



Louisiana Department of Public Safety
Office of Motor Vehicles
**Policy 11.02 Administrative Revocation (Motor Powered
Watercraft)**

Section: 2. Driver's License Laws

Effective Date: 07/01/1986

Revised Date: 09/12/2011

Authority:

[R.S. 32:661\(A\)](#)

[R.S. 32:661.1](#)

To view Louisiana Statutes: <http://www.legis.state.la.us/>

General:

- R.S. 32:661(A) provides that any person who operates a motor vehicle upon the public highways of Louisiana is presumed to have consented to a chemical test (blood, breath or urine) to determine blood alcohol content. The test is administered at the direction of a law enforcement officer having reasonable grounds to believe the arrestee to have been driving or in control of a motor vehicle upon the public highways of Louisiana while under the influence of alcoholic beverages or any abused or illegal controlled dangerous substance as set forth in R.S. 40:964 (Act 338 of the 1987 Regular Session).
- R.S. 32:661.1 provides that any person who operates a motor powered watercraft upon the public navigable waterways of Louisiana is presumed to have consented to a chemical test (blood, breath or urine) to determine blood alcohol content. Said test is administered at the direction of a law enforcement officer having reasonable grounds to believe the arrestee to have been driving or in actual physical control of a motor powered watercraft while under the influence of alcoholic beverages or any abused or illegal controlled dangerous substance as set forth in R.S. 40:976 (Act 661 of the 1989 Regular Session).
- Louisiana RS 32:407, amended in 2008, requires proof of completion of a 30-hour classroom driver education course or a 6-hour pre-licensing course at the time of reinstatement for this violation for any driver who has an Intermediate License, 16 years of age with a 61 restriction. The course completion date must be after the date of violation. The 8-hour behind the wheel training is not required. Once the driver turns 17, however, the course is no longer required for reinstatement. Act 605 does not waive this requirement.