7.1.7 Export Controls

Chapter 7 - Research and Sponsored Programs  
Original Effective Date: December 2013

Section: 7.1 Office of Sponsored Programs  
Date Last Reviewed: May 2022

Responsible Entity: Senior Executive Vice President and Chief Operating Officer  
Date Last Revised: May 2022

I. Purpose

The export of certain technologies, software, and hardware, as well as other commodities, including cash payments is regulated and controlled by federal law for reasons of national security, foreign policy, prevention of the spread of weapons of mass destruction, and for competitive trade reasons.

II. Scope

This policy applies to all employees of the University of Texas Health Science Center at San Antonio.

III. Policy

The University of Texas Health Science Center at San Antonio (UT Health San Antonio) and its employees are required to comply with the laws and implementing regulations issued by the United States (U.S.) government, including the Department of State, through its International Traffic in Arms Regulations (ITAR); the Department of Commerce, through its Export Administration Regulations (EAR); and, the Department of the Treasury, through its Office of Foreign Assets Control (OFAC).

While, with few exceptions, research conducted at UT Health San Antonio is excluded from these regulations under the Fundamental Research Exclusion and is considered to be in the public domain. Research involving specified technologies controlled under the EAR and/or ITAR, or transactions and exchanges with designated countries, individuals and entities, may require UT Health San Antonio to obtain prior approval from the appropriate agency before allowing foreign nationals to participate in controlled research, allowing collaboration with a foreign company, and/or allowing the sharing of research—verbally or in writing—with persons who are not U.S. citizens or permanent residents. The consequences of violating these regulations can be quite severe, ranging from the loss of research funding to monetary penalties and criminal prosecutions for individual who violate these regulations.
The export control regulations affect not only research conducted on campus, but also travel and the shipping of items outside the U.S. Traveling to certain sanctioned countries could require a license from the OFAC. The OFAC prohibits certain transactions and the exchange of goods and services (including money) with certain countries, designated persons, and entities. Multiple lists of denied individuals and parties are maintained and enforced by federal agencies, including the Departments of State, Commerce, and Treasury. Shipping items outside the U.S., as well as traveling with controlled items on an international flight could require a license from these agencies, even if the shipping or traveling is done in the conduct of research.

It is the policy of UT Health San Antonio to comply with the laws and regulations of the U.S., as well as The University of Texas System policies concerning exchange and exports of technology and other goods and services. All UT Health San Antonio employees are responsible for complying with this policy, as well as with any procedures implementing this policy. UT Health San Antonio will provide educational materials and/or training to its employees and offices whose job responsibilities may be affected by the export control regulations.

A. Authority

Through appointment by The University of Texas System, the senior executive Vice president and chief operating officer, has been designated the Empowered Official (EO) for UT Health San Antonio. By appointment of the president, the director, research administration and quality has been appointed as the Export Controls Officer (ECO).

B. Administration of Policy

1. Pursuant to requirements of The University of Texas System, the director, research administration and quality is responsible for institutional compliance with this policy. Administration of the policy is the responsibility of the Office of Sponsored Programs. Each UT Health San Antonio department or administrative unit has the primary responsibility to ensure compliance with this policy.

2. Through the EO, the ECO is authorized under this policy to implement procedures which will provide UT Health San Antonio compliance with applicable laws and regulations, as well as in conformance with The University of Texas System policy. The ECO shall work with the appropriate vice presidents, deans, department heads, directors, the Office of Institutional Compliance and Privacy, and the Office of Legal Affairs to implement procedures that comply with the export control regulations. Areas, offices, or activities that are affected by export compliance include, but are not limited to:

   a. Office of Sponsored Programs;
   b. Office of the Vice President for Research;
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c. Office for Academic, Faculty and Student Affairs;
d. Information Management and Services;
e. Office of International Services;
f. Business Affairs;
g. Office of Technology and Commercialization; and
h. Office of Human Resources.

3. To implement this policy, UT Health San Antonio will adopt an export controls compliance program that documents and disseminates information on roles, responsibilities, and procedures for identification, approval, licensing, and tracking of items or activities subject to the export control laws. The program will also include record-keeping, awareness training, and procedures for self-assessment and monitoring.

4. The administrative unit at UT Health San Antonio that is charged with the responsibility for implementation of this policy and development of related procedures is the Office of Research Administration and Quality and the Office of Sponsored Programs.

C. Export Control Certification

The ability to hire nonimmigrant foreign nationals for certain positions may be restricted or prohibited by export control laws. An Export Control Certification (available from the Office of Sponsored Programs or the Office of International Services) must be completed and signed by the sponsoring department before UT Health San Antonio will sponsor any potential employee for a H-1B or O-1 nonimmigrant visa.

D. Sanctions for Non-Compliance

Failure to comply with the requirements of this policy could result in the individual being subject to remedial or disciplinary action for misconduct, up to and including termination, and could also subject the individual to civil penalties and criminal prosecution.

1. International Traffic in Arms Regulations (ITAR) Penalties
   a. Civil - up to $500,000 per violation, extra compliance measures, debarment, and loss of export privileges.
   b. Criminal - up to $1,000,000 per violation and 10 years imprisonment.

2. Export Administration Regulations (EAR) Penalties
   a. Civil - up to $250,000 per violation or twice the amount of the transaction and loss of export privileges.
   b. Criminal - up to $1,000,000 per violation and 20 years imprisonment.
3. Office of Foreign Assets Control (OFAC) Penalties
   a. Civil - up to $250,000 per violation.
   b. Criminal - refer to the appropriate law enforcement agencies for criminal investigation and/or prosecution. Actions could include license denial/revocation; subject person could be ordered to cease and desist.

IV. Definitions

When used in this document, the following words have the meaning set forth below unless a different meaning is required by context.

EAR (Public Domain) – information is “published” when it becomes generally accessible to the interested public in any form, including but not limited to: publication in periodicals, books, print, electronic, or any other media available for general distribution to any member of the public or to a community of persons interested in the subject matter, such as those in a scientific or engineering discipline either free or at a price that does not exceed the cost of reproduction and distribution; being readily available at libraries open to the public or university libraries; when issued patents or open patent applications are published and available at any governmental patent office; and, when such information is released or publicly discussed at an open conference, meeting, seminar, trade show, or other open gathering.

Employees – all UT Health San Antonio employees, full-time and part-time, including student employees, consultants, visitors, and other using UT Health San Antonio resources.

Export Controls Officer (ECO) – a person who is identified formally at UT Health San Antonio for purposes of institutional compliance with export control regulations.

Empowered Official (EO) – a U.S. citizen who is legally empowered in writing by the University of Texas System to sign export license application or other requests for approval on behalf of UT Health San Antonio.

Fundamental Research – basic or applied research in science and engineering performed or conducted at an accredited institution of higher learning in the U.S. (for ITAR only - the EAR indicates that fundamental research is not determined by location) in which the resulting information is ordinarily published and shared broadly in the scientific community. The ITAE indicates that fundamental research is distinguished from research that results in information that is restricted for proprietary or national security reasons or pursuant to specific U.S. governmental access and dissemination controls. The EAR indicates that fundamental research is distinguished from research that results in information that is restricted for proprietary reasons. In other words, University research is not considered fundamental research if: the University or its researchers accept restrictions on the publication of the results of the project or activity (EAR and ITAR);
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the sponsor requires prior approval before publication of the results of the project (EAR and ITAR); or the research is funded by the U.S. government and specific access and dissemination controls protecting information resulting from the research are applicable (ITAR). Other restrictions, such as foreign national approval or a requirement that no foreign nationals work on a project, could invalidate the fundamental research exclusion.

ITAR (Public Domain) – information that is published and which is generally accessible or available to the public through: sales at newsstands and bookstores; subscriptions that are available without restriction to any individual who desires to obtain or purchase the published information; second class mailing privileges granted to the U.S. government; libraries open to the public or from which the public can obtain documents; patents available at any patent office; unlimited distribution at a conference, meeting, seminar, trade show or exhibition generally accessible to the public in the U.S.; public release (i.e., unlimited distribution) in any form (e.g., not necessarily in published form) after approval by the cognizant U.S. government department or agency; and, fundamental research in science and engineering at accredited institutions of higher learning in the U.S. where the resulting information is ordinarily published and shared broadly in the scientific community.

Resources – all resources owned, leased, or otherwise used by UT Health San Antonio personnel within the scope of research or other institutional duties.

V. Related References

Questions regarding this policy should be directed to the Director, Research Administration and Quality in the Office of the Vice President for Research (VPR), 210-567-8270 or vpr@uthscsa.edu.

UT Health San Antonio, Office of Sponsored Programs, Export Controls website
The University of Texas System (UTS), Policy 173 Export Controls

Department of State - International Traffic in Arms Regulations (ITAR)
Department of Commerce - Bureau of Industry and Security (BIS)
Department of the Treasury - Office of Foreign Assets Control (OFAC)

VI. Review and Approval History

A. The approving authority of this policy is the University Executive Committee.

B. The review frequency cycle is set for three years following the last review date, a time period that is not mandated by regulatory, accreditation, or other authority.
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