflict of interest official determines that a Covered Employee has a financial conflict of interest, the official, in cooperation with the Covered Employee, applicable department chair/dean/VP, the Conflict of Interest Committee, and other appropriate individuals designated by the conflict of interest official, shall develop a management plan. Such management plan is required to govern conflicts of interest that have the potential to adversely affect the protection of human and animal subject participants or the integrity of the research.
- b. If research is ongoing and a new Covered Employee discloses a significant financial interest related to that research or any other Covered Employee discloses a new significant financial interest related to that research, the conflict of interest official shall, not later than the 60th day after the filing of the disclosure statement:
 - i. review the disclosure statement to determine if a financial conflict of interest exists, and
 - ii. if a financial conflict of interest exists, implement an interim management plan, or implement other interim measures to ensure the objectivity of the research.
- c. If the conflict of interest official learns of a significant financial interest that was not timely disclosed or was not timely reviewed, the conflict of interest official shall, not later than the 60th day after learning of the interest:
 - i. determine whether the significant financial interest is a financial conflict of interest; and
 - ii. if a financial conflict of interest exists, implement an interim management plan, or implement other interim measures to ensure the objectivity of the research going forward.

10.1.6 Conflict of Interest in Research and Disclosure

- d. In addition, if a financial conflict of interest was not timely identified or managed, or if a Covered Employee fails to comply with a management plan, the conflict of interest official shall, not later than the 120th day after determining noncompliance:
 - i. complete and document a retrospective review and determination as to whether research conducted during the period of noncompliance was biased in the design, conduct, or reporting of the research; and
 - ii. implement any measures necessary with regard to the Covered Employee's participation in the research between the date that the noncompliance is identified and the date the retrospective review is completed.
 - e. For PHS-covered research projects, the retrospective review shall cover key elements as specified by federal regulations and may result in updating the Financial Conflict of Interest Report described by the "Financial Conflict of Interest Report" section below, notifying the PHS, and submitting a mitigation report as required by federal regulation.
2. Management Plan Design and Agreement
- a. A management plan may impose any condition and prescribe any action necessary to manage a financial conflict of interest, including an action reducing or eliminating the financial conflict of interest, to ensure that the design, conduct, or reporting of the research is free from bias or the appearance of bias. Examples of conditions or actions that may be prescribed include:
 - i. public disclosure of the conflict of interest in presentations and publications.
 - ii. for human subjects' research, direct disclosure of the conflict of interest to research participants.
 - iii. appointment of an independent monitor with authority to take measures to protect the design, conduct, and reporting of research against bias, or the appearance of bias, resulting from the conflict of interest.
 - iv. modification of the research plan.
 - v. change of personnel or personnel responsibilities, or disqualification of personnel from participation in all or a portion of the research.
 - vi. divesture or reduction of the financial interest; or
 - vii. severance of relationships that create an actual or potential financial conflict of interest.
 - b. A management plan must be in the form of a written agreement and must:
 - i. provide that the Covered Employee acknowledges receipt of the plan and understands the requirements of this policy and the required actions and other terms of the plan, including the time frames for required actions, and

10.1.6 Conflict of Interest in Research and Disclosure

- ii. clearly identify each specific person responsible for monitoring compliance with the management plan.

3. Monitoring and Compliance

Each Covered Employee conducting research under a management plan shall comply fully and promptly with the plan, and each person identified in the management plan as having responsibility for monitoring compliance with the plan shall carefully and fully monitor that compliance.

G. Financial Conflict of Interest Information

1. Posting of this Policy

This policy and each update of this policy must be publicly accessible through the internet in the Institutional Handbook of Operating Policies, [Chapter 10](#).

2. Requests for Information Regarding Specific Financial Conflicts of Interest

- a. For each Financial Conflict of Interest that is found to exist by the conflict of interest official, the institution will make the following information available to the public upon request, submitted electronically to COI@uthscsa.edu within five business days, in regard to each Covered Employee who contributes to the scientific development or execution of the research project in a substantive, measurable way, including a Covered Employee who is the project director or principal investigator:

- i. the Covered Employee's name.
- ii. the Covered Employee's title and role with respect to the research.
- iii. the name of the entity in which the significant financial interest is held.
- iv. the nature of the significant financial interest that constitutes a financial conflict of interest; and
- v. the approximate value of the significant financial interest by range or, if the dollar value cannot be determined by reference to public prices or other reasonable measures of fair market value, a statement of that effect.

- b. The approximate dollar value of the significant financial interest shall be provided within the following ranges if it can be determined by reference to public prices or other reasonable measures of fair market value:

- i. \$0 - \$4,999.
- ii. \$5,000 - \$9,999.
- iii. \$10,000 - \$19,000.
- iv. amounts between \$20,000 - \$100,000 by increments of \$20,000; or
- v. amounts above \$100,000 by increments of \$50,000.

H. Certification and Reports to Public Health Service (PHS)

10.1.6 Conflict of Interest in Research and Disclosure

1. Certification and Report Required

Federal regulations require that each application for funding to the PHS include specific certifications and agreements in regard to this policy and financial conflicts of interest. Federal regulations also require that the institution make the reports required by this policy for PHS-funded research.

2. Financial Conflict of Interest Report

Before the expenditure of any funds under a PHS-funded research project, the appropriate institutional officials will make the Financial Conflict of Interest Report to the PHS awarding component in compliance with [42 CFR Part 50, Subpart F, and 45 CFR Part 94](#). In general, those regulations require a Financial Conflict of Interest Report regarding those interests that the institution determines are financial conflicts of interest, including financial conflicts of interest of sub-recipients. The reporting will include specified information sufficient to enable the awarding component to understand the nature and extent of the financial conflict and to assess the appropriateness of the management plan related to the conflict of interest. The federal regulations require reporting within a specified period of financial conflicts of interest identified subsequent to an earlier report and require annual updating of reports regarding previously disclosed financial conflicts of interest.

I. Enforcement

1. Disclosure is a Condition of Employment or Relationship to Institution

- a. Timely, complete, and accurate disclosure of activities and financial interests consistent with this policy is a condition of employment at the institution, and a Covered Employee who does not comply with this policy is subject to discipline, including termination of employment.
- b. For a Covered Employee who is not an employee of the institution, compliance with this policy is a condition of participating with the institution in the capacity that qualifies the person as a Covered Employee. The institution may require the individual to execute a document certifying that the individual knows that compliance with this policy is a condition of participation.

2. Federal Enforcement

- a. Federal regulation, [42 CFR Part 50, Subpart F, and 45 CFR Part 94](#), require the institution to notify the PHS of instances in which the failure of a Covered Employee to comply with this policy or a management plan appears to have biased the design, conduct, or reporting of PHS-funded research. The PHS awarding component may take enforcement action or require the institution to take action appropriate to maintaining objectivity in the research. The institution must make information available to HHS or the PHS awarding component as required by federal regulation.

10.1.6 Conflict of Interest in Research and Disclosure

- b. If HHS determines clinical research funded by PHS to evaluate the safety or effectiveness of a drug, medical device, or treatment has been designed, conducted, or reported by a Covered Employee with a financial conflict of interest that was not managed or reported by the institution as required by federal regulation, the institution will require the Covered Employee involved to disclose the financial conflict of interest in each public presentation of the results of the research and to request an addendum to previously published presentations.

J. Administration of Conflicts Policies; Records

1. Oversight and Authority

The VPR is responsible for overseeing implementation of this policy and may provide additional procedures and supplementary forms, as appropriate, consistent with this policy and applicable sponsor regulations.

2. Records

- a. Records regarding the disclosure of financial interests and the management of a conflict of interest, including financial interest disclosure statements, a reviewing official's determinations, and other records of institutional actions, shall be retained for the longer of at least three years after:
 - i. the date of creation.
 - ii. the date of termination or completion of a research award or contract, or the submission of the final expenditures report, for research identified in a disclosure statement; or
 - iii. the date of final resolution of any investigation, audit, or similar action involving the records.
- b. The institution will provide a centralized repository for financial interest disclosure statements, management plans, and related records.
- c. The conflict of interest official, or another person designated by the president, shall provide the chancellor of The University of Texas System with copies of all guidelines, procedures, and forms used by the institution relating to financial conflicts of interest and shall ensure that the chancellor receives copies of any revised guidelines, procedures, and forms simultaneously with the implementation of the revision.

3. Audits

The institution will provide for regular audits of financial interest disclosure statements to determine individual and institutional compliance with this policy.

IV. Definitions

When used in this document with initial capital letter(s), the following words have the meaning set forth below unless a different meaning is required by context.

10.1.6 Conflict of Interest in Research and Disclosure

Covered Employee – an individual who, regardless of title or position, is responsible for the design, conduct, or reporting of research, including a principal investigator, associate investigator, or project director.

Family Member – (a) a spouse, (b) a dependent child or stepchild, (c) any other person financially dependent on the Covered Employee, (d) and any other person with whom the Covered Employee has joint financial interests such that an objective third party could reasonably conclude that the covered individual’s decisions or other exercise of professional responsibilities at the institution could be influenced by the effect of that action on the person’s financial interest.

A person described by Subsection (c) or (d) is a Family Member without regard to whether a legal or biological family relationship exists with the Covered Employee.

In disclosing financial interests, the interest of any legal entity, including a foundation or a trust that is controlled or directed by the Covered Employee or and Family Members is considered to be the interest of the Covered Employee or Family Member as if the separate legal entity did not exist.

Financial Conflict of Interest – a significant financial interest as provided for above in “Contents of Disclosure: Significant Financial Interests,” that could directly and significantly affect the design, conduct, or reporting of Research.

Institutional Responsibilities – any of the professional responsibilities of a Covered Employee on behalf of the institution, including research, research consultation, teaching, professional practice, institutional committee membership, or service on an institutional panel such as an Institutional Review Board (IRB) or Data and Safety Monitoring Board (DSMB).

Research – any systematic investigation, study, or experiment designed to develop or contribute to generalizable knowledge. The term includes both basic and applied research and product development.

V. Related References

Individuals subject to this policy should also be aware of and in compliance with the following policies.

UT Health San Antonio Institutional Handbook of Operating Policies

[10.1.2 Code of Ethics and Standards of Conduct](#)

[10.1.3 Personal Use of University Resources, Equipment, and Assets](#)

[10.1.4 Giving and Receiving Benefits](#)

[10.1.5 Political Activities](#)

[10.1.8 Conflict of Commitment and Outside Activity](#)

10.1.6 Conflict of Interest in Research and Disclosure

[10.1.9 Conflict of Interest in Procurement Activities](#)

[10.1.11 Guidelines for Interactions Between Clinicians and Researchers with Industry](#)

University of Texas System (UTS) Policies

[UTS175](#), Disclosure of Significant Financial Interests and Management and Reporting of Financial Conflicts of Interest in Research

University of Texas System Board of Regents, Rules, and Regulations

[Rule 30104](#), Conflict of Interest, Conflict of Commitment and Outside Activities

[Rule 60306](#), Use of University Resources

State of Texas Statutes

Texas Government Code [Chapter 572– Personal Financial Disclosure, Standards of Conduct and Conflict of Interest](#)

Texas Education Code, [Section 51.912](#)

10.1.6 Conflict of Interest in Research and Disclosure

Federal Regulations

Public Health Service and the National Science Foundation promoting objectivity in research (effective October 1, 1995) codified at [42 CFR Part 50, Subpart F, and 45 CFR Part 94](#).

[NIH Updated Requirements for Recipients \(NOT-OD-21-073\)](#)

VI. Review and Approval History

- A. The approving authority of this policy is the University Executive Committee.
- B. The review frequency cycle is set for three years following the last review date, a time period that is not mandated by regulatory, accreditation, or other authority.

Effective Date	Action Taken	Approved By	Date Approved
07/2001	Policy Origination		
08/2019	Policy Revision		
08/2022	Policy Revision	Executive Committee	08/19/22